

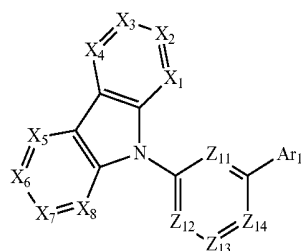


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(19) **United States**(12) **Patent Application Publication**
KIM et al.(10) **Pub. No.: US 2017/0054082 A1**(43) **Pub. Date: Feb. 23, 2017**(54) **CONDENSED-CYCLIC COMPOUND AND
ORGANIC LIGHT EMITTING DEVICE
INCLUDING THE SAME****C07D 401/10** (2006.01)**C07D 405/10** (2006.01)(52) **U.S. CL.**CPC **H01L 51/0072** (2013.01); **C07D 405/10**
(2013.01); **H01L 51/0073** (2013.01); **C09K**
11/025 (2013.01); **C07D 401/10** (2013.01);
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CHUNG, Seoul (KR); **Dalho HUH**,
Suwon-si (KR); **Namheon LEE**,
Yongin-si (KR)(57) **ABSTRACT**

A condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1:

Formula 1

wherein, in Formula 1, Ar₁₁, X₁ to X₈, and Z₁₁ to Z₁₄ are
the same as described in the specification.(21) Appl. No.: **15/093,412**(22) Filed: **Apr. 7, 2016**(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**

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↙

FIG. 1

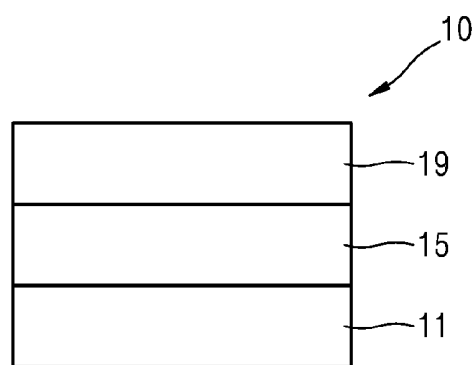


FIG. 2

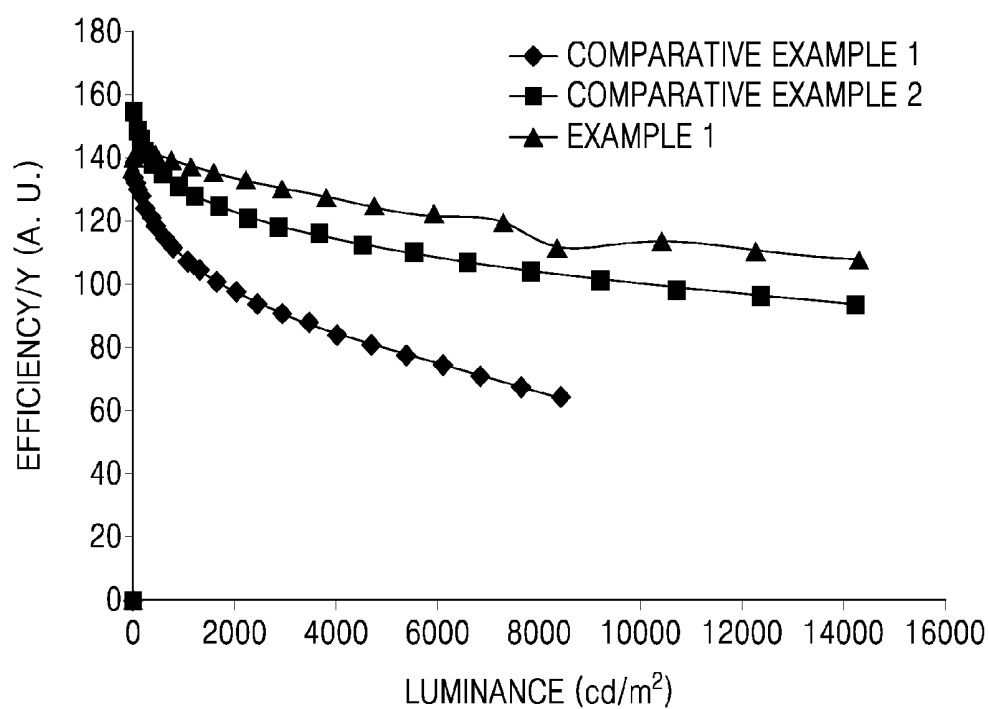


FIG. 3

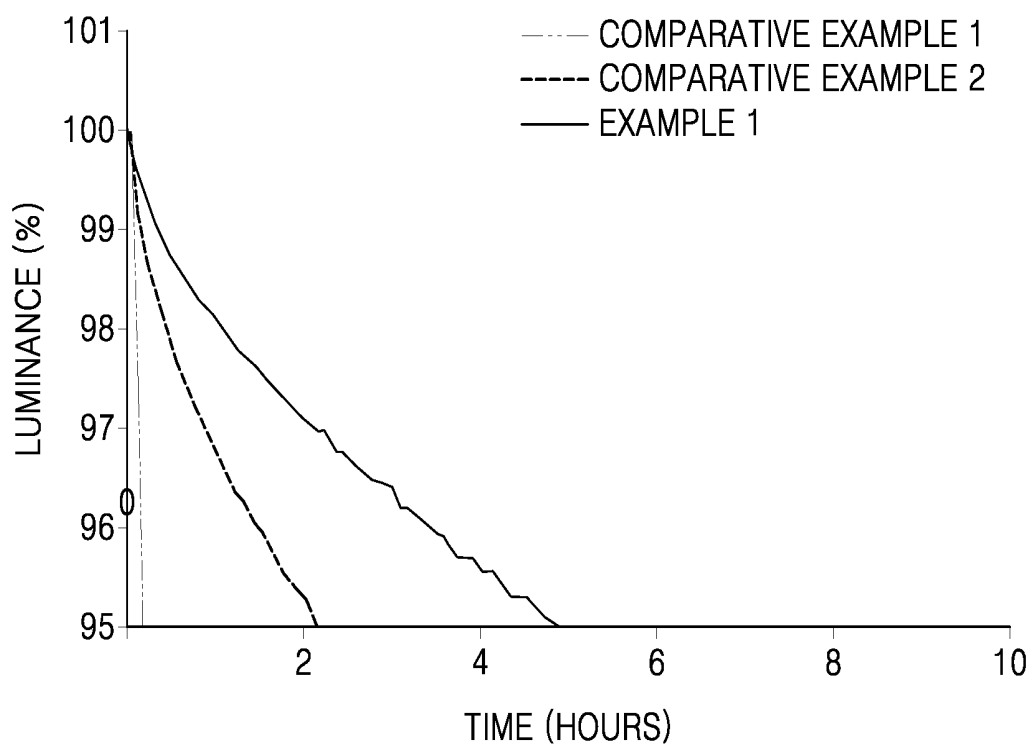
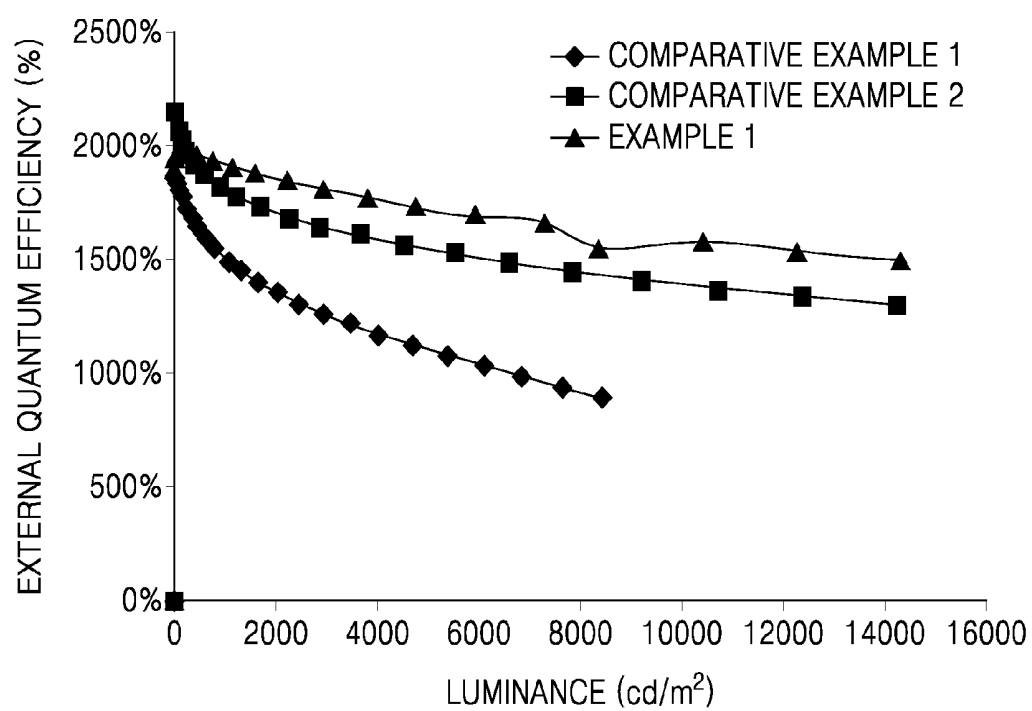


FIG. 4



CONDENSED-CYCLIC COMPOUND AND ORGANIC LIGHT EMITTING DEVICE INCLUDING THE SAME

CROSS-REFERENCE TO RELATED APPLICATION

[0001] This application claims priority to and the benefit of Korean Patent Application No. 10-2015-0117335, filed on Aug. 20, 2015, in the Korean Intellectual Property Office, the content of which is incorporated herein in its entirety by reference.

BACKGROUND

[0002] 1. Field

[0003] The present disclosure relates to a condensed-cyclic compound and an organic light-emitting device including the same.

[0004] 2. Description of the Related Art

[0005] Organic light-emitting devices (OLEDs) are self-emission devices that have wide viewing angles, high contrast ratios, and short response times. In addition, the OLEDs exhibit high luminance, driving voltage, and response speed characteristics, and produce full-color images.

[0006] A typical organic light-emitting device includes an anode, a cathode, and an organic layer that is disposed between the anode and the cathode, wherein the organic layer includes an emission layer. A hole transport region may be between the anode and the emission layer, and an electron transport region may be disposed between the emission layer and the cathode. Holes provided from the anode may move toward the emission layer through the hole transport region, and electrons provided from the cathode may move toward the emission layer through the electron transport region. The holes and the electrons recombine in the emission layer to produce excitons. These excitons change from an excited state to a ground state to thereby generate light.

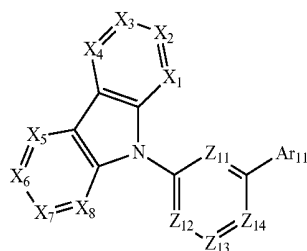
[0007] Different types of organic light emitting devices are known. However, there still remains a need in OLEDs having low driving voltage, high efficiency, high brightness, and long lifespan.

SUMMARY

[0008] Provided are a condensed-cyclic compound and an organic light-emitting device including the same.

[0009] Additional aspects will be set forth in part in the description which follows and, in part, will be apparent from the description, or may be learned by practice of the presented exemplary embodiments.

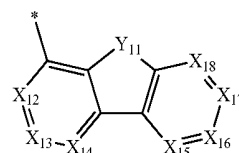
[0010] According to one or more exemplary embodiments, a condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 is provided:



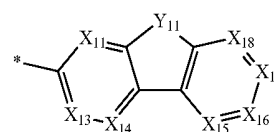
Formula 1

[0011] wherein, in Formula 1,

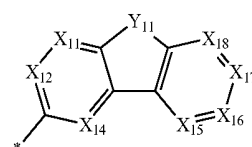
[0012] Ar₁ is represented by one of Formulae 10-1 to 10-4:



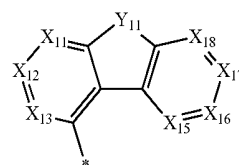
10-1



10-2



10-3



10-4

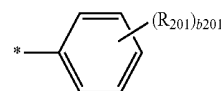
[0013] wherein, in Formulae 1 and 10-1 to 10-4,

[0014] X₁ is N or C(R₁), X₂ is N or C(R₂), X₃ is N or C(R₃), X₄ is N or C(R₄), X₅ is N or C(R₅), X₆ is N or C(R₆), X₇ is N or C(R₇), X₈ is N or C(R₈), X₁₁ is N or C(R₁₁), X₁₂ is N or C(R₁₂), X₁₃ is N or C(R₁₃), X₁₄ is N or C(R₁₄), X₁₅ is N or C(R₁₅), X₁₆ is N or C(R₁₆), X₁₇ is N or C(R₁₇), and X₁₈ is N or C(R₁₈);

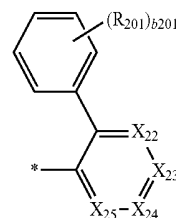
[0015] Y₁₁ is O, S, N(R₁₀₁), C(R₁₀₁)(R₁₀₂), or Si(R₁₀₁)(R₁₀₂);

[0016] Z₁₁ to Z₁₄ are each independently selected from N, C(A₁₁), and C(A₁₂); and at least one of Z₁₁ to Z₁₄ is C(A₁₁); and

[0017] A₁₁ may include at least one cyano group (CN); and A₁ is represented by one of Formulae 2-1 to 2-10:

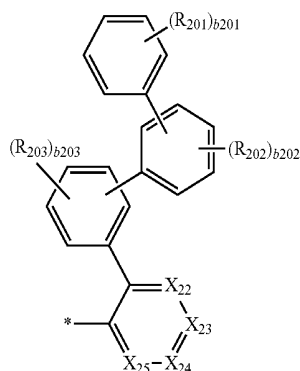
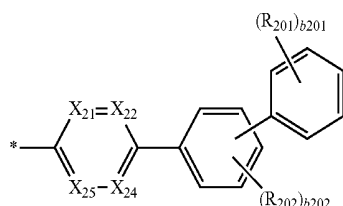
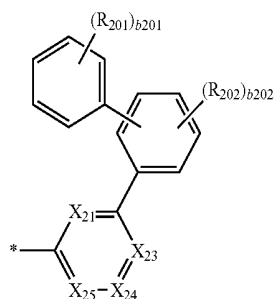
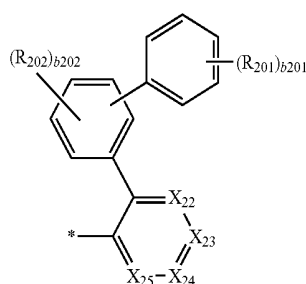
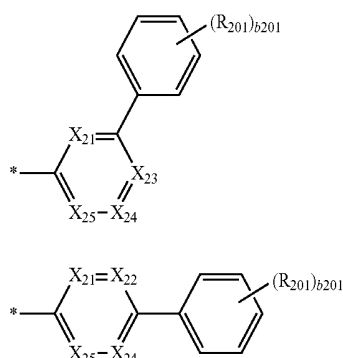


2-1



2-2

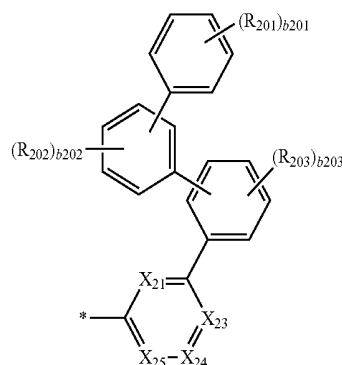
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2-3

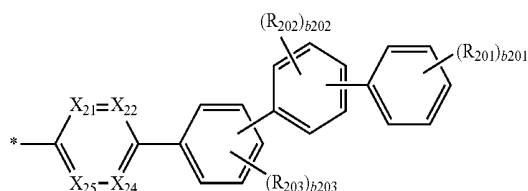
2-9



2-4

2-10

2-5



2-6

2-7

2-8

[0018] wherein, in Formulae 2-1 to 2-10,

[0019] X_{21} is N or C(R_{21}), X_{22} is N or C(R_{22}), X_{23} is N or C(R_{23}), X_{24} is N or C(R_{24}), and X_{25} is N or C(R_{25});[0020] A_{12} , R_1 to R_8 , R_{11} to R_{18} , R_{101} , R_{102} , R_{21} to R_{25} , and R_{201} to R_{203} are each independently selected from[0021] a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group (CN), a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, and a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group;[0022] a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group and a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group (CN), a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, and a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof;

[0023] a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group;

[0024] a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, and —Si(Q_1)(Q_2)(Q_3); and[0025] —Si(Q_{11})(Q_{12})(Q_{13}),

[0026] b201 is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

[0027] b202 and b203 are each independently selected from 1, 2, 3, and 4; and

[0028] * indicates a carbon atom in Formula 1,

[0029] wherein Q_1 to Q_3 and Q_{11} to Q_{13} are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a

pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group.

[0030] According to an aspect of another exemplary embodiment, an organic light-emitting device includes:

[0031] a first electrode;

[0032] a second electrode; and

[0033] an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode,

[0034] wherein the organic layer includes an emission layer and at least one condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0035] These and/or other aspects will become apparent and more readily appreciated from the following description of the exemplary embodiments, taken in conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

[0036] FIG. 1 is a schematic cross-sectional view illustrating an organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment;

[0037] FIG. 2 is a graph of efficiency/y (arbitrary units, a. u.) versus luminance (candelas per square meter, cd/m^2) of organic light-emitting devices manufactured in Example 1 and Comparative Examples 1 and 2;

[0038] FIG. 3 is a graph of luminance (cd/m^2) versus time (hours) of organic light-emitting devices manufactured in Example 1 and Comparative Examples 1 and 2; and

[0039] FIG. 4 is a graph of external quantum efficiency (percent) versus luminance (cd/m^2) of organic light-emitting devices manufactured in Example 1 and Comparative Examples 1 and 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

[0040] Reference will now be made in detail to exemplary embodiments, examples of which are illustrated in the accompanying drawings, wherein like reference numerals refer to like elements throughout. In this regard, the present exemplary embodiments may have different forms and should not be construed as being limited to the descriptions set forth herein. Accordingly, the exemplary embodiments are merely described below, by referring to the figures, to explain aspects of the present inventive concept. As used herein, the term “and/or” includes any and all combinations of one or more of the associated listed items. Expressions such as “at least one of,” when preceding a list of elements, modify the entire list of elements and do not modify the individual elements of the list.

[0041] It will be understood that when an element is referred to as being “on” another element, it can be directly in contact with the other element or intervening elements may be present therebetween. In contrast, when an element is referred to as being “directly on” another element, there are no intervening elements present.

[0042] It will be understood that, although the terms first, second, third etc. may be used herein to describe various elements, components, regions, layers, and/or sections, these elements, components, regions, layers, and/or sections should not be limited by these terms. These terms are only used to distinguish one element, component, region, layer, or section from another element, component, region, layer, or section. Thus, a first element, component, region, layer, or section discussed below could be termed a second element,

component, region, layer, or section without departing from the teachings of the present embodiments.

[0043] The terminology used herein is for the purpose of describing particular embodiments only and is not intended to be limiting. As used herein, the singular forms “a,” “an,” and “the” are intended to include the plural forms as well, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.

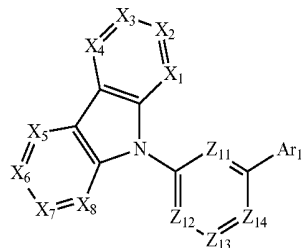
[0044] The term “or” means “and/or.” It will be further understood that the terms “comprises” and/or “comprising,” or “includes” and/or “including” when used in this specification, specify the presence of stated features, regions, integers, steps, operations, elements, and/or components, but do not preclude the presence or addition of one or more other features, regions, integers, steps, operations, elements, components, and/or groups thereof.

[0045] Unless otherwise defined, all terms (including technical and scientific terms) used herein have the same meaning as commonly understood by one of ordinary skill in the art to which this general inventive concept belongs. It will be further understood that terms, such as those defined in commonly used dictionaries, should be interpreted as having a meaning that is consistent with their meaning in the context of the relevant art and the present disclosure, and will not be interpreted in an idealized or overly formal sense unless expressly so defined herein.

[0046] Exemplary embodiments are described herein with reference to cross section illustrations that are schematic illustrations of idealized embodiments. As such, variations from the shapes of the illustrations as a result, for example, of manufacturing techniques and/or tolerances, are to be expected. Thus, embodiments described herein should not be construed as limited to the particular shapes of regions as illustrated herein but are to include deviations in shapes that result, for example, from manufacturing. For example, a region illustrated or described as flat may, typically, have rough and/or nonlinear features. Moreover, sharp angles that are illustrated may be rounded. Thus, the regions illustrated in the figures are schematic in nature and their shapes are not intended to illustrate the precise shape of a region and are not intended to limit the scope of the present claims.

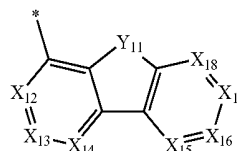
[0047] A condensed-cyclic compound may be represented by Formula 1:

Formula 1

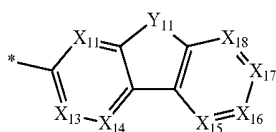


[0048] wherein, in Formula 1, Ar_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 10-1 to 10-4:

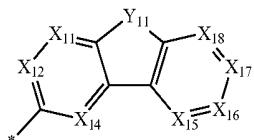
10-1



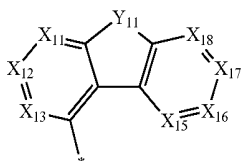
10-2



10-3



10-4



[0057] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1 and 10-1 to 10-4, X_1 may be $C(R_1)$, X_2 may be $C(R_2)$, X_3 may be $C(R_3)$, X_4 may be N , X_5 may be $C(R_5)$, X_6 may be $C(R_6)$, X_7 may be $C(R_7)$, X_8 may be $C(R_8)$, X_{11} may be $C(R_{11})$, X_{12} may be $C(R_{12})$, X_{13} may be $C(R_{13})$, X_{14} may be $C(R_{14})$, X_{15} may be $C(R_{15})$, X_{16} may be $C(R_{16})$, X_{17} may be $C(R_{17})$, and X_{18} may be $C(R_{18})$, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0068] In Formula 1, Z_{11} to Z_{14} may be each independently selected from N, $C(A_{11})$, and $C(A_{12})$; at least one of

Z_{11} to Z_{14} may be $C(A_{11})$; and A_{11} and A_{12} may be understood by referring to descriptions thereof provided herein.

[0069] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, Z_{11} may be N, Z_{12} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{13} may be $C(A_1)$, and Z_{14} may be $C(A_{12})$;

[0070] Z_{11} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{12} may be N, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be $C(A_{12})$;

[0071] Z_{11} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{12} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be N; or

[0072] Z_{11} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{12} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be $C(A_{12})$, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0073] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, Z_{11} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{12} may be $C(A_{12})$, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be $C(A_{12})$, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0074] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, Z_{11} may be N, Z_{12} may be CH, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be CH;

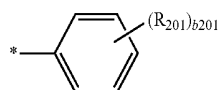
[0075] Z_{11} may be CH, Z_{12} may be N, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be CH;

[0076] Z_{11} may be CH, Z_{12} may be CH, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be N; or

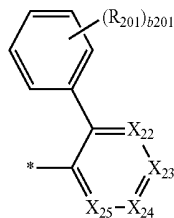
[0077] Z_{11} may be CH, Z_{12} may be CH, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be CH, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0078] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, Z_{11} may be CH, Z_{12} may be CH, Z_{13} may be $C(A_{11})$, and Z_{14} may be CH, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

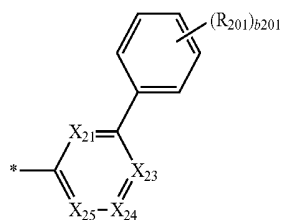
[0079] In Formula 1, A_{11} may include at least one cyano group (CN); and A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 2-1 to 2-10, but embodiments are not limited thereto:



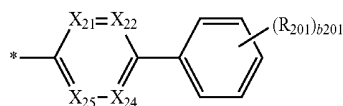
2-1



2-2



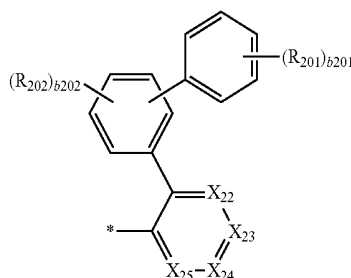
2-3



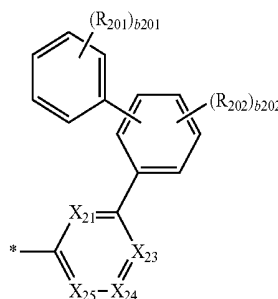
2-4

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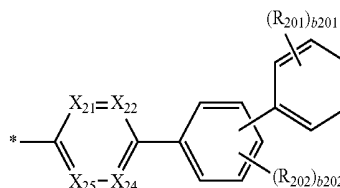
2-5



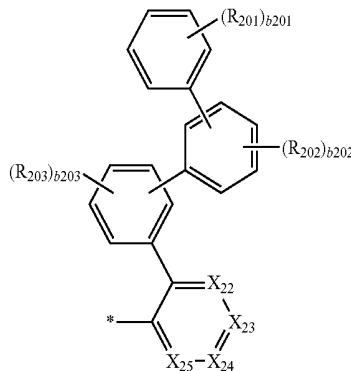
2-6



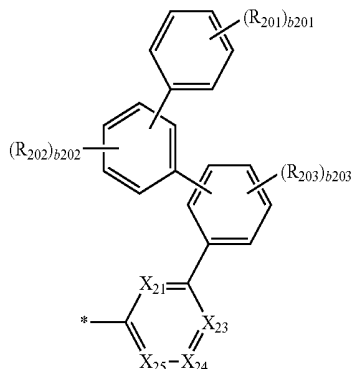
2-7



2-8

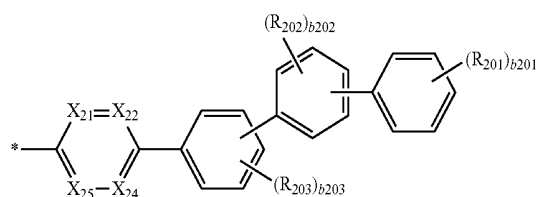


2-9



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2-10



[0080] wherein, in Formulae 2-1 to 2-10,

[0081] X_{21} may be N or C(R_{21}), X_{22} may be N or C(R_{22}), X_{23} may be N or C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be N or C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be N or C(R_{25}); and

[0082] R_{21} to R_{25} , R_{201} to R_{203} , and b201 to b203 may be understood by referring to descriptions thereof provided herein.

[0083] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 2-1 to 2-7, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0084] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 2-2, 2-5, and 2-8,

[0085] wherein, in Formula 2-2, 2-5 and 2-8,

[0086] X_{22} may be N, X_{23} may be C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be C(R_{25});

[0087] X_{22} may be C(R_{22}), X_{23} may be N, X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be C(R_{25});

[0088] X_{22} may be C(R_{22}), X_{23} may be C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be N, and X_{25} may be C(R_{25}); or

[0089] X_{22} may be C(R_{22}), X_{23} may be C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be N, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0090] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_1 may be represented by one of Formulae 2-3, 2-6, and 2-9,

[0091] wherein, in Formula 2-3, 2-6 and 2-9,

[0092] X_{21} may be N, X_{23} may be C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be C(R_{25});

[0093] X_{21} may be C(R_{21}), X_{23} may be N, X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be C(R_{25});

[0094] X_{21} may be C(R_{21}), X_{23} may be C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be N, and X_{25} may be C(R_{25}); or

[0095] X_{21} may be C(R_{21}), X_{23} may be C(R_{23}), X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be N, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0096] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 2-4, 2-7, and 2-10,

[0097] wherein, in Formula 2-4, 2-7 and 2-10,

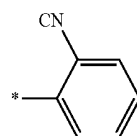
[0098] X_{21} may be N, X_{22} may be C(R_{22}), X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be C(R_{25});

[0099] X_{21} may be C(R_{21}), X_{22} may be N, X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be C(R_{25});

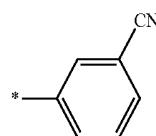
[0100] X_{21} may be C(R_{21}), X_{22} may be C(R_{22}), X_{24} may be N, and X_{25} may be C(R_{25}); or

[0101] X_{21} may be C(R_{21}), X_{22} may be C(R_{22}), X_{24} may be C(R_{24}), and X_{25} may be N, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

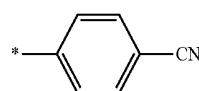
[0102] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 3-1 to 3-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto:



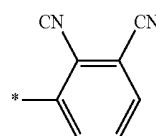
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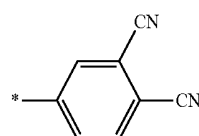
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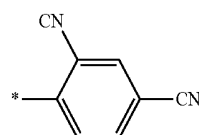
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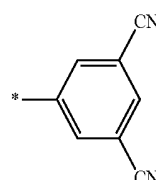
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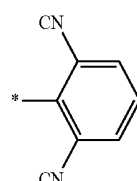
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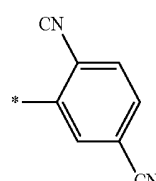
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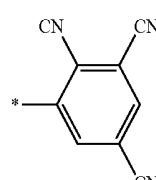
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3-8

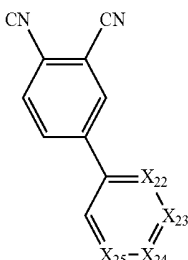
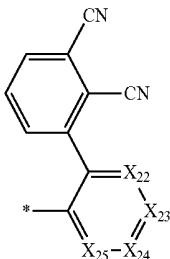
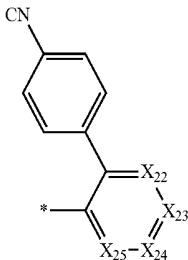
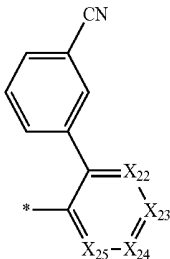
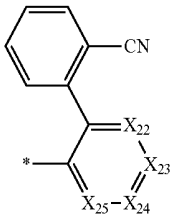
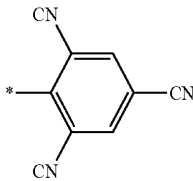


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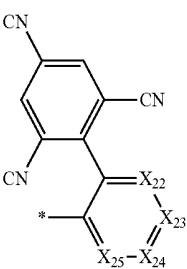
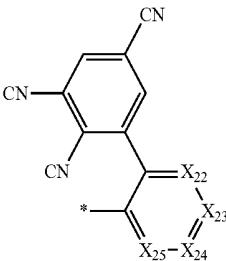
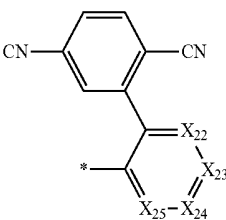
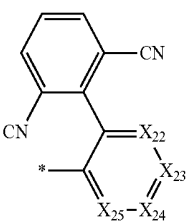
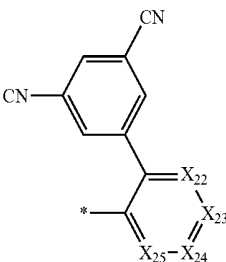
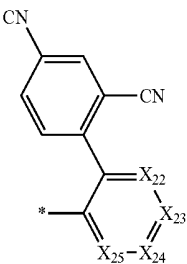


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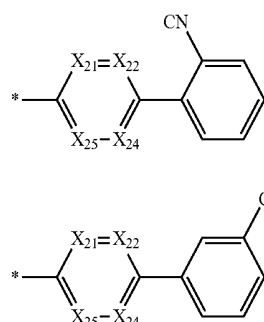
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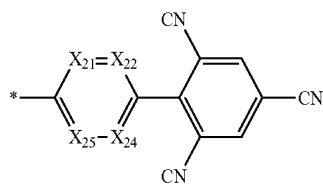
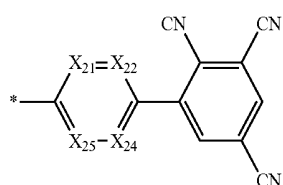
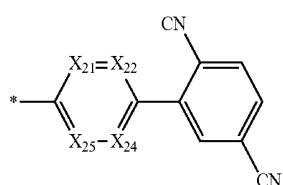
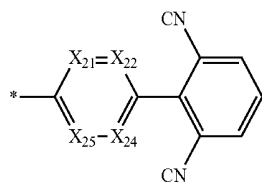
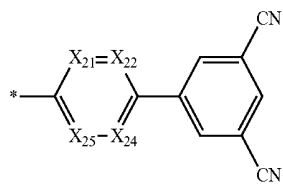
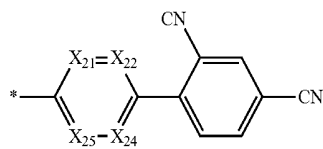
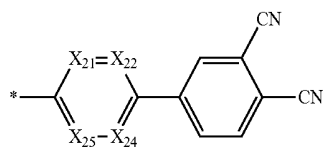
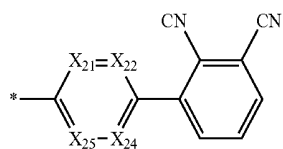
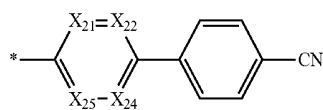
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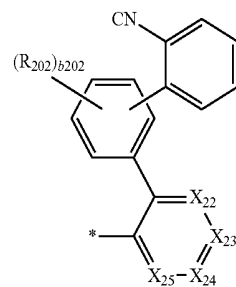


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3-45

3-37

3-38

3-39

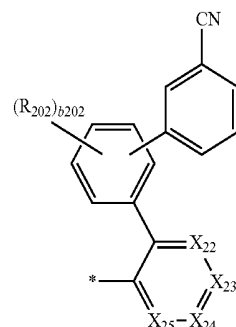
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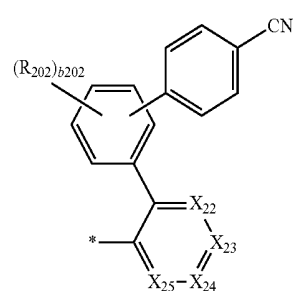
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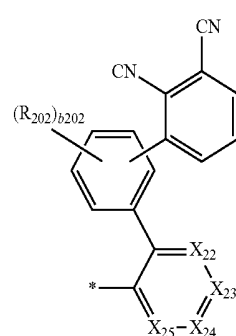
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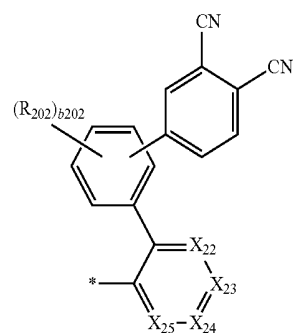
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3-47

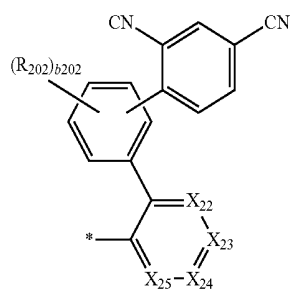


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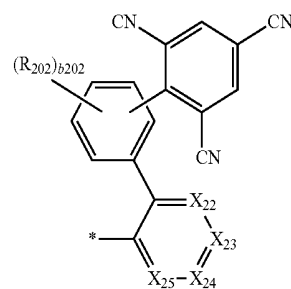
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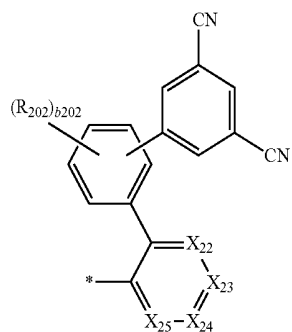


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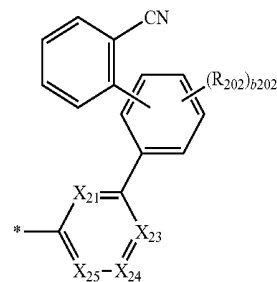
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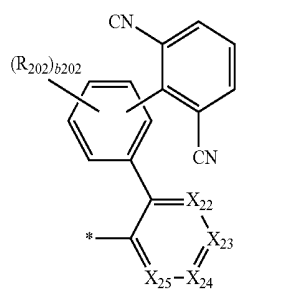
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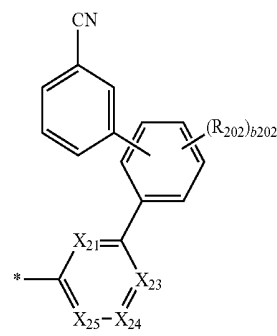
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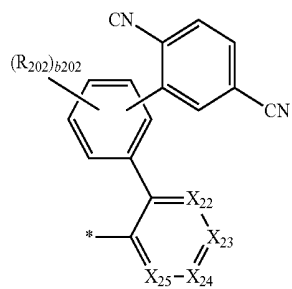
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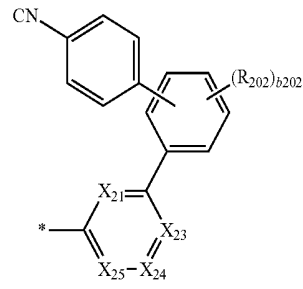
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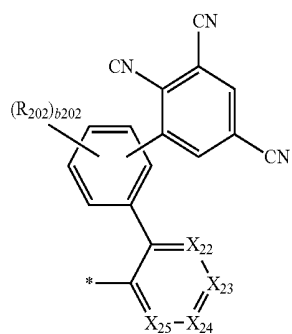
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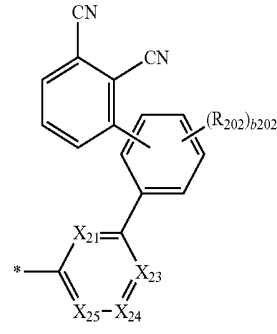
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3-58



3-54

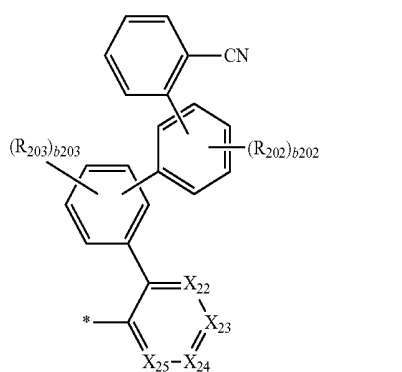
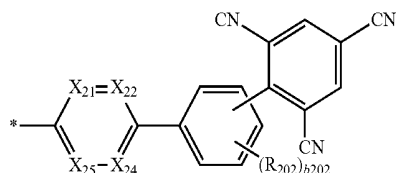
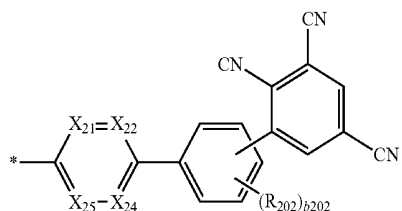
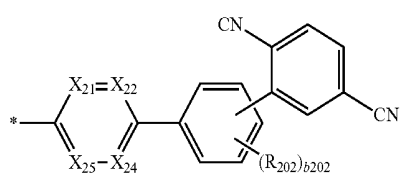
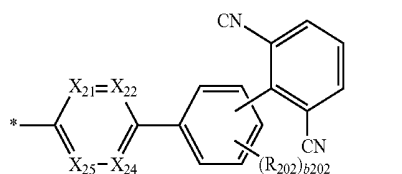
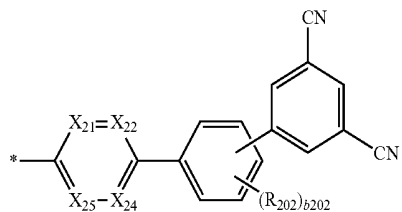
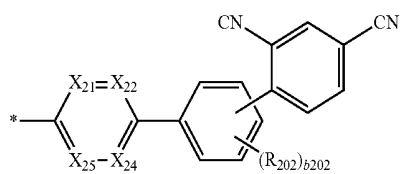


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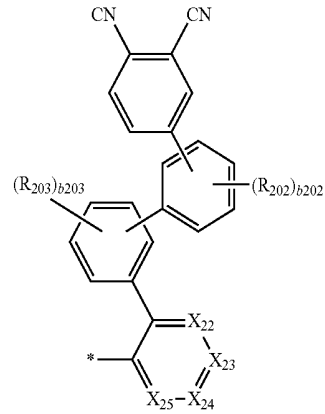
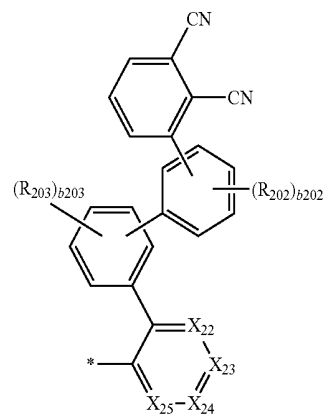
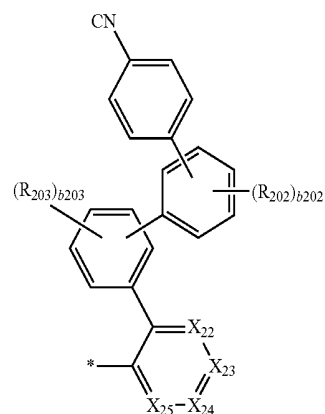
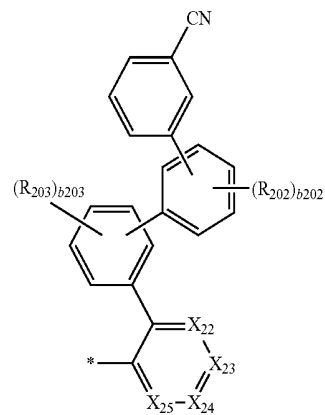
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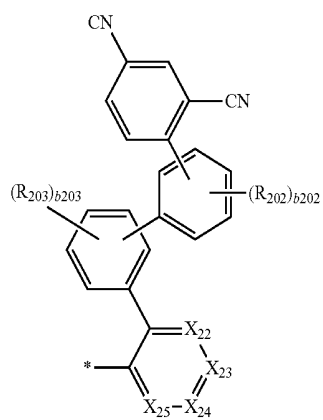
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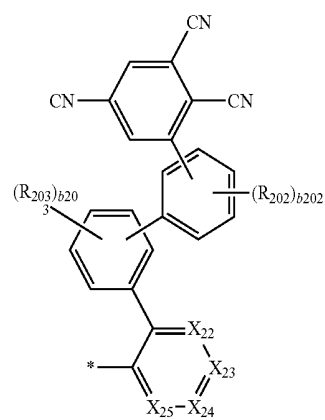


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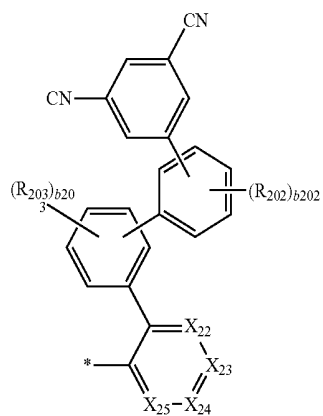


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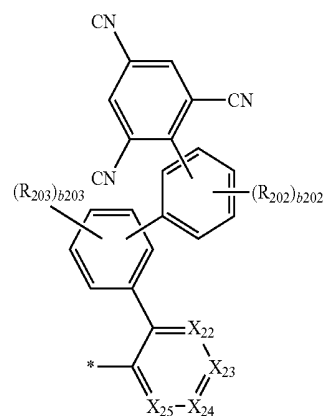
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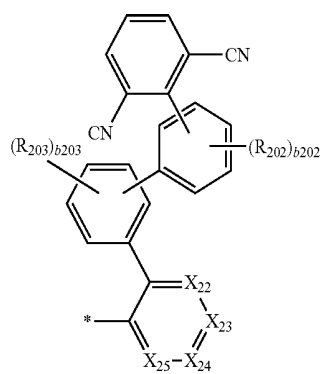
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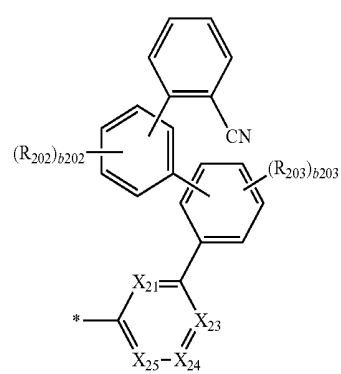
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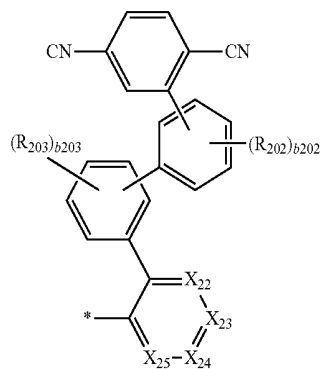
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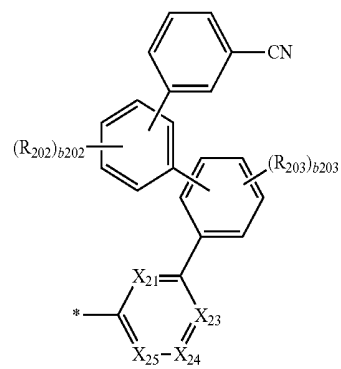
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3-89

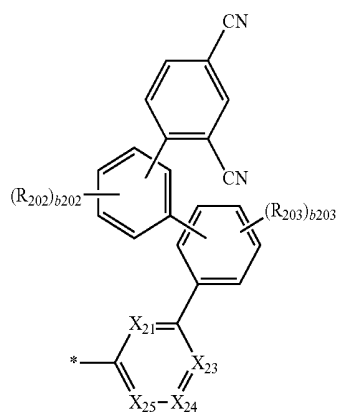
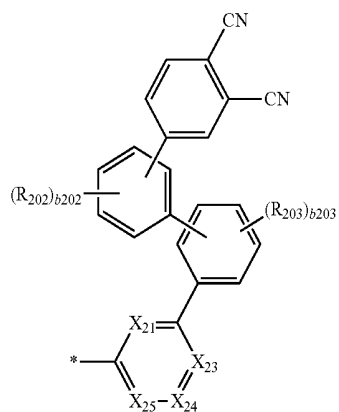
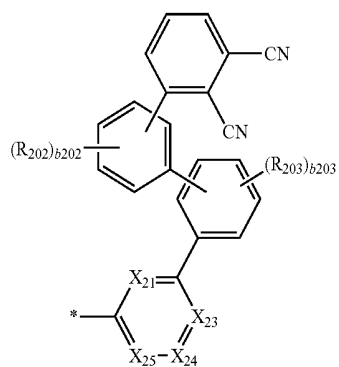
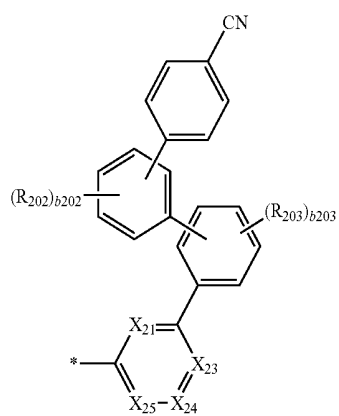


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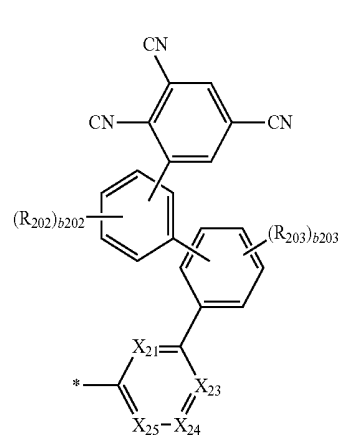
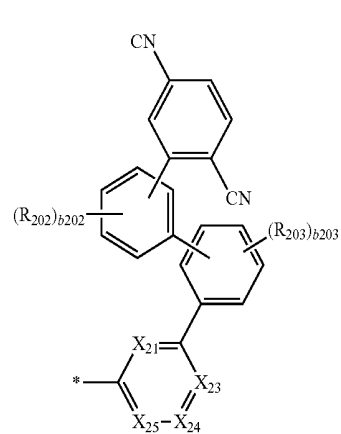
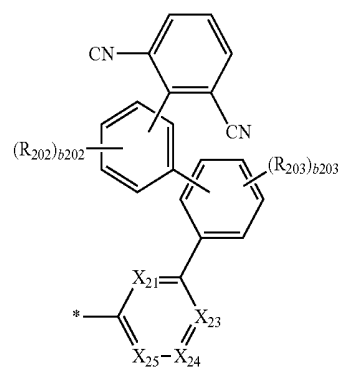
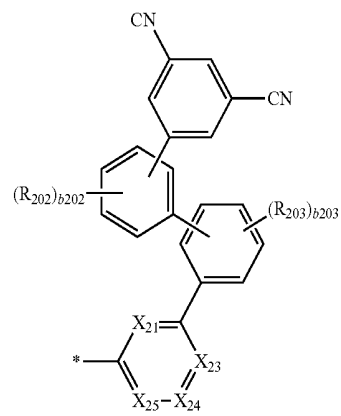


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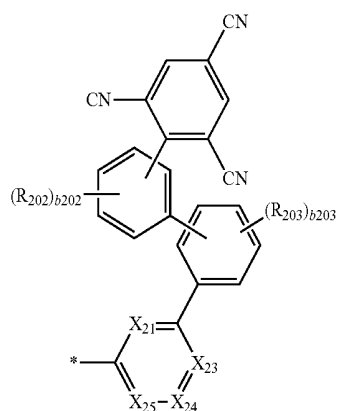
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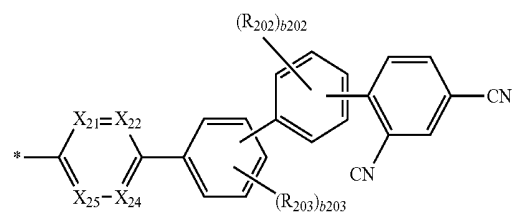


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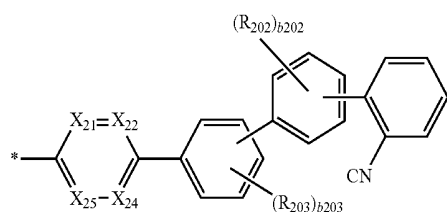
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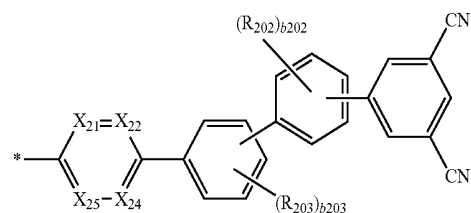


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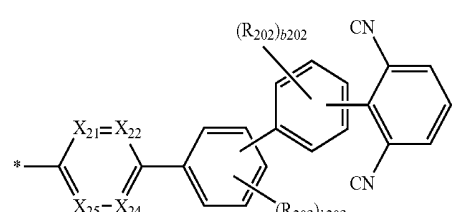
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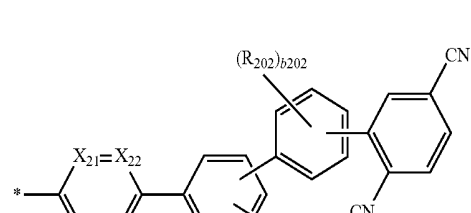
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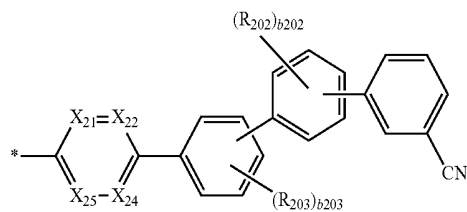
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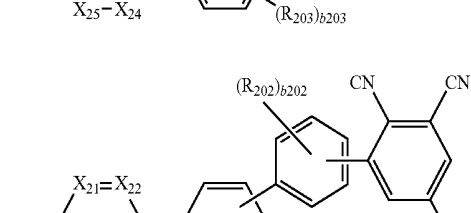
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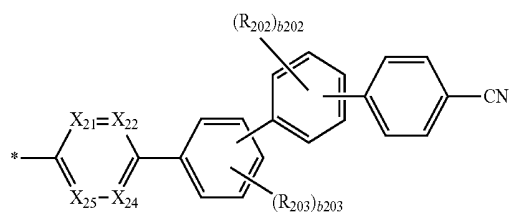
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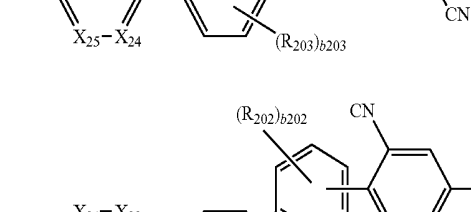
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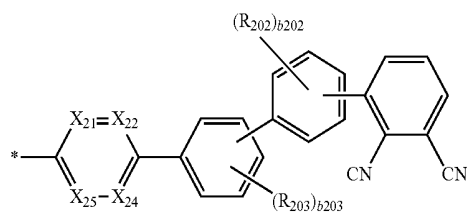
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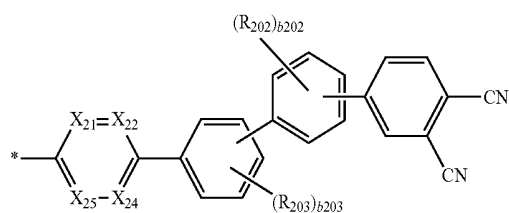
3-103



3-110



3-104



[0103] wherein, in Formulae 3-1 to 3-110,

[0104] * indicates a carbon atom in Formula 1, and

[0105] X₂₁ to X₂₅, R₂₁ to R₂₅, R₂₀₂, R₂₀₃, b202, and b203 may be understood by referring to descriptions thereof provided herein.

[0106] In some embodiments, in Formulae 3-12 to 3-22, 3-45 to 3-55, and 3-78 to 3-88,

[0107] X₂₂ may be N, X₂₃ may be C(R₂₃), X₂₄ may be C(R₂₄), and X₂₅ may be C(R₂₅);

[0108] X_{22} may be $C(R_2)$, X_{23} may be N, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$;

[0109] X_{22} may be $C(R_{22})$, X_{23} may be $C(R_{23})$, X_{24} may be N, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$; or

[0110] X_{22} may be $C(R_{22})$, X_{23} may be $C(R_{23})$, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be N, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0111] In some embodiments, in Formulae 3-23 to 3-33, 3-56 to 3-66, and 3-89 to 3-99,

[0112] X_{21} may be N, X_{23} may be $C(R_{23})$, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$;

[0113] X_{21} may be $C(R_{21})$, X_{23} may be N, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$;

[0114] X_{21} may be $C(R_{21})$, X_{23} may be $C(R_{23})$, X_{24} may be N, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$; or

[0115] X_{21} may be $C(R_{21})$, X_{23} may be $C(R_{23})$, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be N, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0116] In some embodiments, in Formulae 3-34 to 3-44, 3-67 to 3-77, and 3-100 to 3-110,

[0117] X_{21} may be N, X_{22} may be $C(R_{22})$, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$;

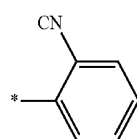
[0118] X_{21} may be $C(R_{21})$, X_{22} may be N, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$;

[0119] X_{21} may be $C(R_{21})$, X_{22} may be $C(R_{22})$, X_{24} may be N, and X_{25} may be $C(R_{25})$; or

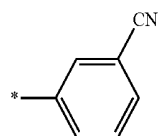
[0120] X_{21} may be $C(R_{21})$, X_{22} may be $C(R_{22})$, X_{24} may be $C(R_{24})$, and X_{25} may be N, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0121] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

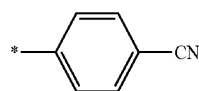
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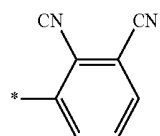
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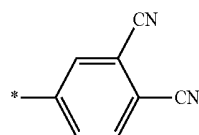
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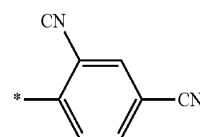
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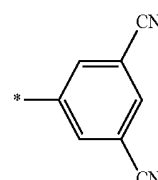
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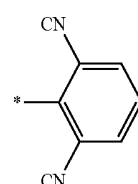
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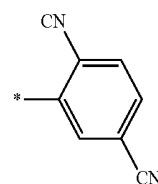
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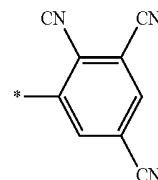
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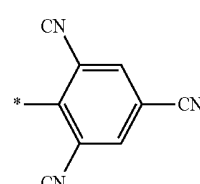
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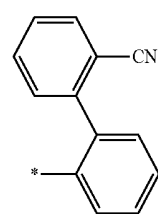
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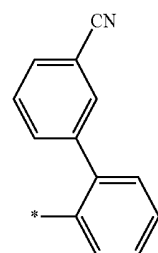
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4-11

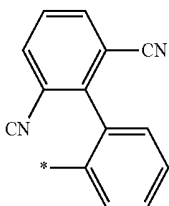
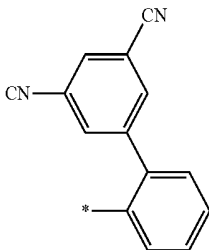
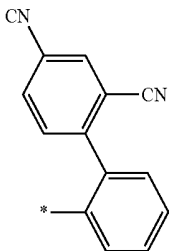
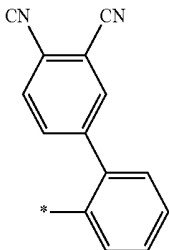
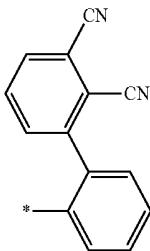
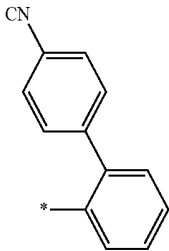


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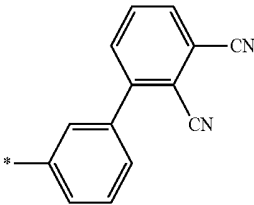
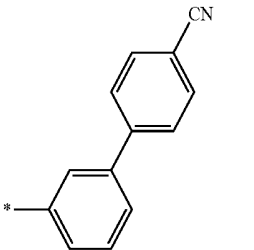
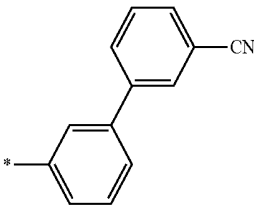
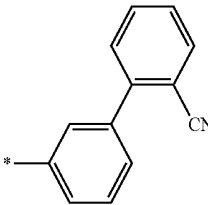
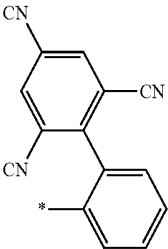
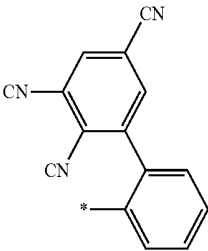
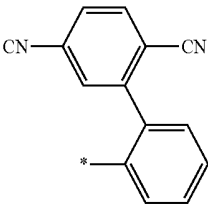


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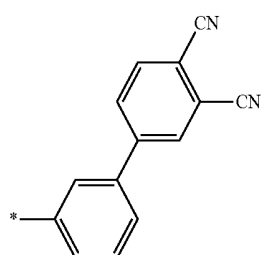
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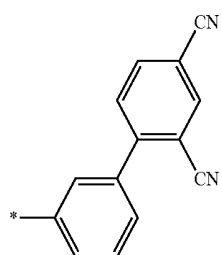
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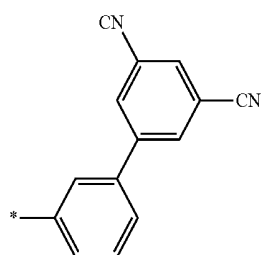
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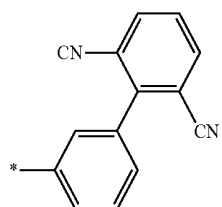
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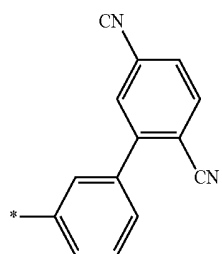
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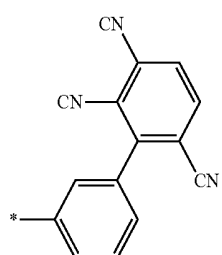
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4-30

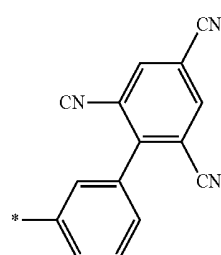


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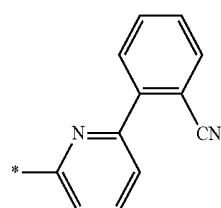


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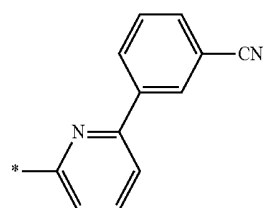
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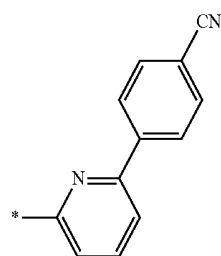
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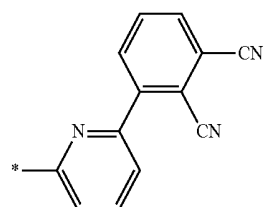
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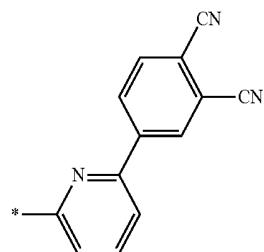
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4-36

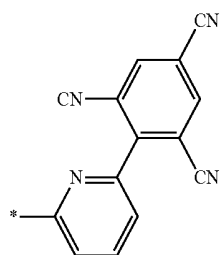
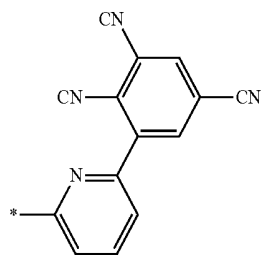
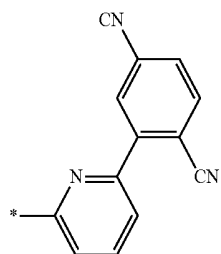
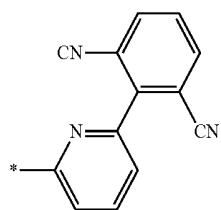
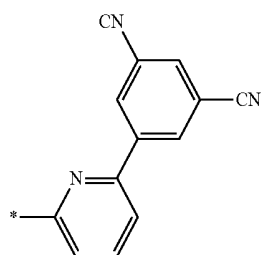
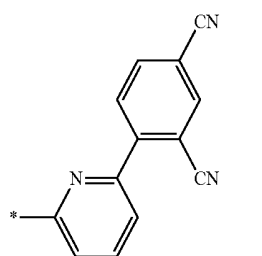


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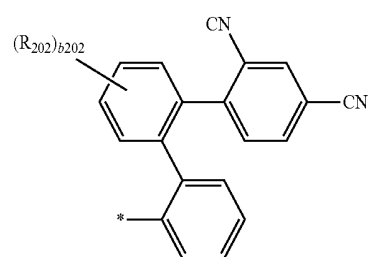
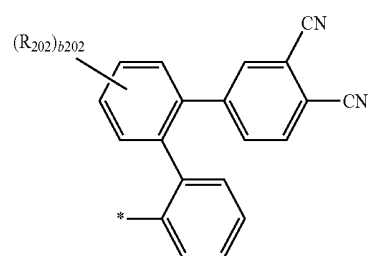
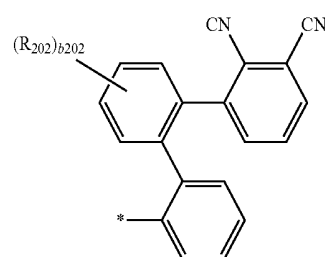
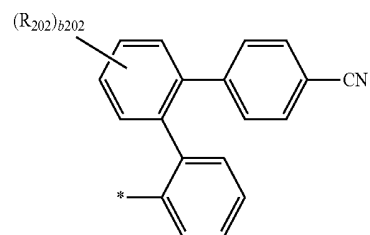
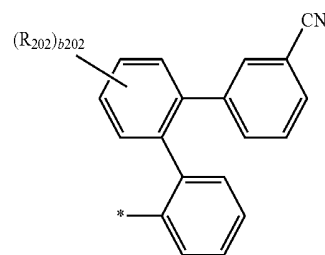
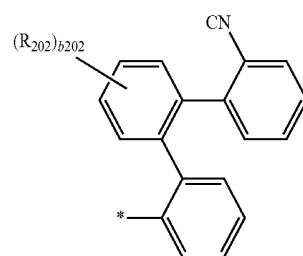


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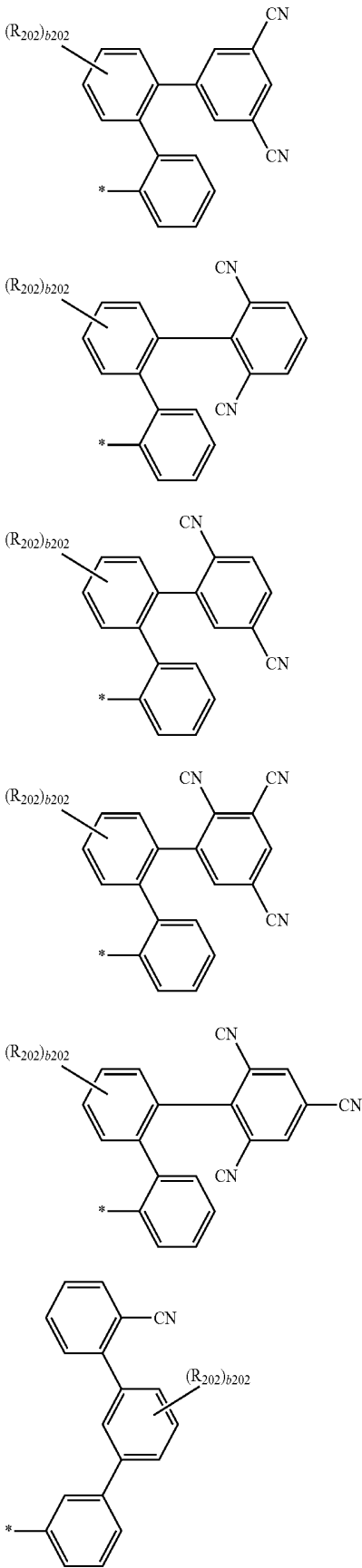
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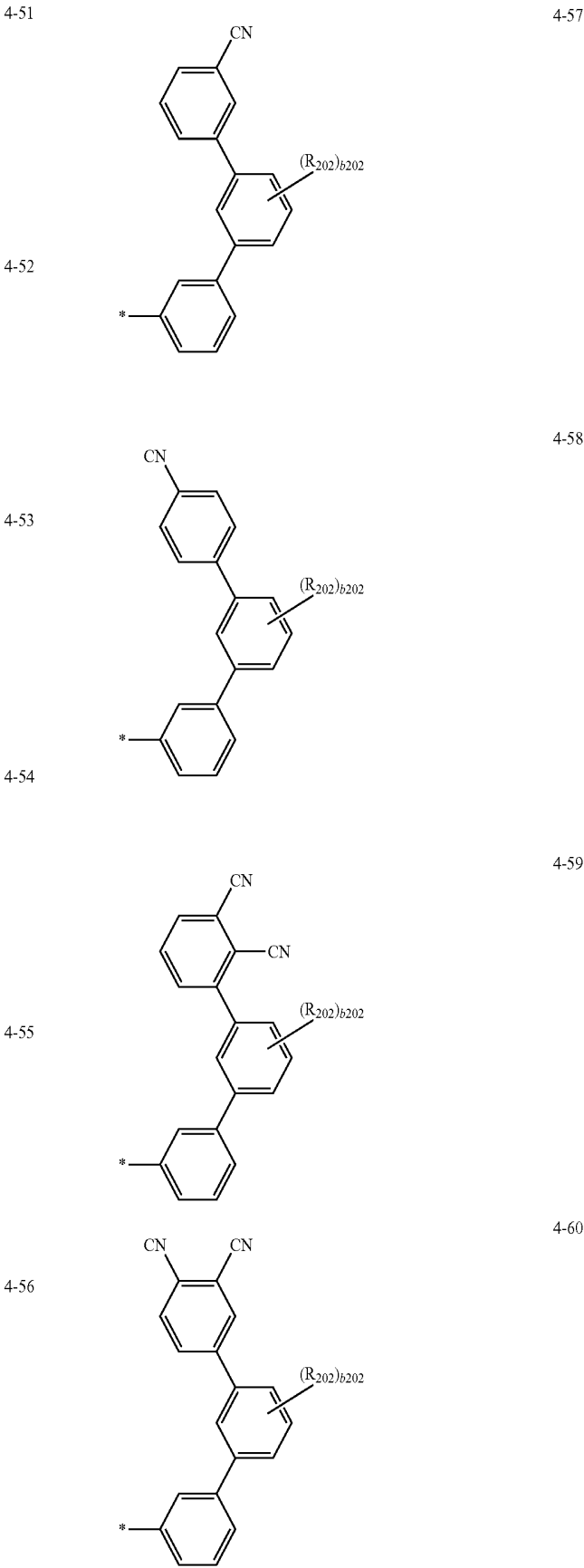
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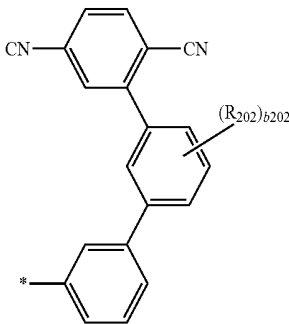
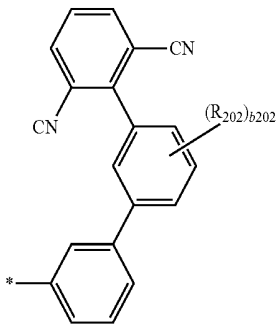
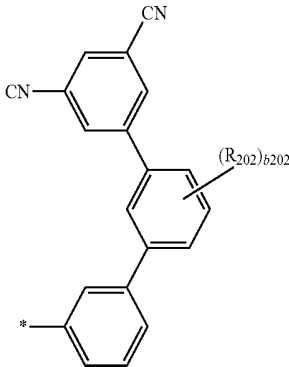
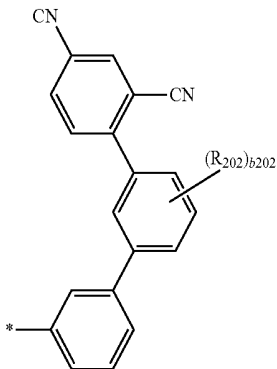
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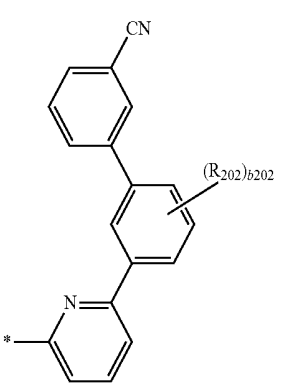
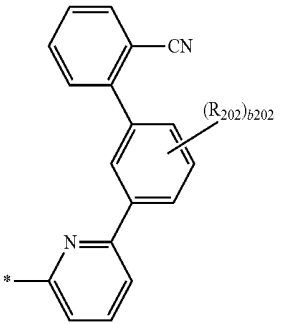
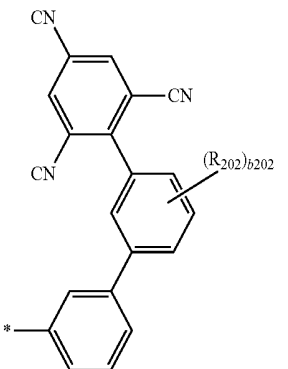
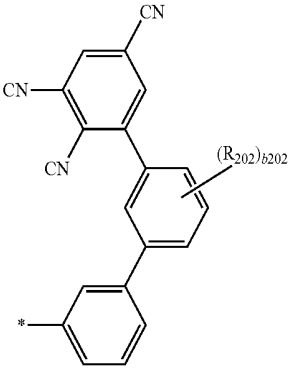
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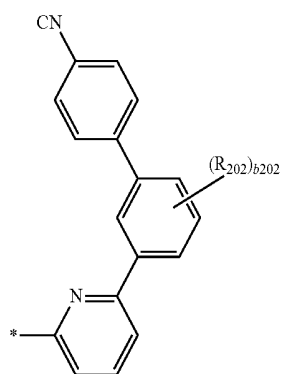
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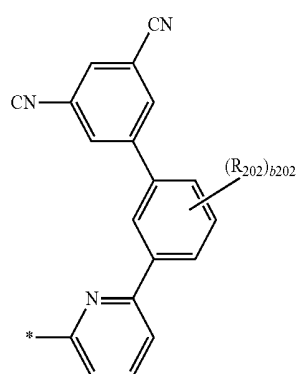


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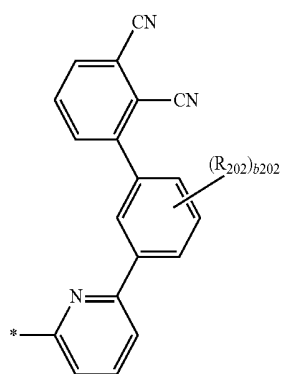


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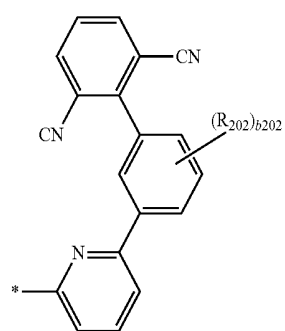
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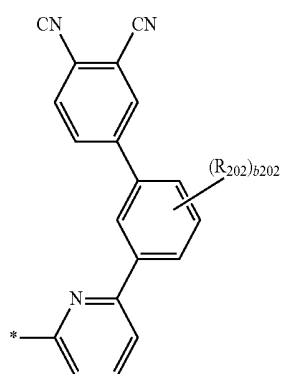
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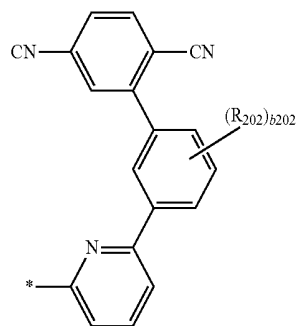
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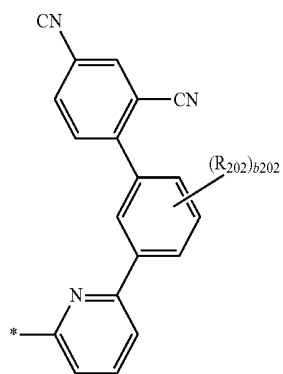
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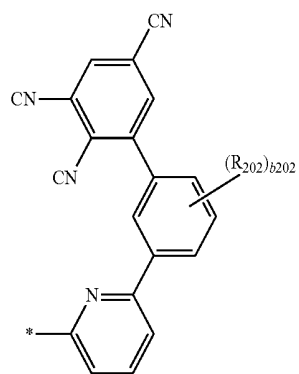
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4-75

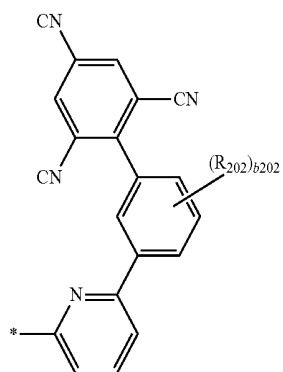


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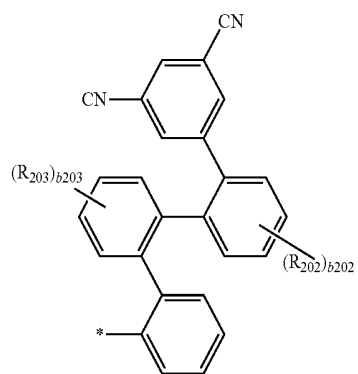
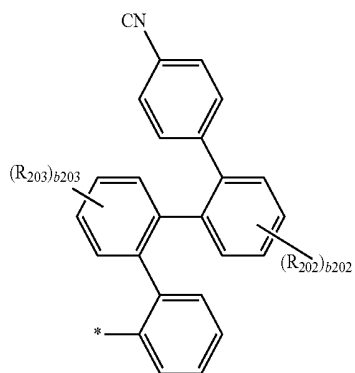
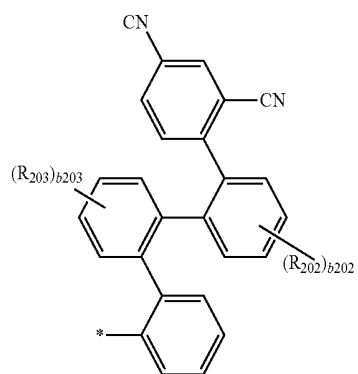
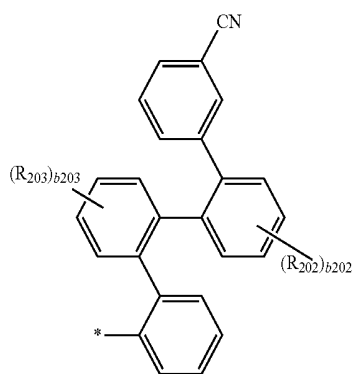
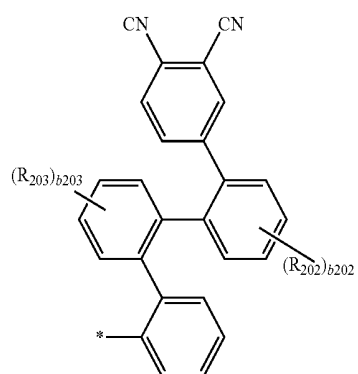
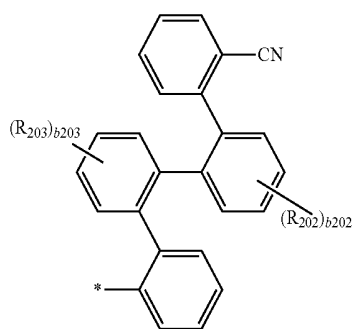
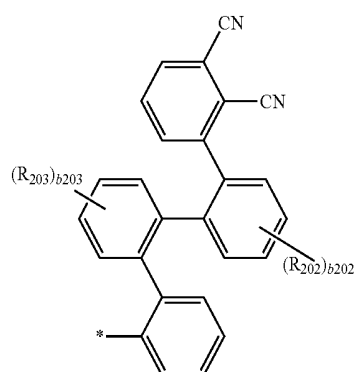


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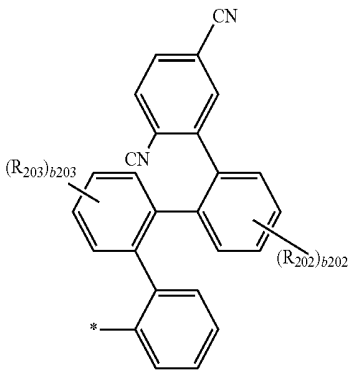
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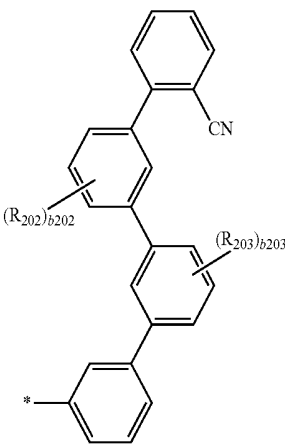


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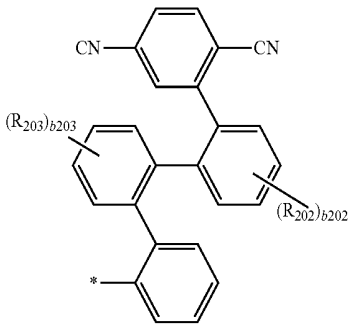


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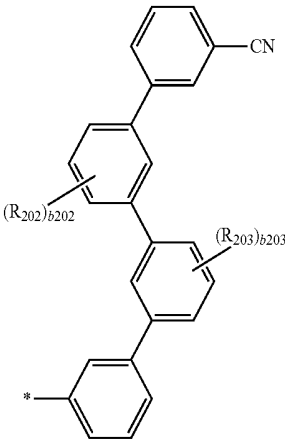
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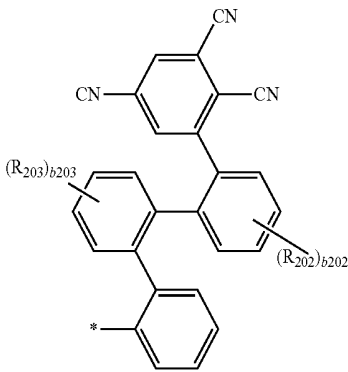
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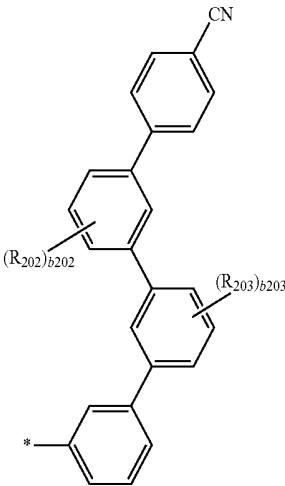
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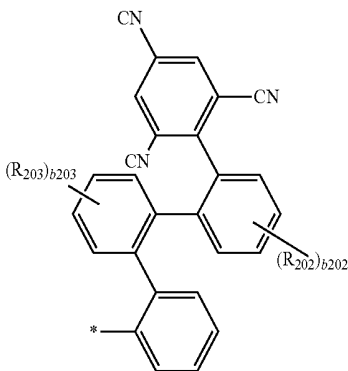
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4-87

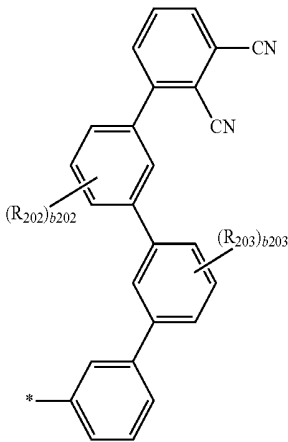


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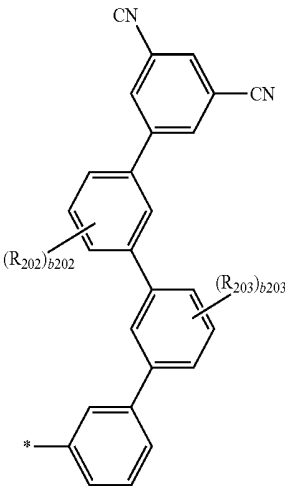
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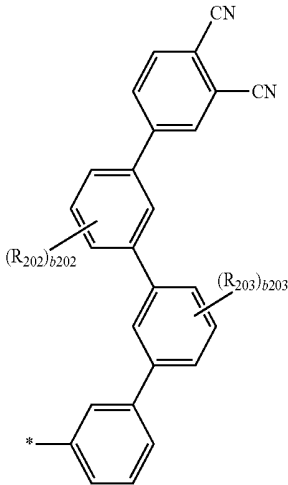
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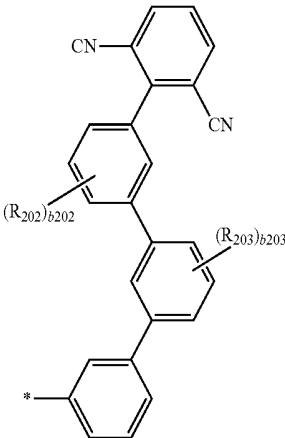


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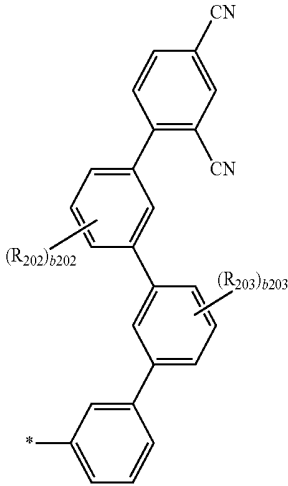
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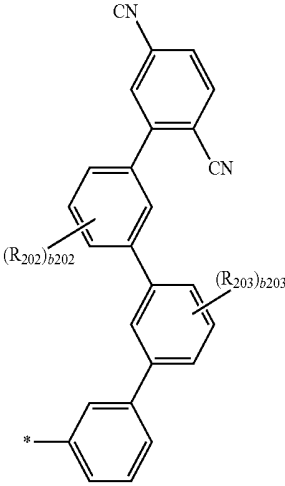
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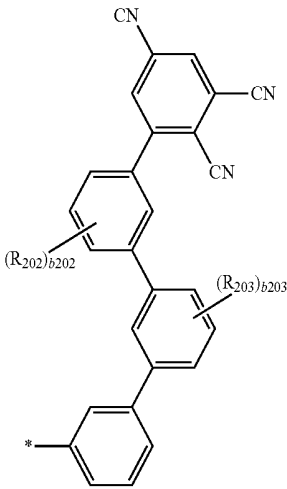
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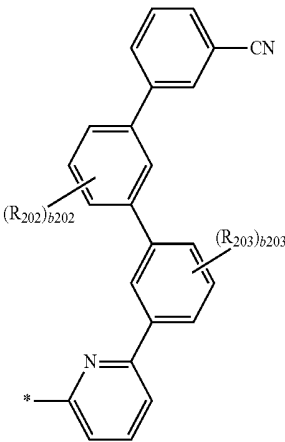


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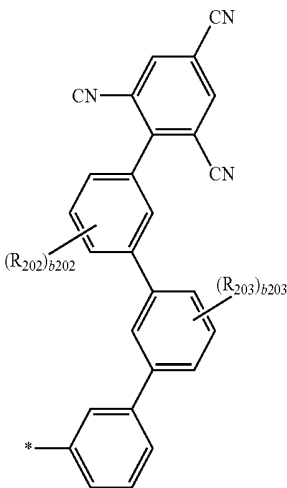


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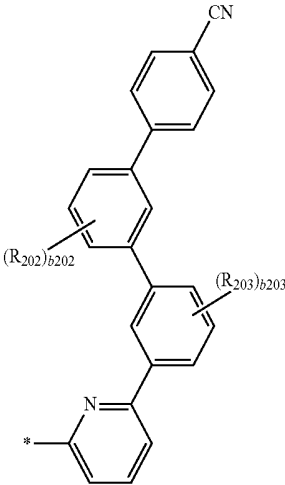
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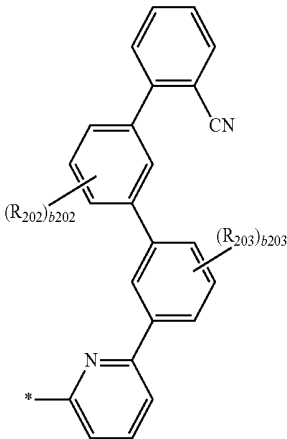
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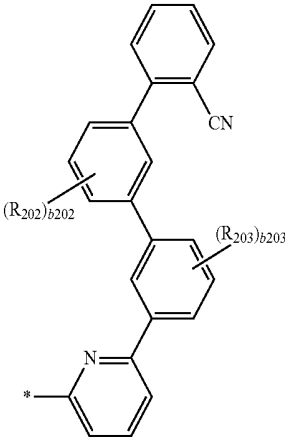
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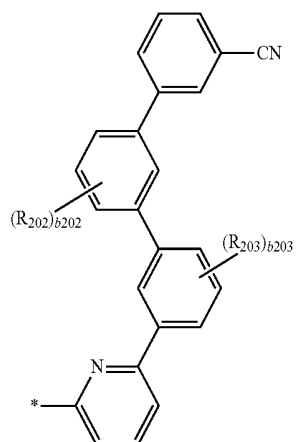


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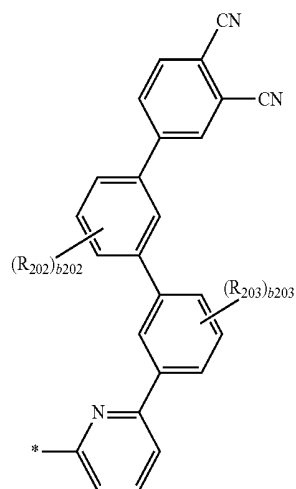
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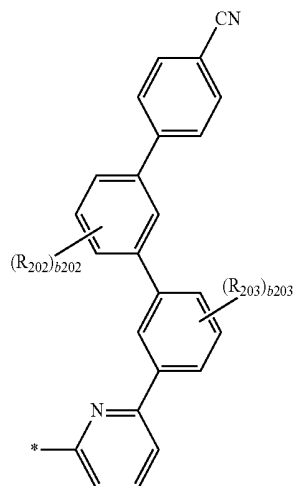
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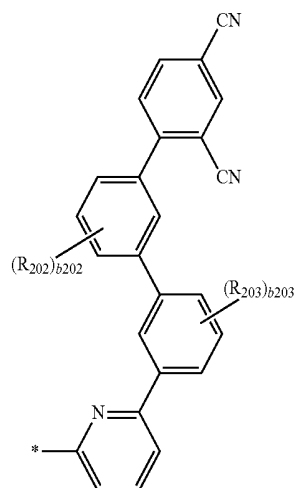


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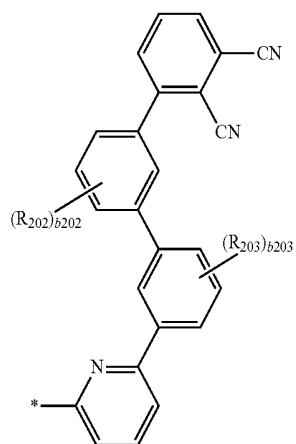
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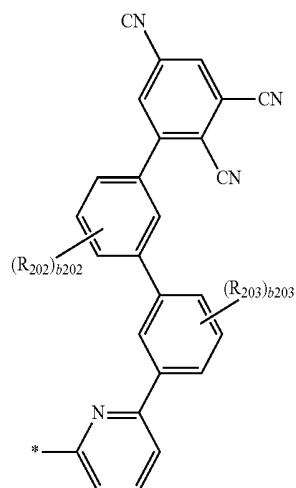
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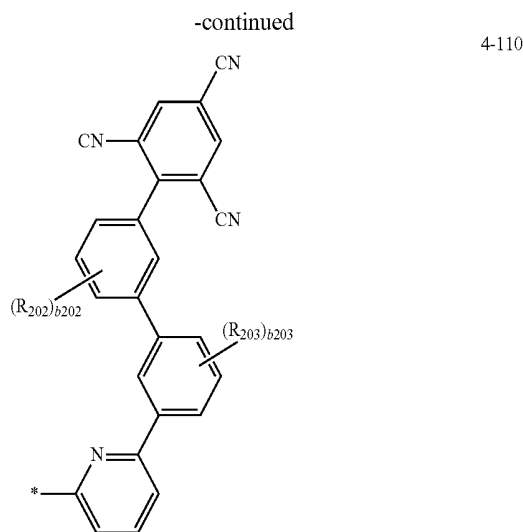


4-106



4-109





[0132] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, A_{12} may be selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group (CN), a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a

[0141] In some embodiments, in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4 and 2-1 to 2-10, R_1 to R_8 , R_{11} to R_{18} , R_{101} , R_{102} , R_{21} to R_{25} , and R_{201} to R_{203} may be each independently selected from

[0142] a hydrogen, a deuterium, a cyano group, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an isobutyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an isopentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, and $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{11})(\text{Q}_{12})(\text{Q}_{13})$;

[0143] wherein Q_{11} to Q_{13} may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, and a phenyl group, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0144] In Formulae 2-1 to 2-10, b201 indicates the number of groups R_{201} , and b201 may be selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. When b201 is 2 or more, groups R_{201} may be identical to or different from each other.

[0145] In Formulae 2-1 to 2-10, b202 indicates the number of groups R_{202} , and b202 may be selected from 1, 2, 3, and 4. When b202 is 2 or more, groups R_{202} may be identical to or different from each other.

[0146] In Formulae 2-1 to 2-10, b203 indicates the number of groups R_{203} , and b203 may be selected from 1, 2, 3, and 4. When b203 is 2 or more, groups R_{203} may be identical to or different from each other.

[0147] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1 and 10-1 to 10-4, at least one of X_3 , X_8 , X_{13} , and X_{16} may be $\text{C}(\text{CN})$, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

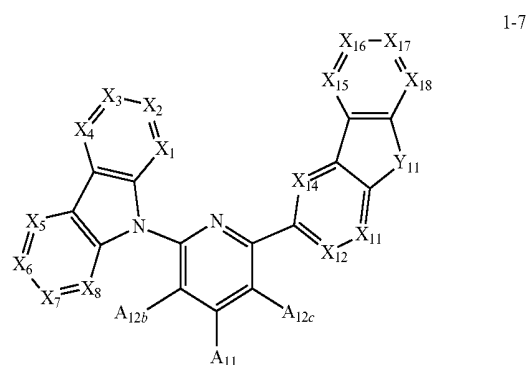
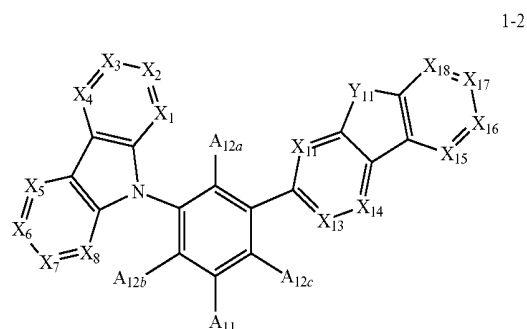
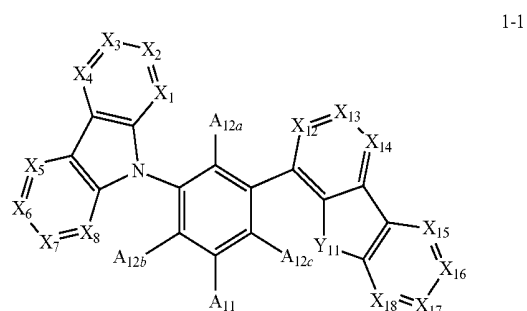
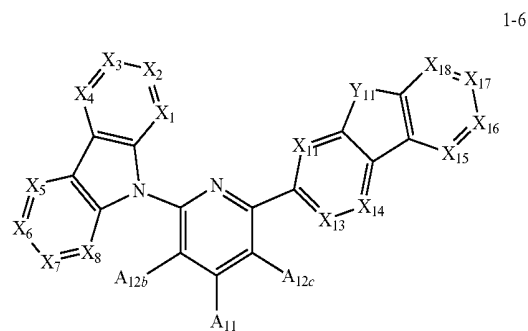
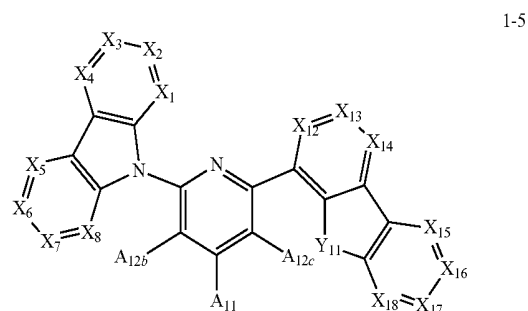
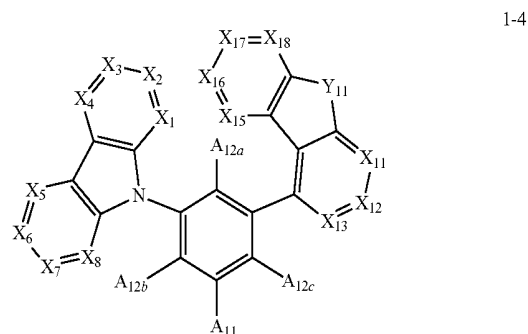
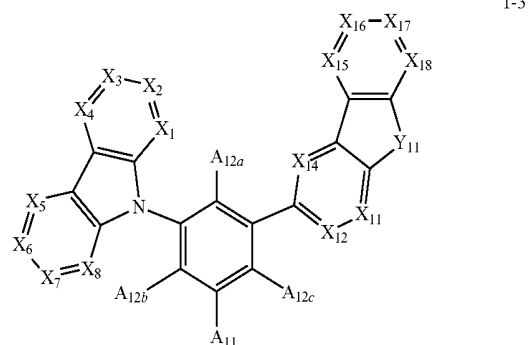
[0148] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, X_3 may be $\text{C}(\text{CN})$, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0149] In some embodiments, in Formula 1, X_3 and X_6 may be $\text{C}(\text{CN})$, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

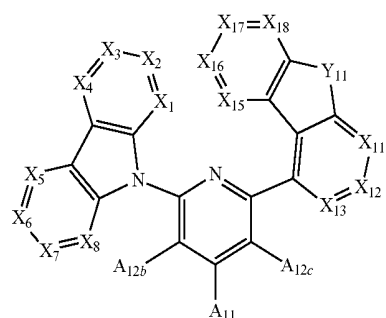
[0150] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1 and 10-1 to 10-4, R_1 , R_2 , R_4 , R_5 , R_7 , R_8 , R_{11} , R_{12} , R_{14} , R_{15} , R_{17} , and R_{18} may not be a cyano group, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0151] The condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1-1 to 1-8, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

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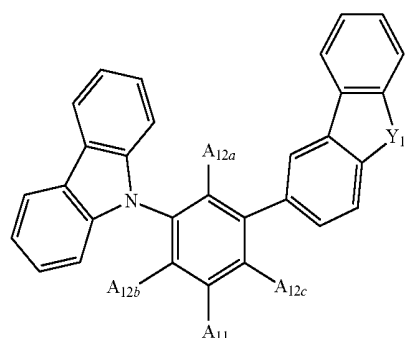


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1-8

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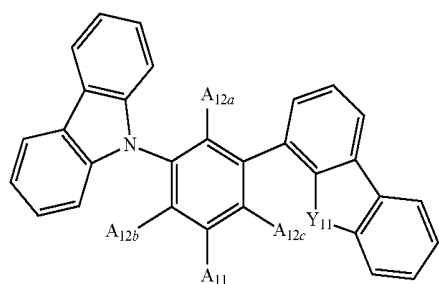


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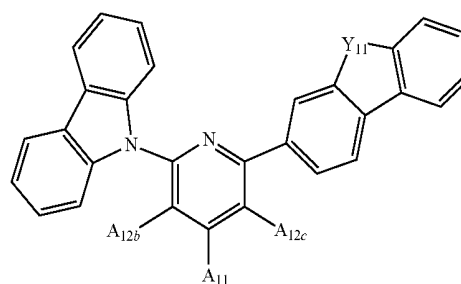
[0152] wherein, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8,

[0153] X_1 to X_8 and A_{11} are the same as in Formula 1;[0154] X_{11} to X_{18} and Y_{11} are the same as in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4; and[0155] A_{12a} , A_{12b} , and A_{12c} may be each independently the same as in connection with A_{12} in Formula 1.[0156] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 3-1 to 3-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto.[0157] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto.[0158] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8, at least one of X_3 , X_8 , X_{13} , and X_{16} may be C(CN), but embodiments are not limited thereto.[0159] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8, X_3 may be C(CN), but embodiments are not limited thereto.[0160] In some embodiments, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8, X_3 and X_6 may be C(CN), but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0161] The condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1-11 to 1-18, 1-21 to 1-28, and 1-31 to 1-38, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

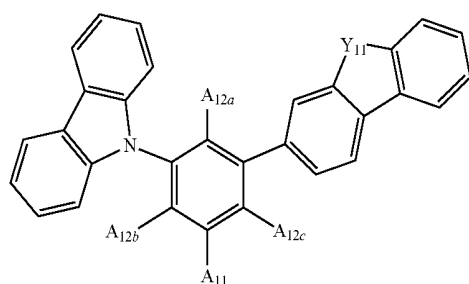


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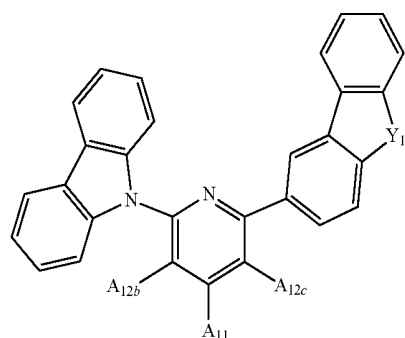


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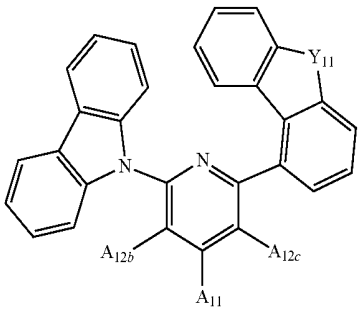


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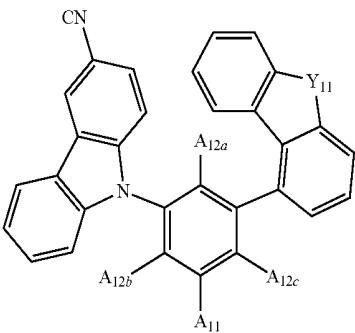
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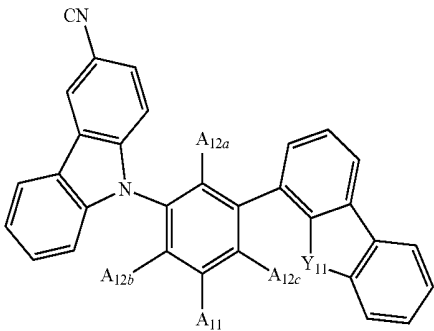


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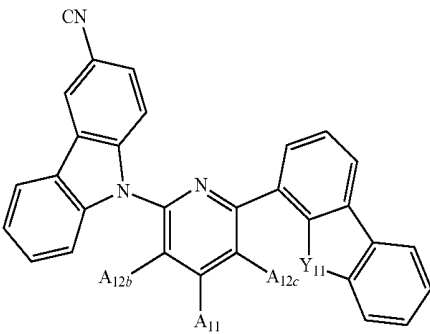
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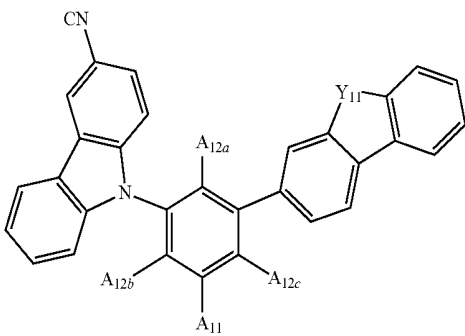
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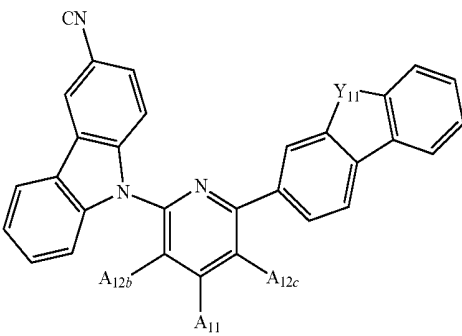
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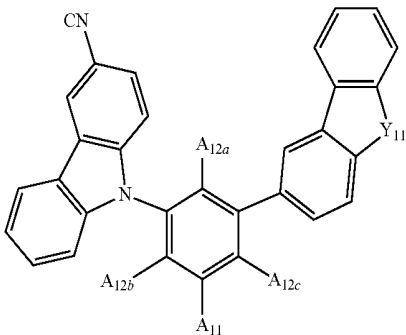
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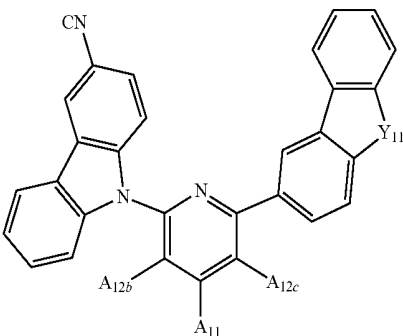
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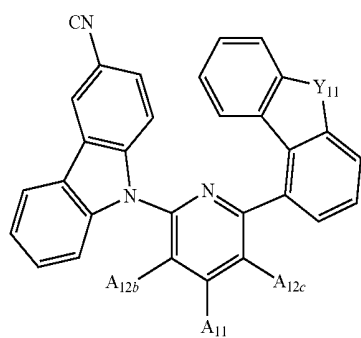


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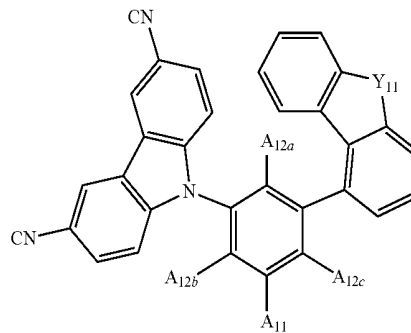
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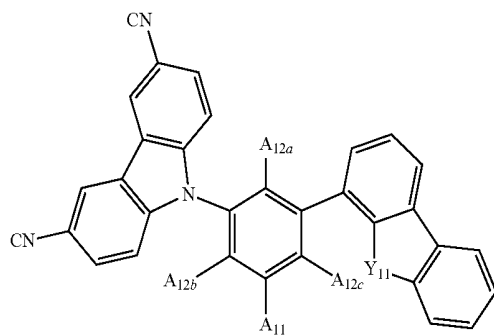
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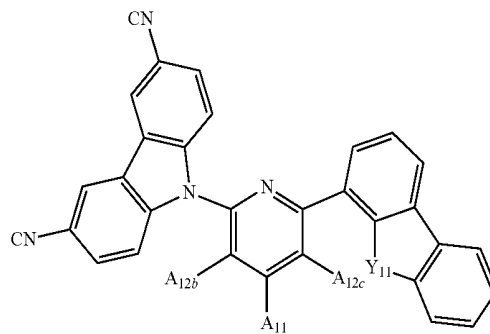


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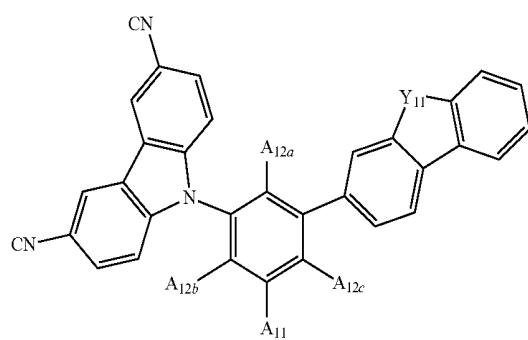
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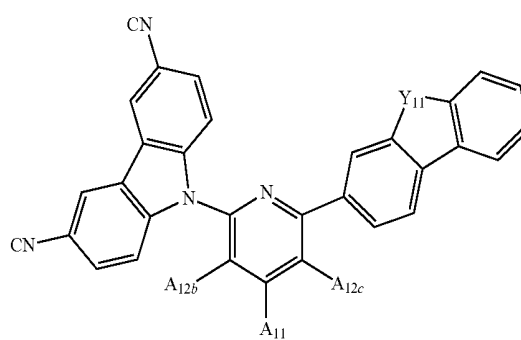
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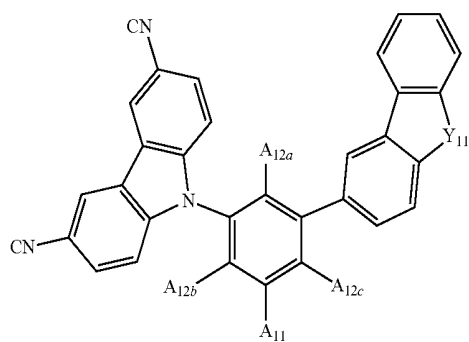
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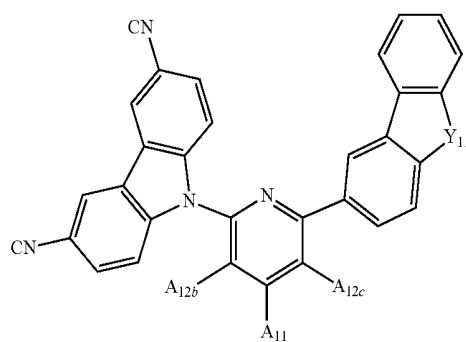
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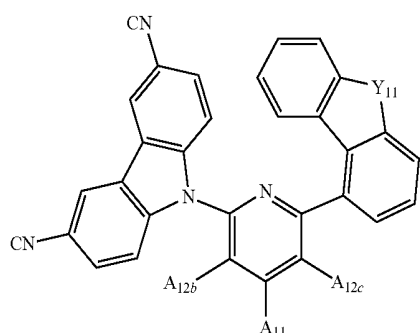
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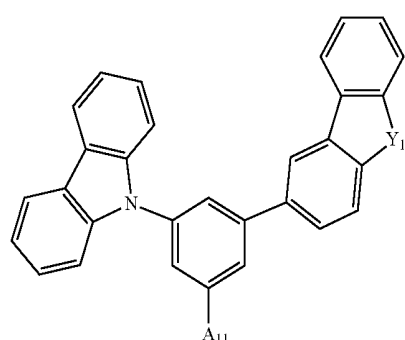
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[0162] wherein, in Formulae 1-11 to 1-18, 1-21 to 1-28, and 1-31 to 1-38,

[0163] A_{11} is the same as in Formula 1;

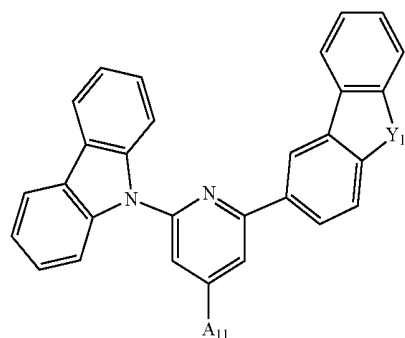
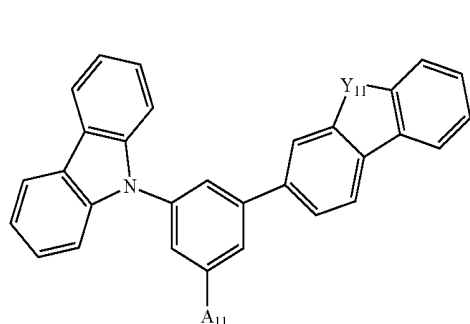
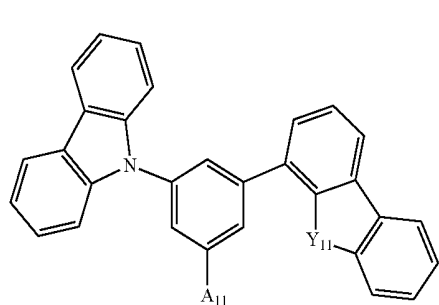
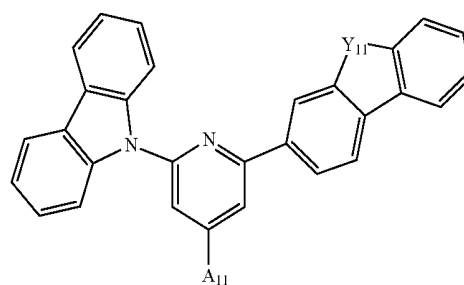
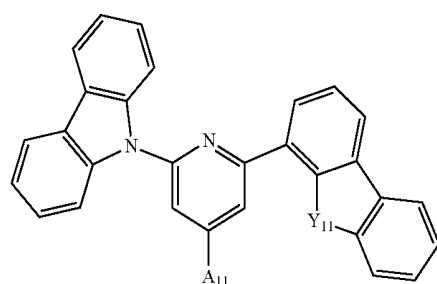
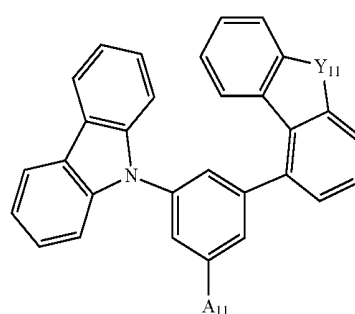
[0164] Y_{11} is the same as in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4; and

[0165] A_{12a} , A_{12b} , and A_{12c} may be each independently the same as A_{12} in Formula 1.

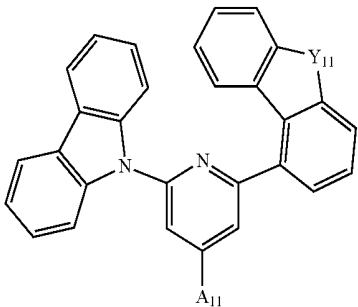
[0166] In some embodiments, in Formula 1-11 to 1-18, 1-21 to 1-28, and 1-31 to 1-38, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 3-1 to 3-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0167] In some embodiments, in Formula 1-11 to 1-18, 1-21 to 1-28, and 1-31 to 1-38, A_1 may be represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0168] The condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be represented by one of Formulae 1-41 to 1-48, 1-51 to 1-58, and 1-61 to 1-68, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

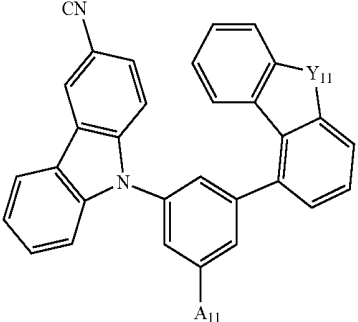


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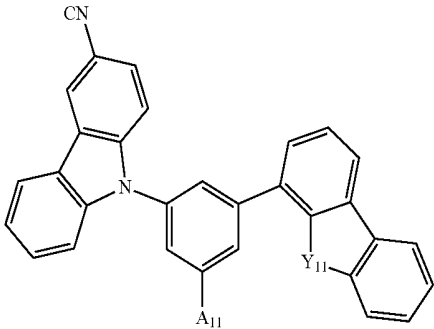


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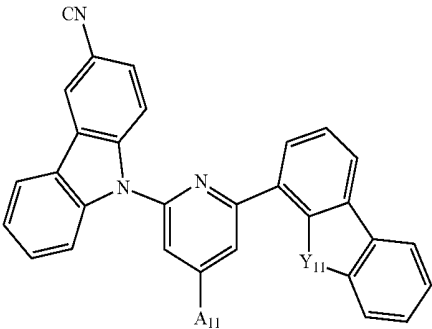
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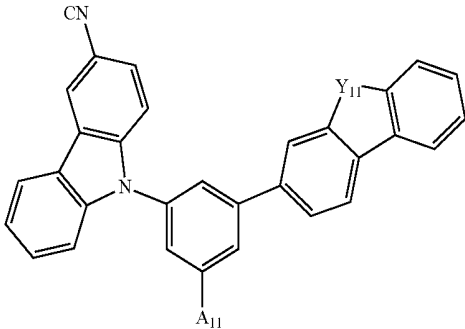
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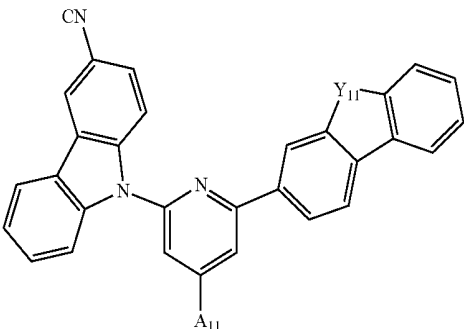
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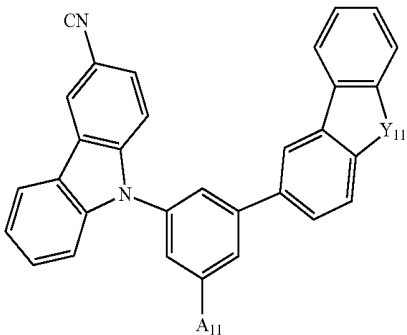
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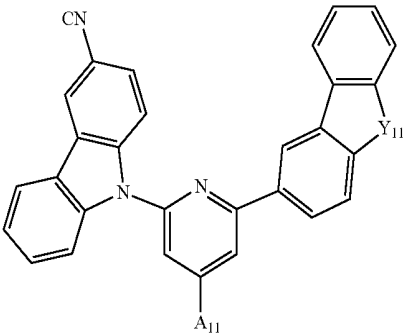
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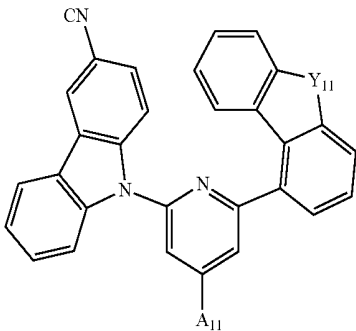


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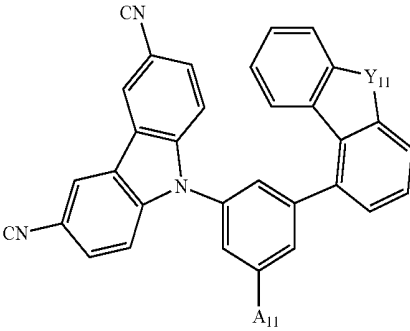


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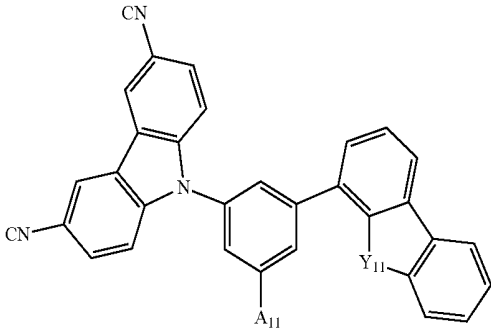
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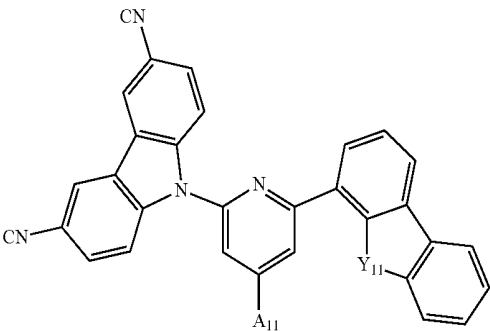
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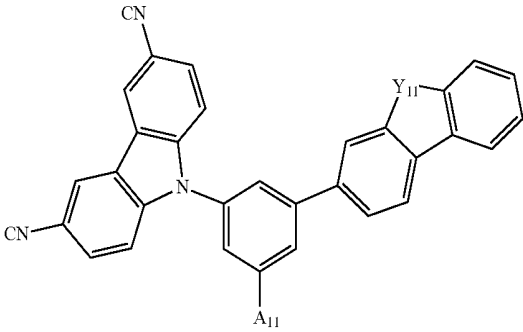
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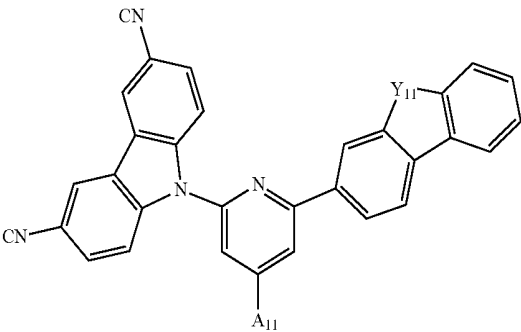
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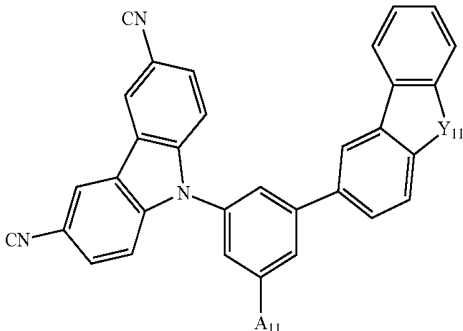
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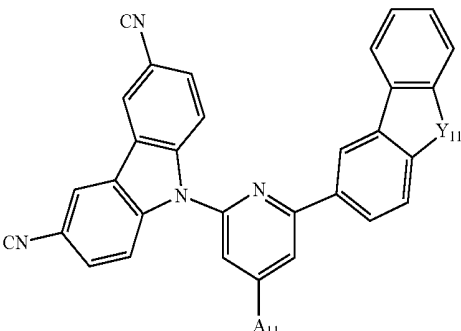
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1-63

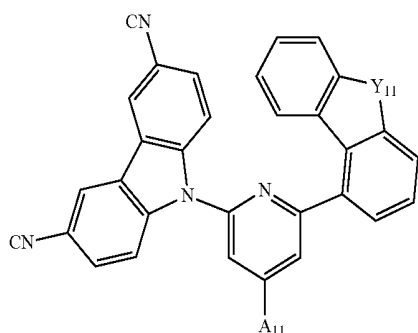


1-67



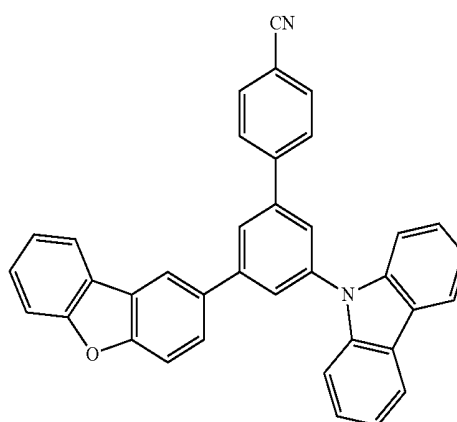
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1-68



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3



[0169] wherein, in Formulae 1-41 to 1-48, 1-51 to 1-58, and 1-61 to 1-68,

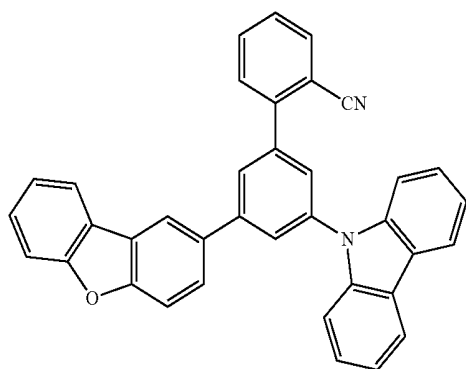
[0170] A_{11} is the same as in Formula 1; and

[0171] Y_{11} is the same as in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4.

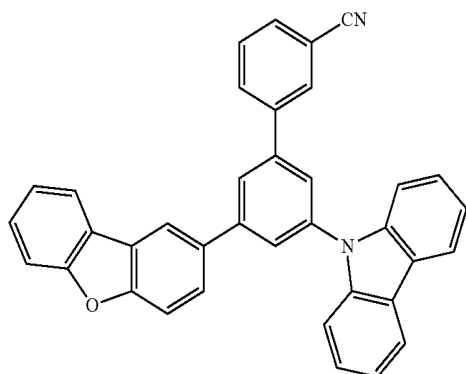
[0172] In some embodiments, in Formula 1-41 to 1-48, 1-51 to 1-58, and 1-61 to 1-68, A_{11} may be represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-110, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0173] The condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be selected from Compounds 1 to 90, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

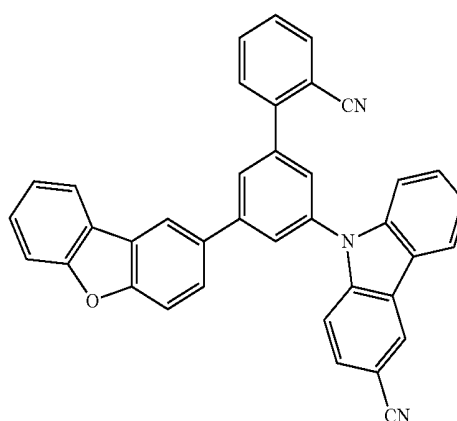
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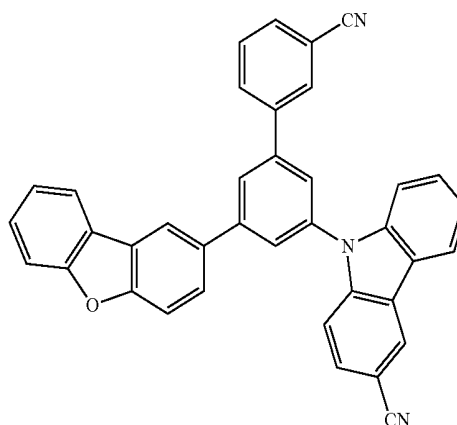
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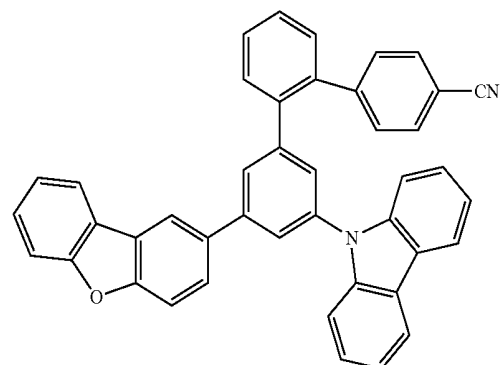
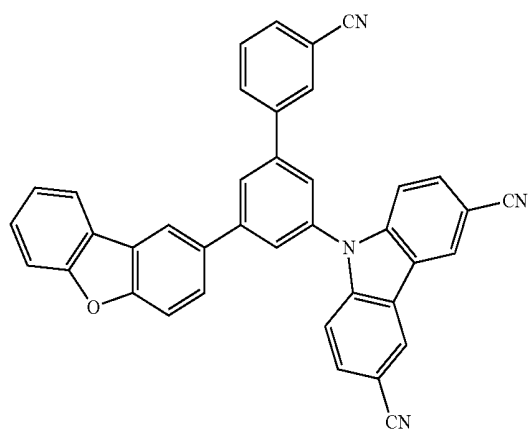
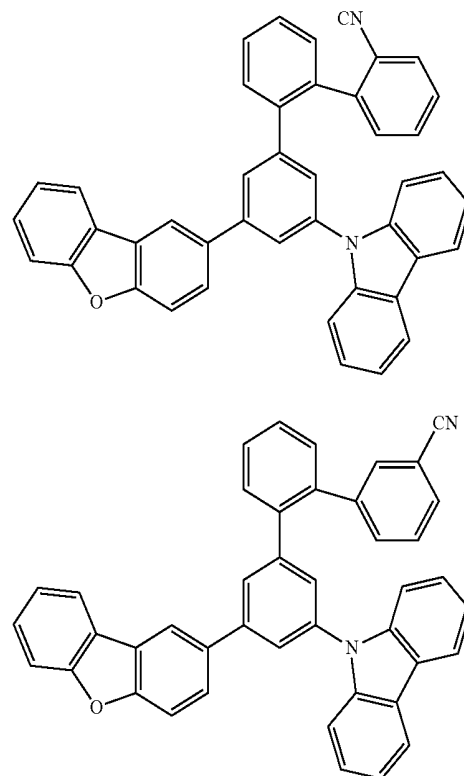
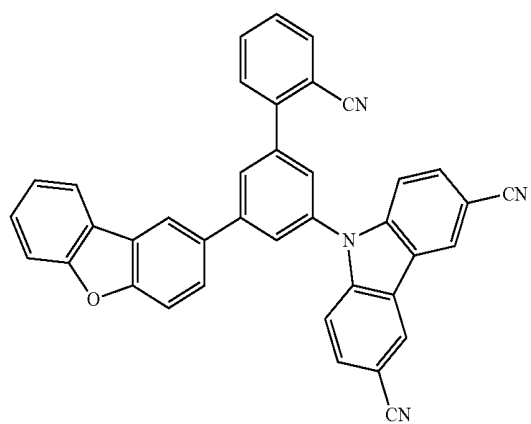
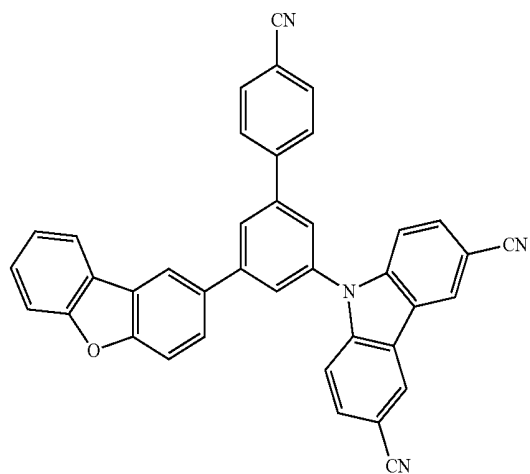
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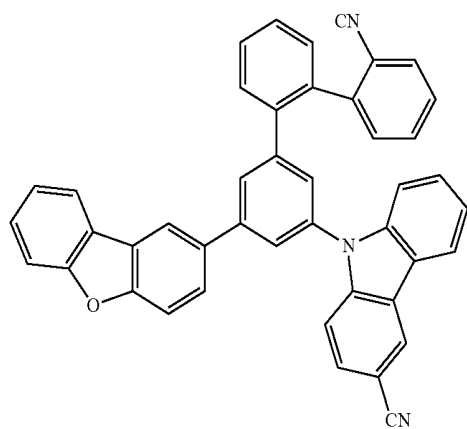
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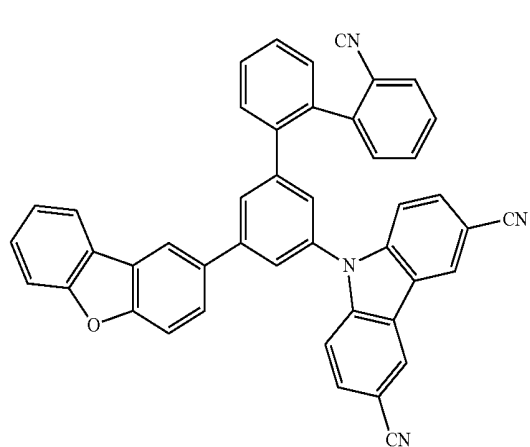


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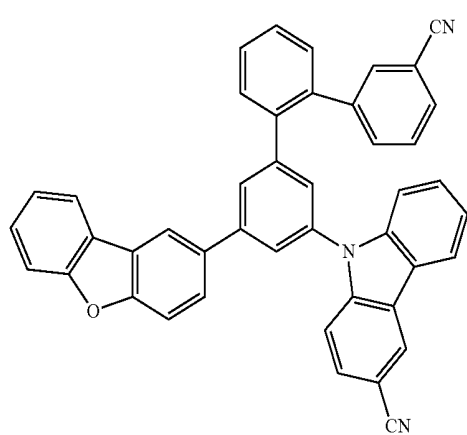


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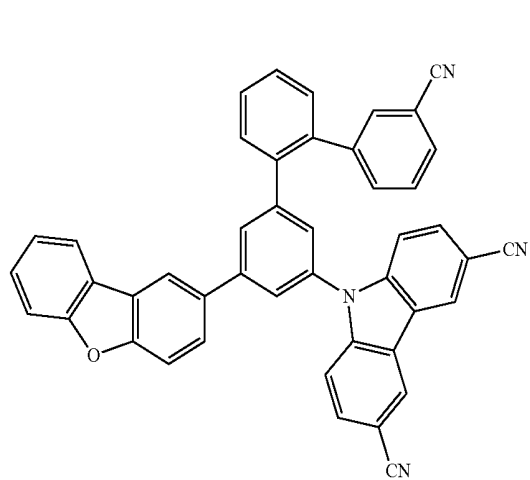
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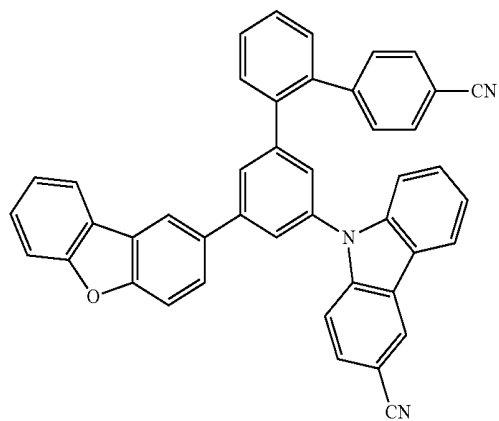
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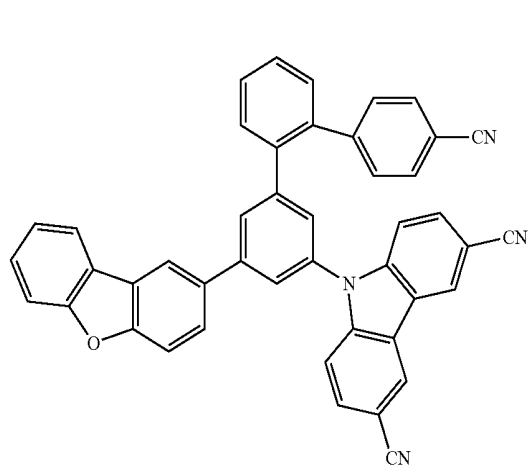
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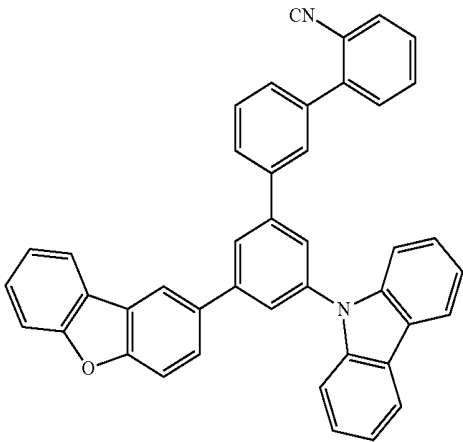


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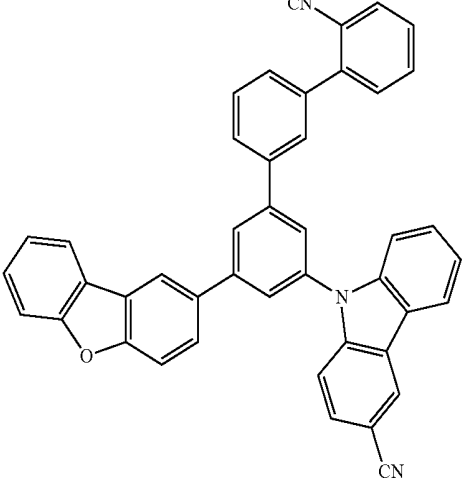
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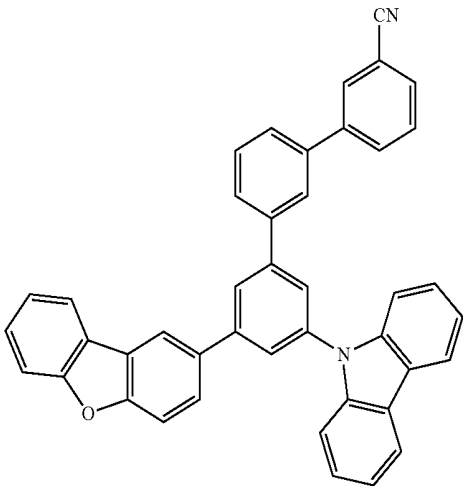
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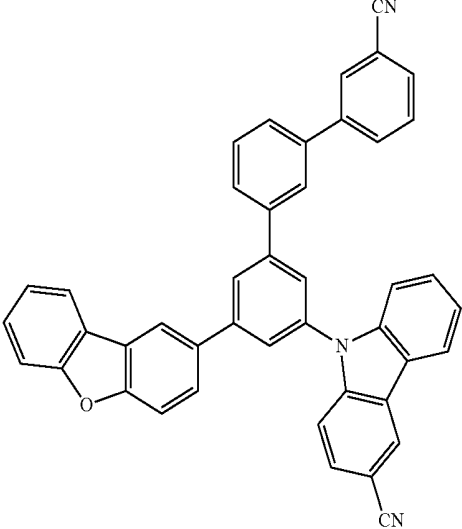


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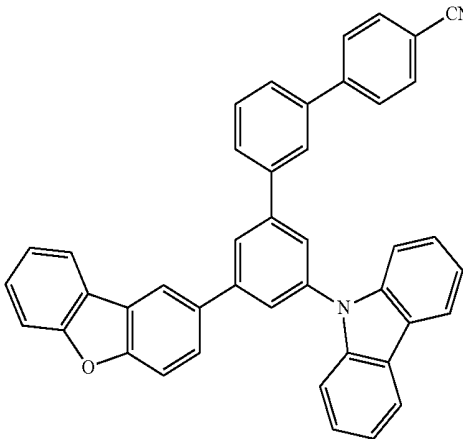
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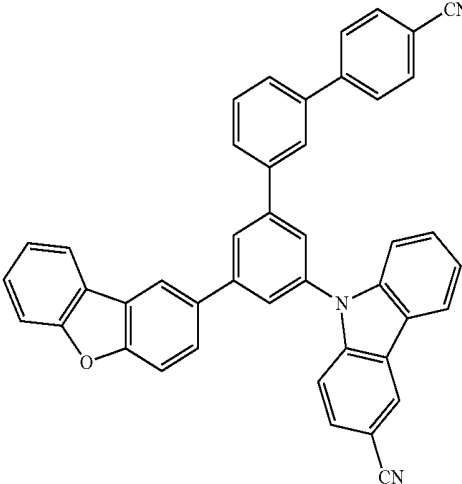
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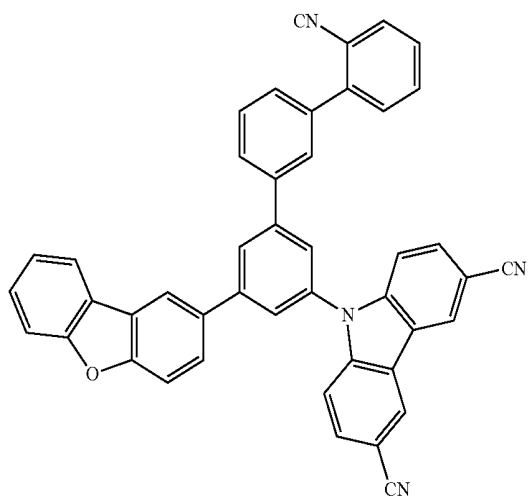


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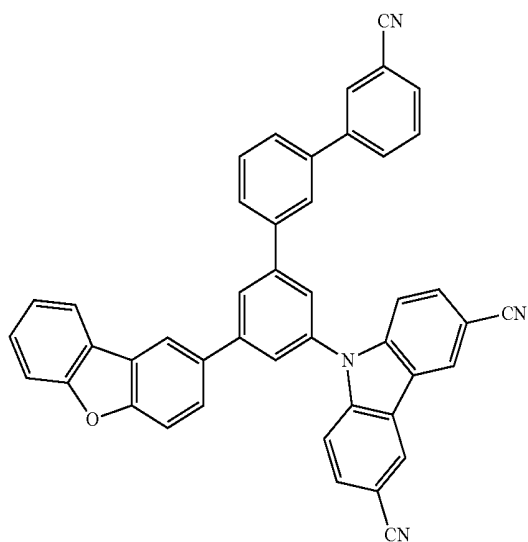


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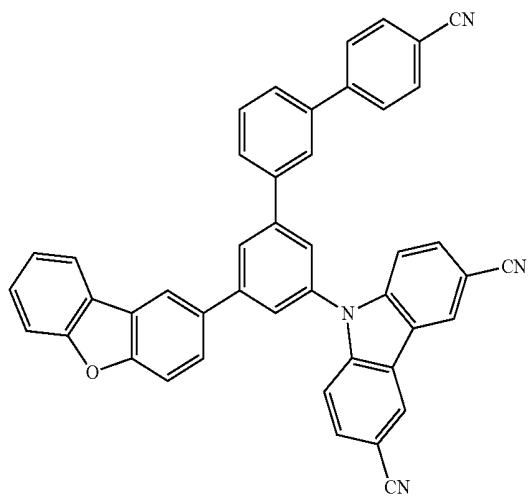
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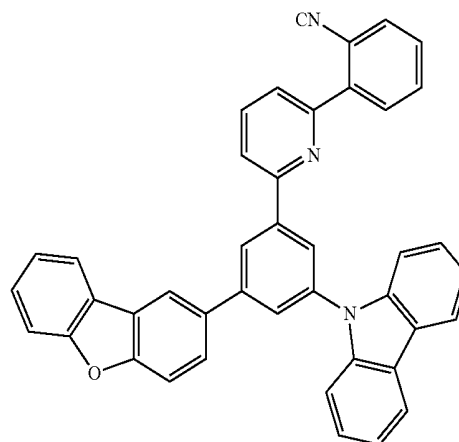


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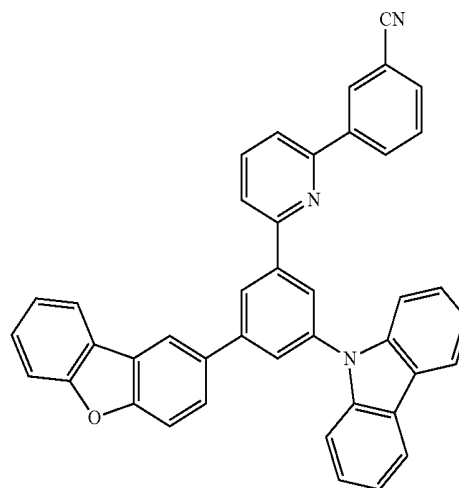


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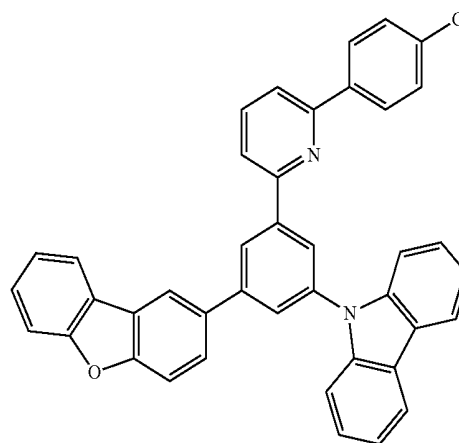
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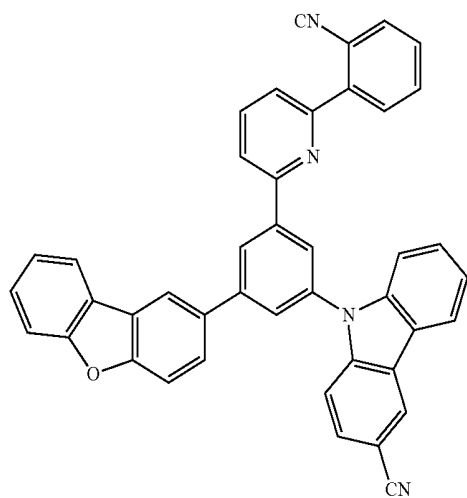
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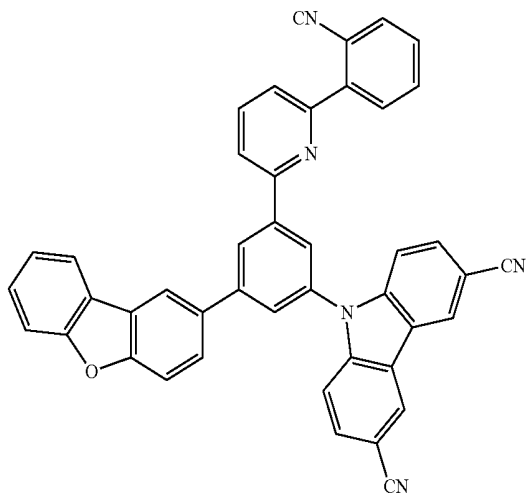


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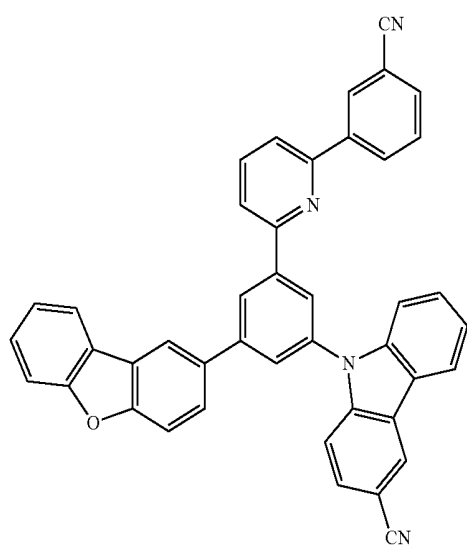


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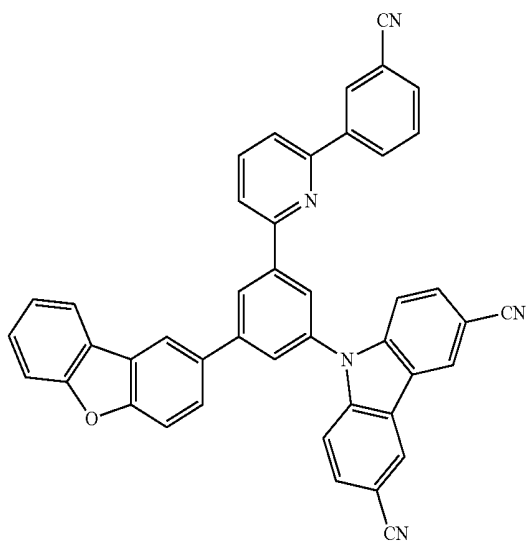
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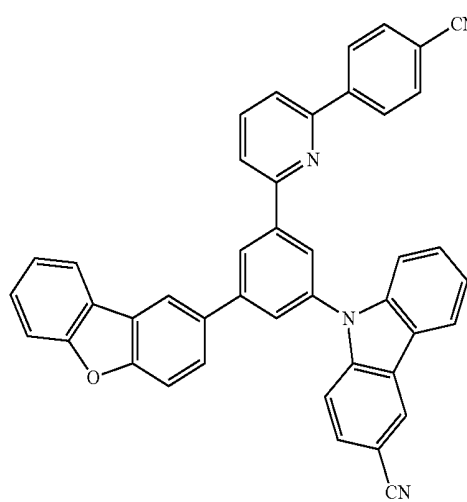
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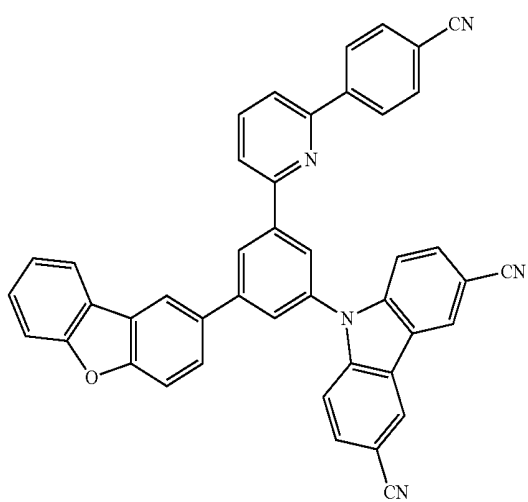
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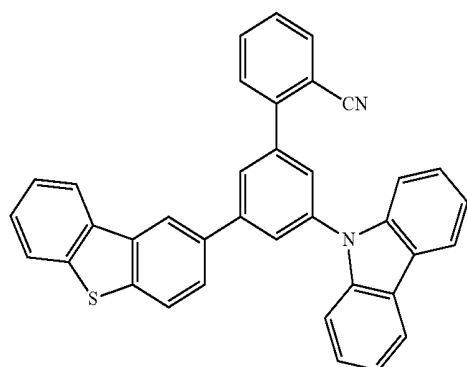


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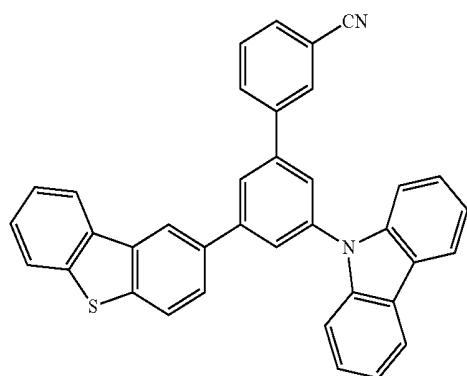


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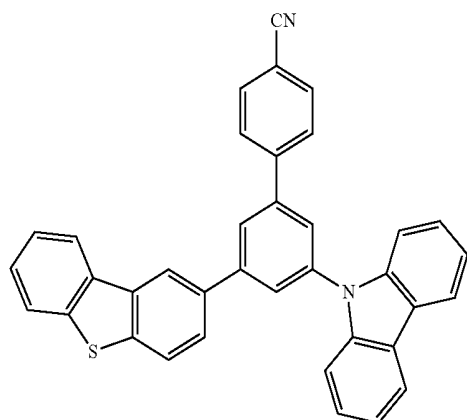
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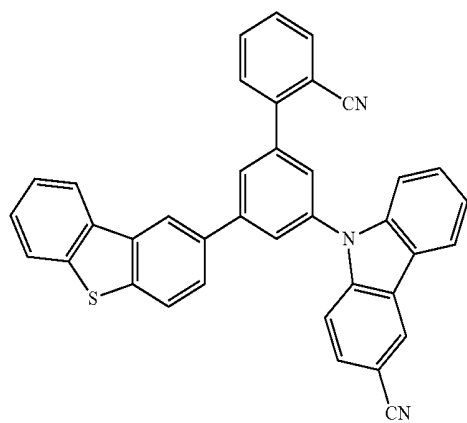
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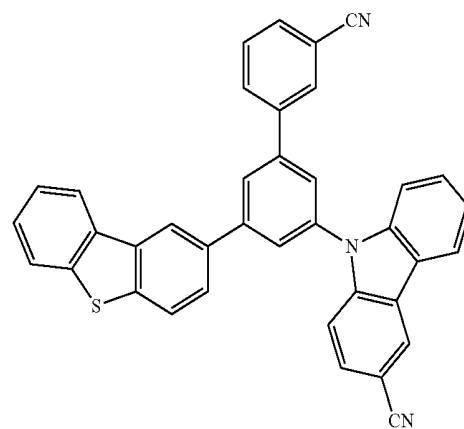
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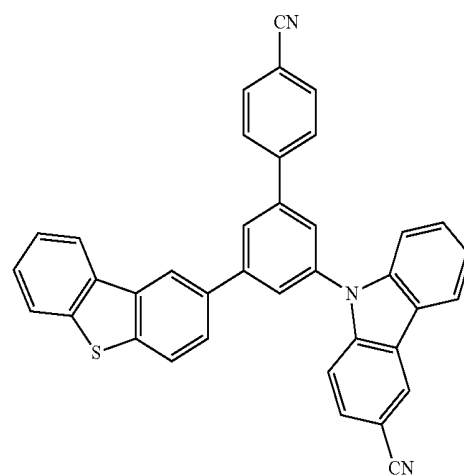
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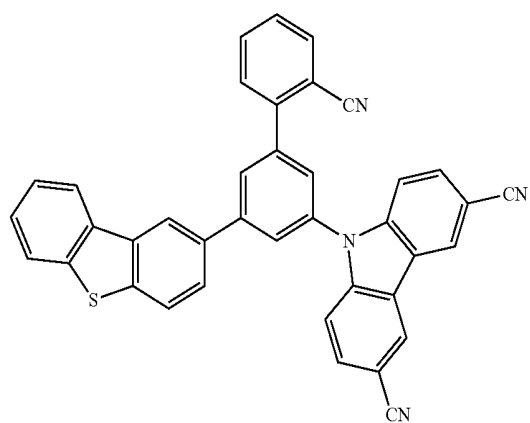
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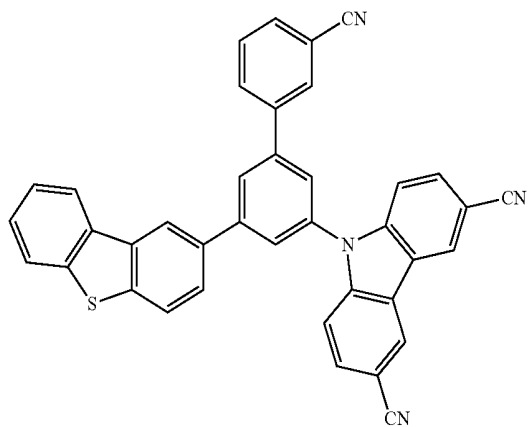


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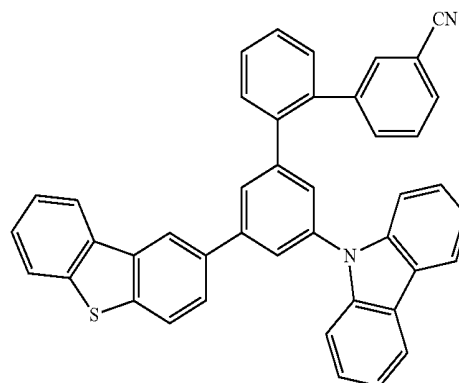
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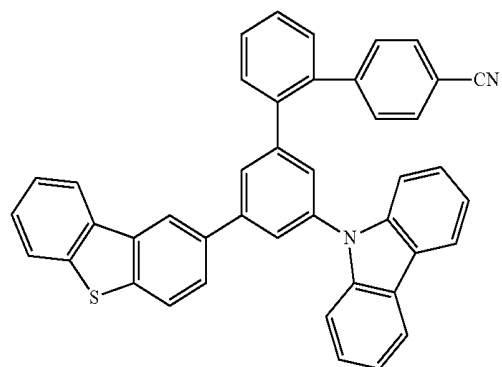


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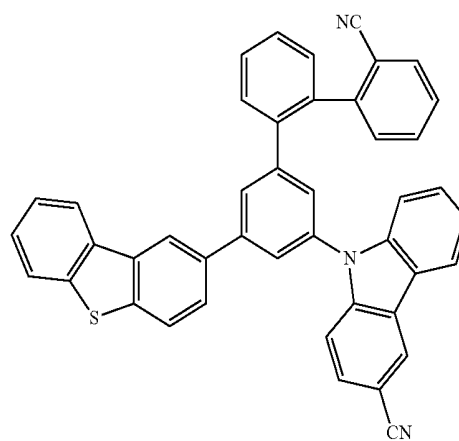
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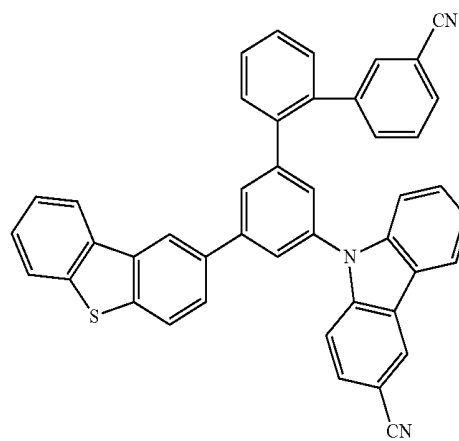
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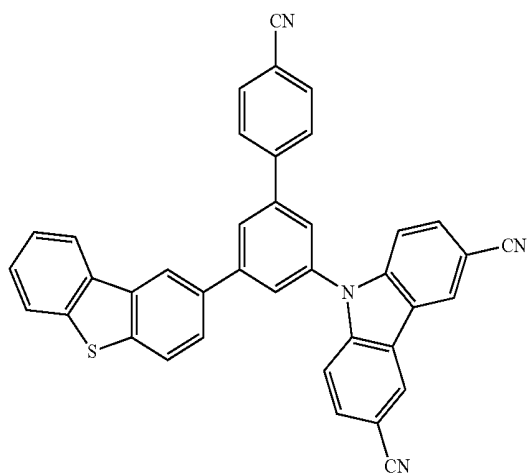
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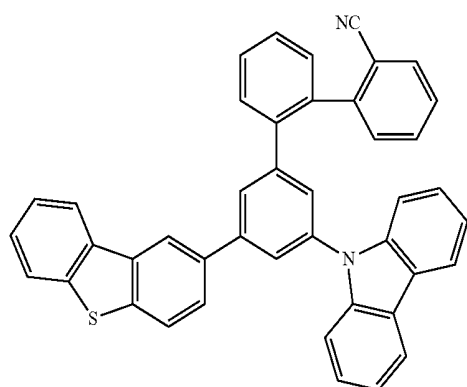
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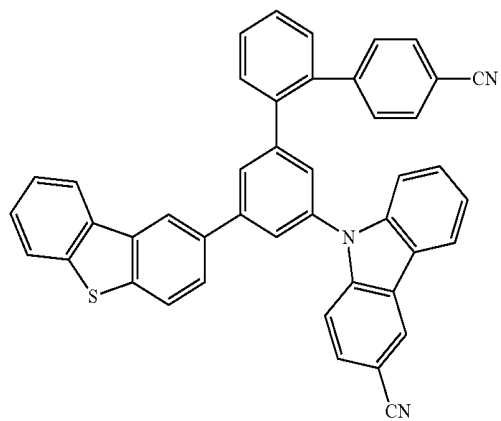


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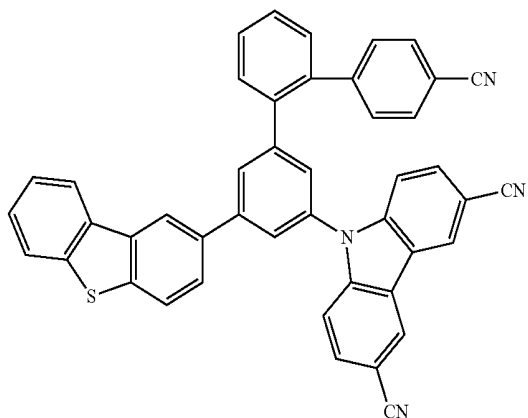
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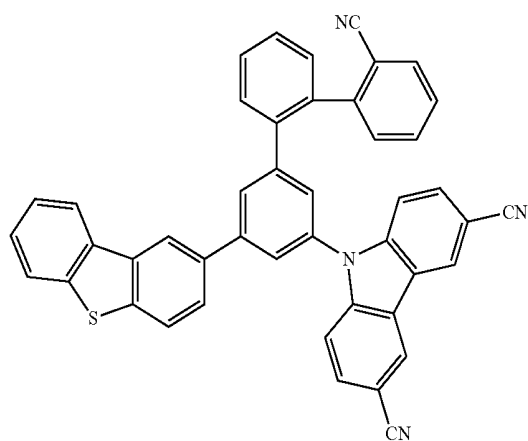


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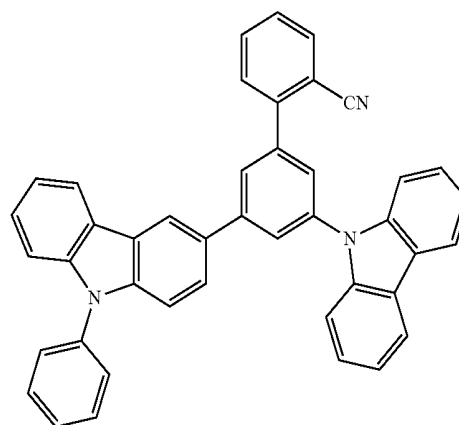
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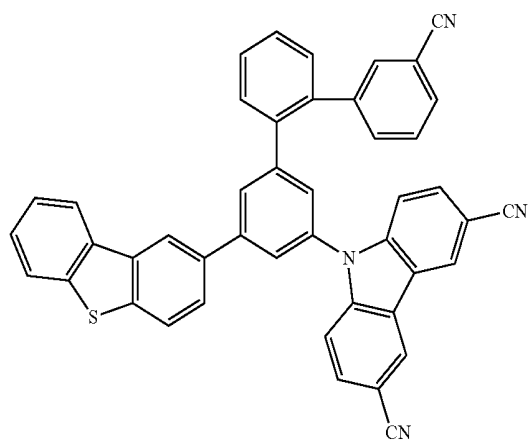
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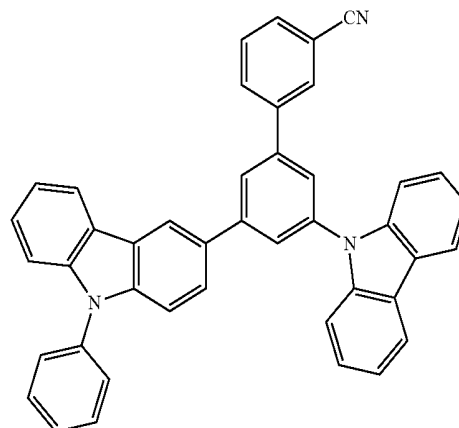
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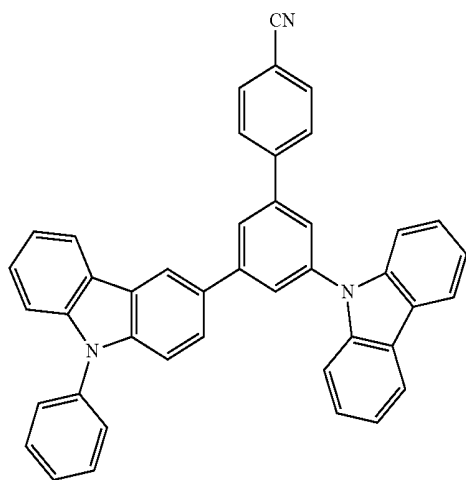
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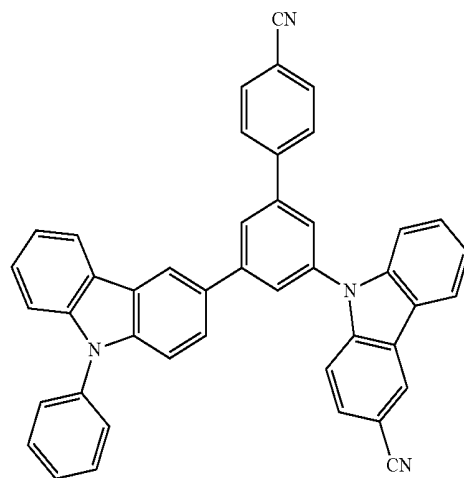
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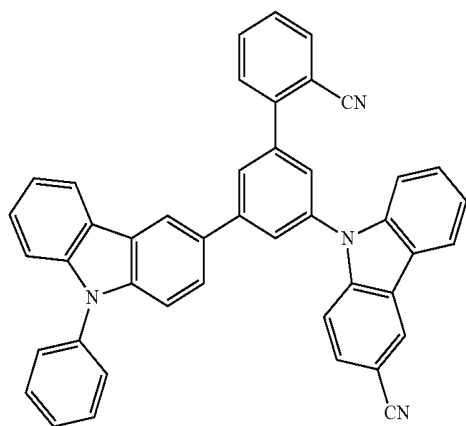
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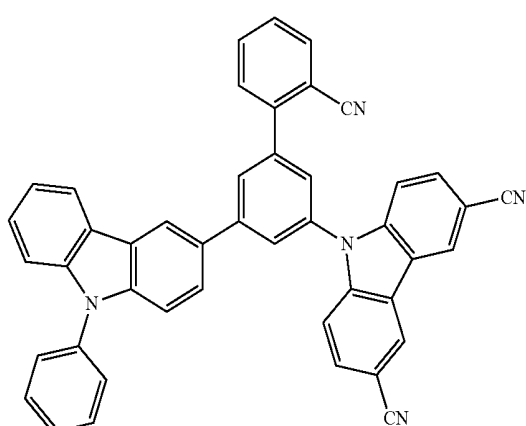
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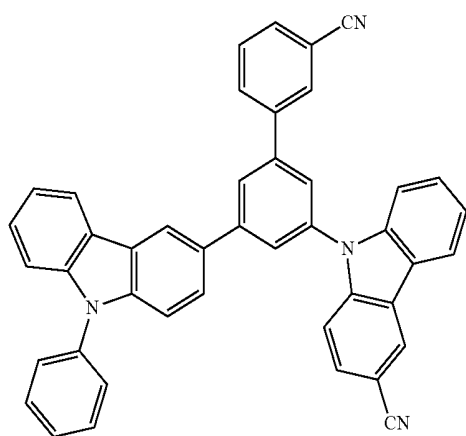
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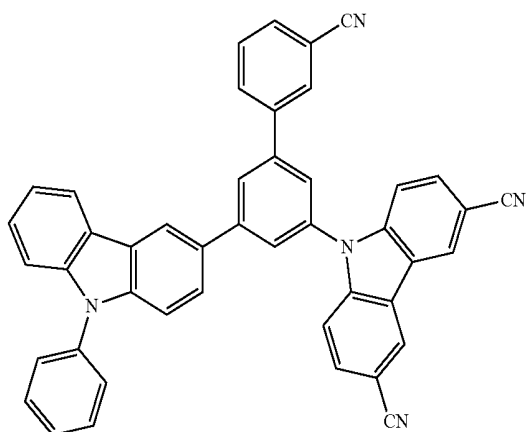
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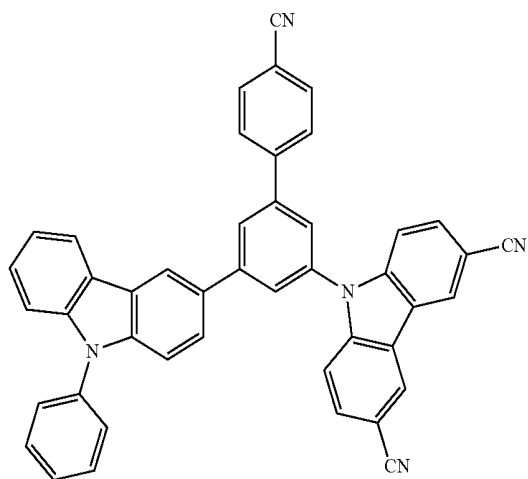


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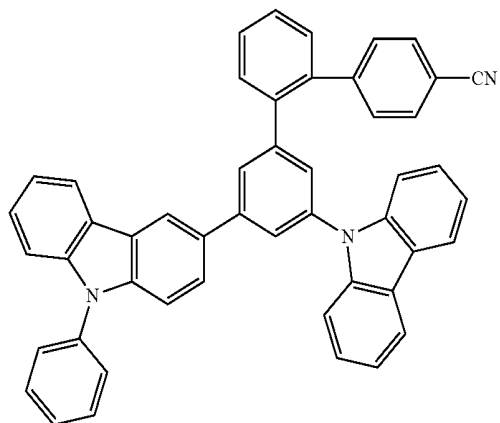
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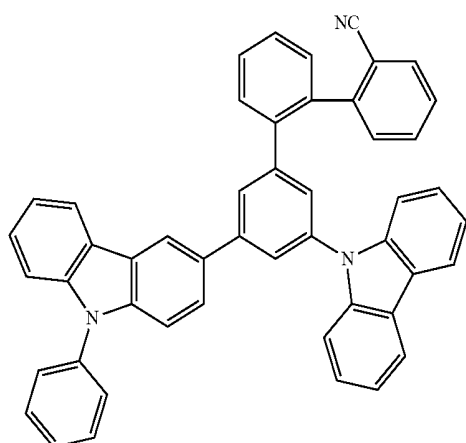


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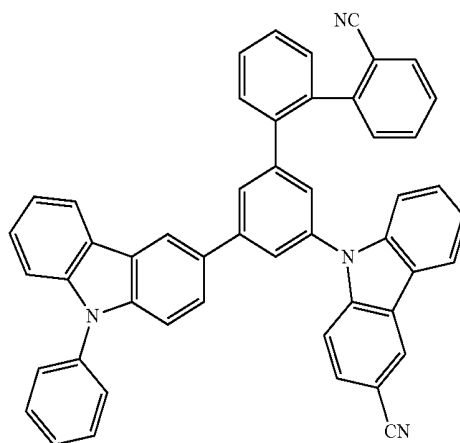
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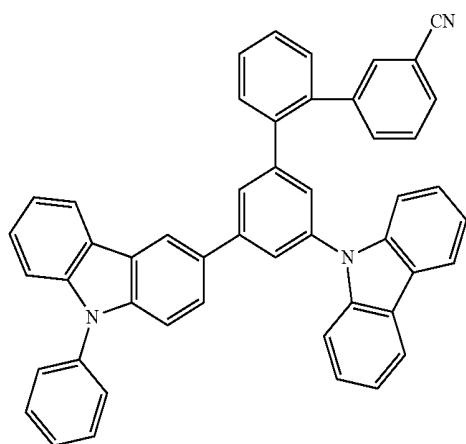
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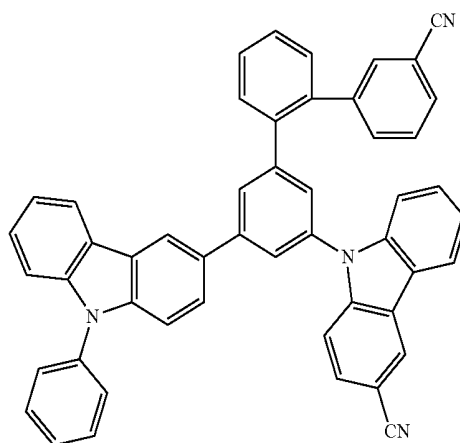
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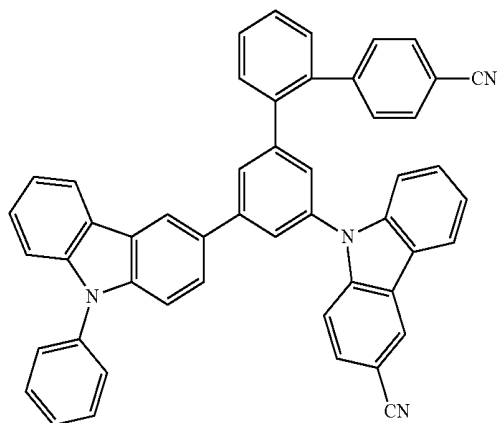


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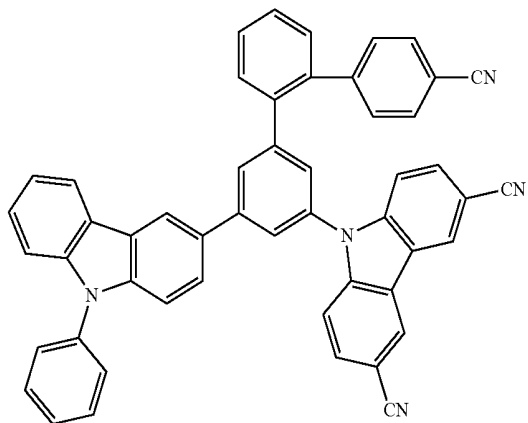
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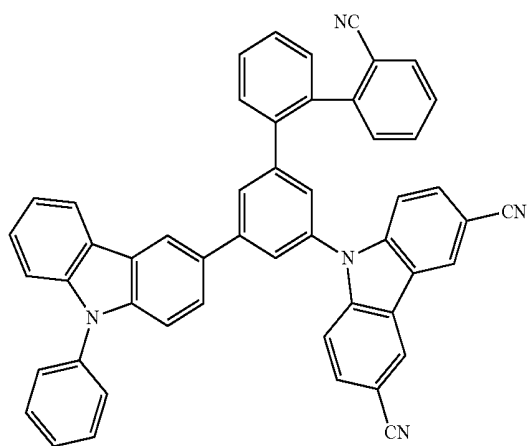


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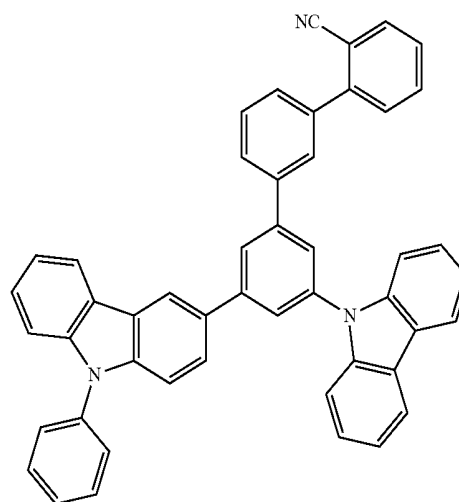
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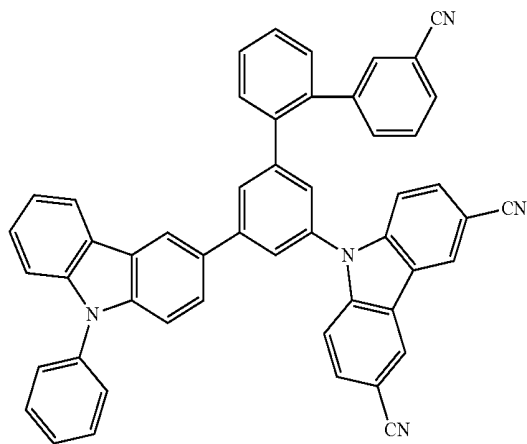
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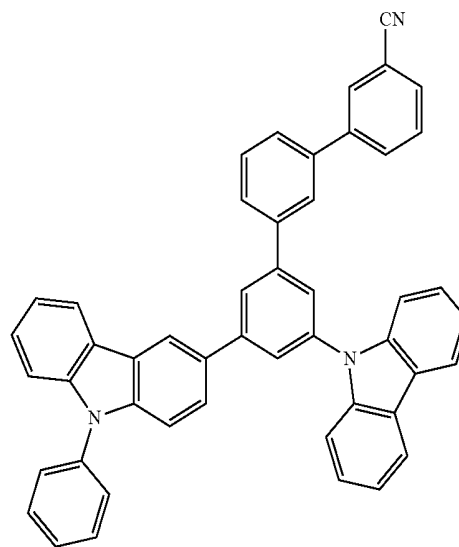
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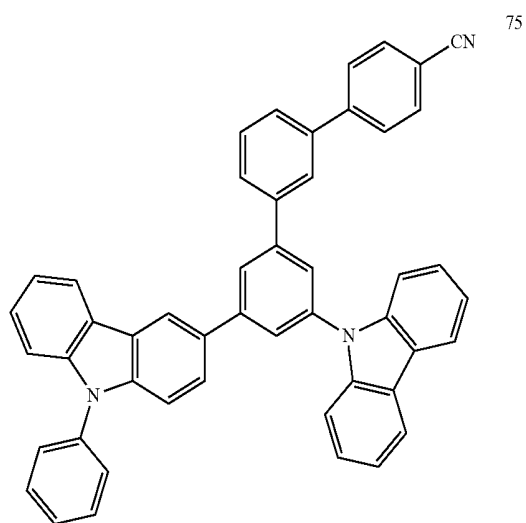
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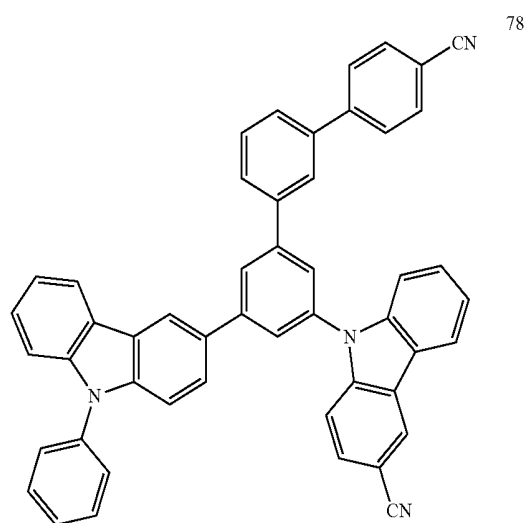
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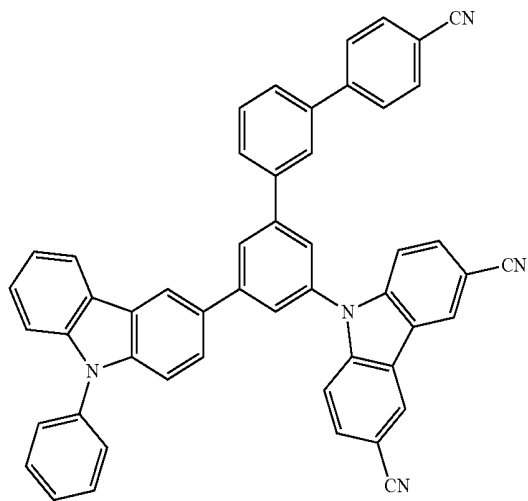


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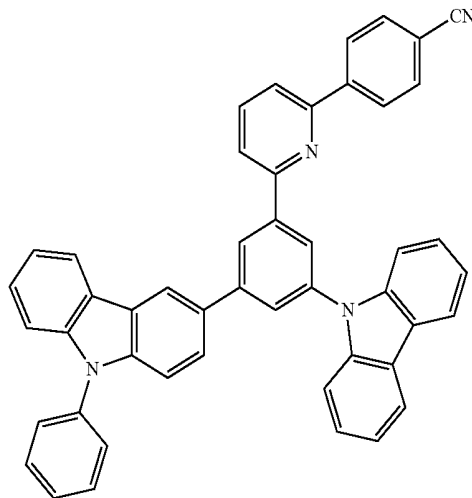
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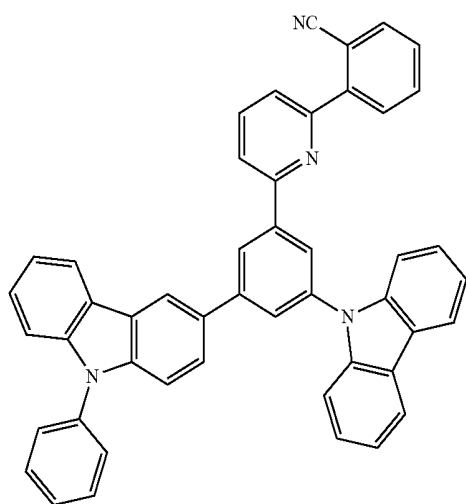


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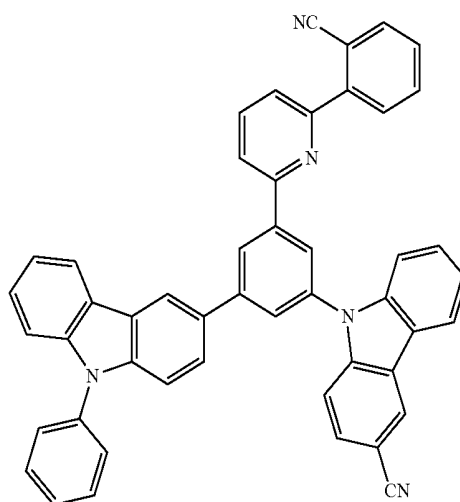
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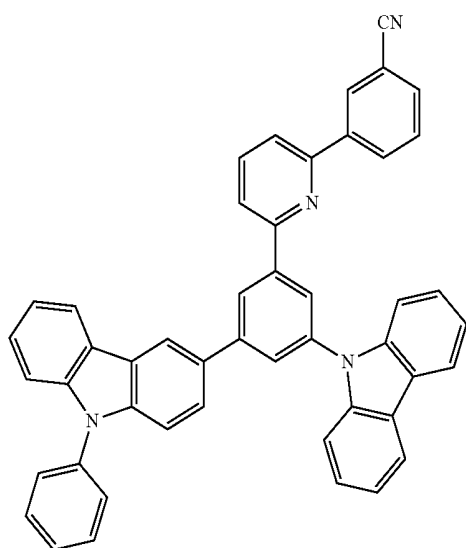
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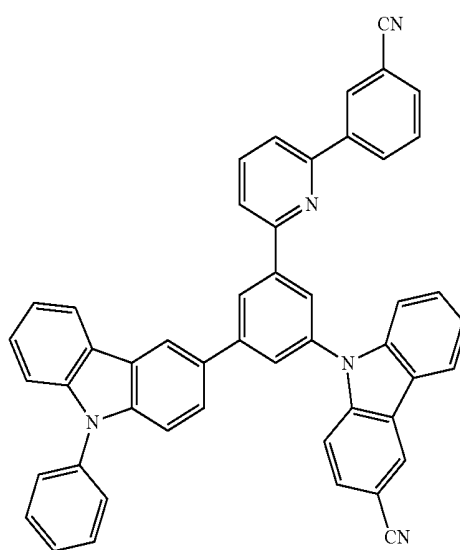
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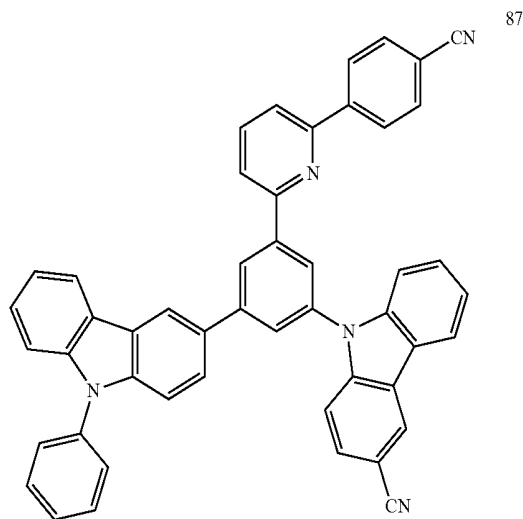
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86

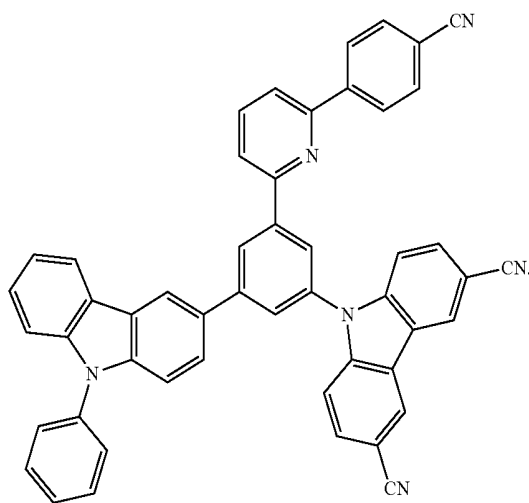


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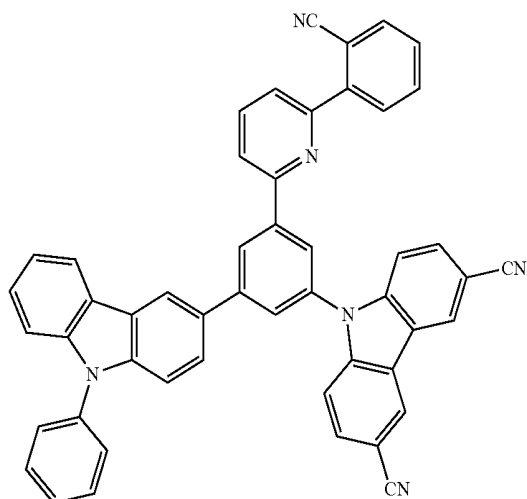


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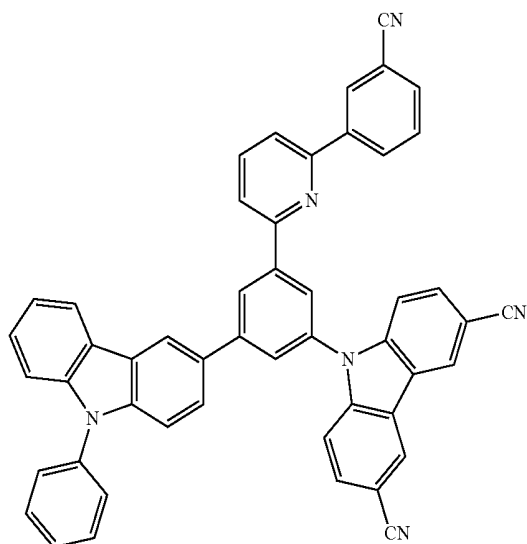
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88



89

[0174] Since the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may essentially include A_1 including at least one cyano group, thermal stability and electric characteristics of the condensed-cyclic compound may improve. In addition, since the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may essentially include A_{11} including at least one cyano group, holes and electrons transfer in the condensed-cyclic compound may easily occur. Therefore, organic light-emitting device including the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may have improved lifespan and efficiency.

[0175] Furthermore, by varying the number of cyano groups in the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1, a desired level of the highest occupied molecular orbital (HOMO) energy level and lowest unoccupied molecular orbital (LUMO) energy level may be easily derived therefrom, and by varying the number of phenyl groups in the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1, holes and electrons mobility of the condensed-cyclic compound may be readily controlled.

[0176] The condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may have a molecular weight in a range of about 350 to about 800 grams per mole (g/mol). Thus, the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may have excellent thermal stability, for example, the condensed-cyclic compound may have a decomposition temperature that is higher than a sublimation temperature under a vacuum degree in a range of about 10^{-8} torr to about 10^{-3} torr. Therefore, an organic light-emitting device employing the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may have long lifespan.

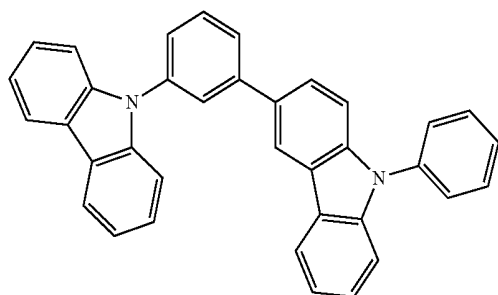
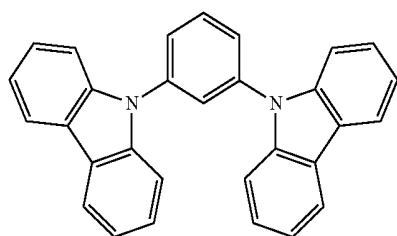
[0177] For example, HOMO, LUMO, T_1 , and S_1 energy levels of Compounds A to D were simulated by using the Gaussian. Simulation evaluation results are shown in Table 1.

TABLE 1

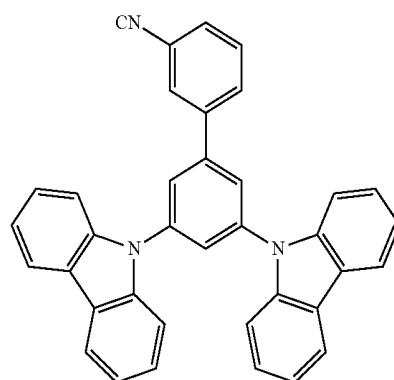
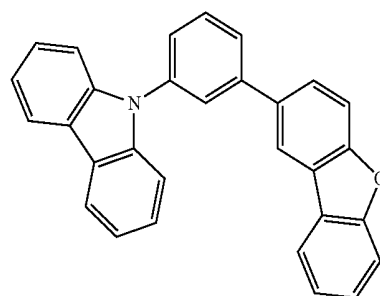
Compound No.	HOMO (eV)	LUMO (eV)	T_1 (eV)	S_1 (eV)
1	-5.29	-1.67	3	3.13
2	-5.48	-1.62	3.04	3.38
3	-5.53	-1.86	2.94	3.2

TABLE 1-continued

Compound No.	HOMO (eV)	LUMO (eV)	T ₁ (eV)	S ₁ (eV)
4	-5.73	-1.85	3.07	3.38
5	-5.91	-1.8	3.06	3.63
6	-5.97	-2.04	2.97	3.45
7	-6.13	-2.03	3.08	3.61
8	-6.31	-1.97	3.06	3.84
9	-6.36	-2.21	2.98	3.66
10	-5.36	-1.59	3.07	3.29
11	-5.38	-1.52	3.08	3.4
12	-5.37	-1.73	3.05	3.16
13	-5.8	-1.76	3.09	3.56
14	-5.82	-1.68	3.08	3.68
15	-5.8	-1.9	3.07	3.43
16	-6.2	-1.9	3.08	3.82
17	-6.22	-1.8	3.08	3.94
18	-6.2	-2.03	3.08	3.71
19	-5.3	-1.6	3.04	3.33
20	-5.37	-1.55	3.04	3.46
21	-5.47	-1.76	2.98	3.35
22	-5.72	-1.76	3.03	3.58
23	-5.81	-1.68	3.05	3.73
24	-5.9	-1.89	2.99	3.66
25	-6.07	-1.93	2.99	3.75
26	-6.22	-1.77	3.06	3.95
27	-6.29	-1.97	2.99	3.94
28	-5.42	-1.8	2.94	3.26
29	-5.46	-1.75	2.93	3.3
30	-5.47	-2	2.85	3.13
31	-5.85	-1.93	2.96	3.55
32	-5.9	-1.87	2.95	3.55
33	-5.9	-2.12	2.86	3.44
34	-6.24	-2.04	2.97	3.78
35	-6.28	-2.02	2.95	3.74
36	-6.28	-2.24	2.86	3.67
A	-5.46	-0.77	3.17	4.01
B	-5.259	-0.870	3.050	3.338
C	-5.357	-1.099	3.114	3.372
D	-5.587	-1.743	3.048	3.356



-continued



[0178] Referring to Table 1, the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may have a HOMO energy level and a LUMO energy level suitable for a material for an organic light-emitting device, and maintained a high T₁, e.g., 2.8 electron volts (eV) or greater, particularly, 2.9 eV or greater, and a small ΔE_{ST} value.

[0179] A method of synthesizing the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be understood by one of ordinary skill in the art by referring to Synthesis Examples described below.

[0180] Therefore, the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be appropriate to be used in an organic layer of an organic light-emitting device, for example as a host in an emission layer of the organic layer. Thus, according to another aspect, provided is an organic light-emitting device that may include: a first electrode;

[0181] a second electrode; and

[0182] an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode,

[0183] wherein the organic layer includes an emission layer and the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1.

[0184] Since the organic light-emitting device has an organic layer including the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1, the organic light-emitting device may have a low driving voltage, high efficiency, high luminance, high quantum efficiency, and long lifespan.

[0185] The condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be included in between a pair of electrodes of the organic light-emitting device. In some embodiments, the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 may be included in the emission layer. In this case, the condensed-cyclic compound may serve as a host, and the emission layer may further include a dopant.

[0186] As used herein, the expression the “(organic layer) includes a condensed-cyclic compound” may be construed

as meaning the “(organic layer) may include one condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 or two different condensed-cyclic compounds represented by Formula 1”.

[0187] For example, the organic layer may include only Compound 1 as the condensed-cyclic compound. In this case, Compound 1 may be included in the emission layer of the organic light-emitting device. In some embodiments, the organic layer may include Compound 1 and Compound 2 as the condensed-cyclic compounds. In this regard, Compound 1 and Compound 2 may be included in the same layer (for example, both Compound 1 and Compound 2 may be included in the emission layer).

[0188] The first electrode may be anode, which is a hole injection electrode, and the second electrode may be a cathode, which is an electron injection electrode.

[0189] Alternatively, the first electrode may be a cathode, which is an electron injection electrode, and the second electrode may be an anode, which is a hole injection electrode.

[0190] For example, the first electrode may be an anode, the second electrode may be a cathode, and the organic layer may include:

[0191] i) a hole transport region disposed between the first electrode and the emission layer, wherein the hole transport region may include at least one selected from a hole injection layer, a hole transport layer, and an electron blocking layer; and

[0192] ii) an electron transport region between the emission layer and the second electrode, wherein the electron transport region may include at least one selected from a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, and an electron injection layer.

[0193] As used herein, the term the “organic layer” refers to a single and/or a plurality of layers between the first electrode and the second electrode in an organic light-emitting device. The “organic layer” may include not only organic compounds but also organometallic complexes including metals.

[0194] FIG. 1 is a schematic view of an organic light-emitting device 10 according to an exemplary embodiment. Hereinafter a structure and a method of manufacturing the organic light-emitting device according to an exemplary embodiment will be described with reference to FIG. 1. The organic light-emitting device 10 may include a first electrode 11, an organic layer 15, and a second electrode 19, which may be sequentially layered in the stated order.

[0195] A substrate may be additionally disposed under the first electrode 11 or on the second electrode 19. The substrate may be a conventional substrate that is used in an organic light-emitting device, such as glass substrate or a transparent plastic substrate, each having excellent mechanical strength, thermal stability, transparency, surface smoothness, ease of handling, and water repellency.

[0196] The first electrode 11 may be formed by vacuum depositing or sputtering a material for forming the first electrode on the substrate. The first electrode 11 may be an

anode. The material for the first electrode 11 may be selected from materials with a high work function for an easy hole injection. The first electrode 11 may be a reflective electrode, a semi-transmissive electrode, or a transmissive electrode. The material for the first electrode 11 may be selected from indium tin oxide (ITO), indium zinc oxide (IZO), tin oxide (SnO_2), and zinc oxide (ZnO). Alternatively, a metal such as magnesium (Mg), aluminum (Al), aluminum-lithium (Al—Li), calcium (Ca), magnesium-indium (Mg—In), and magnesium-silver (Mg—Ag).

[0197] The first electrode 11 may have a single layer structure or a multi-layer structure including a plurality of layers. For example, the first electrode 11 may have a triple-layer structure of ITO/Ag/ITO, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0198] The organic layer 15 may be disposed on the first electrode 11.

[0199] The organic layer 15 may include a hole transport region, an emission layer, and an electron transport region.

[0200] The hole transport region may be disposed between the first electrode 11 and the emission layer.

[0201] The hole transport region may include at least one selected from a hole injection layer, hole transport layer, electron blocking layer, and buffer layer.

[0202] The hole transport region may include a hole injection layer only or a hole transport layer only. In some embodiments, the hole transport region may include a hole injection layer and a hole transport layer which are sequentially stacked on the first electrode 11. In some embodiments, the hole transport region may include a hole injection layer, a hole transport layer, and an electron blocking layer, which are sequentially stacked on the first electrode 11.

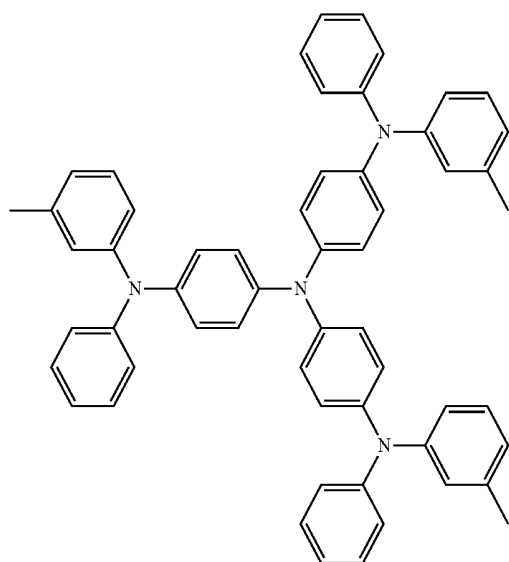
[0203] When the hole transport region includes a hole injection layer (HIL), the hole injection layer may be formed on the first electrode 11 by using a suitable method, such as vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, and a Langmuir-Blodgett (LB) method.

[0204] When a hole injection layer is formed by vacuum-deposition, for example, the vacuum-deposition may be performed at a deposition temperature in a range of about 100°C . to about 500°C ., at a vacuum degree in a range of about 10^{-8} torr to about 10^{-3} torr, and at a deposition rate in a range of about 0.01 Angstroms per second ($\text{\AA}/\text{sec}$) to about $100\text{ \AA}/\text{sec}$, although the conditions may vary depending on a compound that is used as a hole injection material and a structure and thermal properties of a desired hole injection layer, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

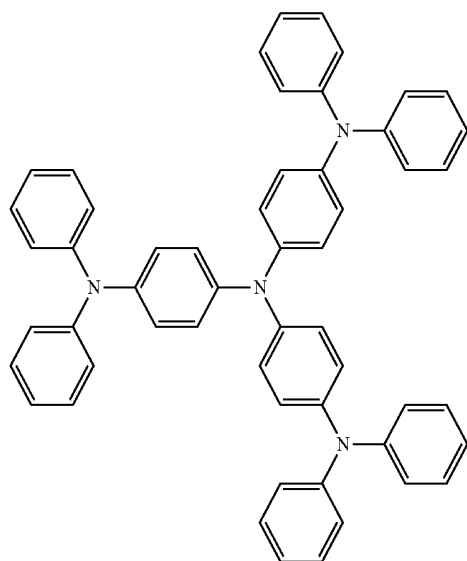
[0205] When a hole injection layer is formed by spin coating, the spin coating may be performed at a coating rate in a range of about 2,000 revolutions per minute (rpm) to about 5,000 rpm, and at a temperature in a range of about 80°C . to 200°C . for removing a solvent after the spin coating, though the conditions may vary depending on a compound that is used as a hole injection material and a structure and thermal properties of a desired hole injection layer, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0206] The conditions for forming a hole transport layer and an electron blocking layer may be inferred based on the conditions for forming the hole injection layer.

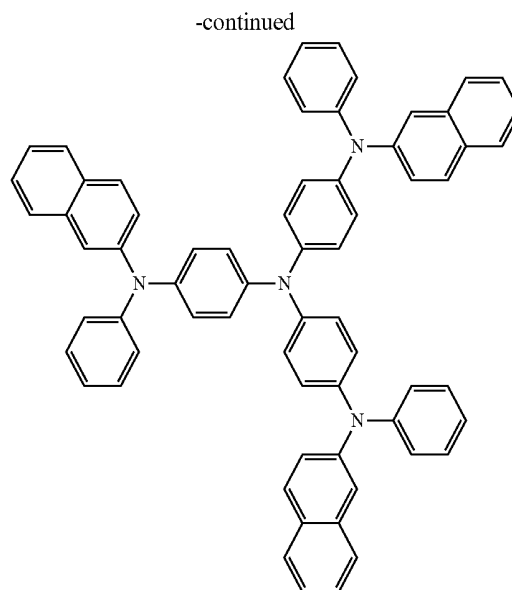
[0207] The hole transport region may include at least one selected from m-MTDATA, TDATA, 2-TNATA, NPB, β -NPB, TPD, spiro-TPD, spiro-NPB, methylated-NPB, TAPC, HMTPD, 4,4',4''-tris(N-carbazolyl)triphenylamine (TCTA), polyaniline/dodecylbenzenesulfonic acid (Pani/DBSA), poly(3,4-ethylenedioxythiophene)/poly(4-styrenesulfonate) (PEDOT/PSS), polyaniline/camphor sulfonic acid (Pani/CSA), (polyaniline)/poly(4-styrenesulfonate) (PANI/PSS), a compound represented by Formula 201, and a compound represented by Formula 202:



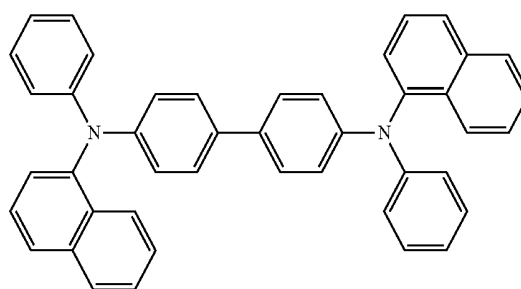
m-MTDATA



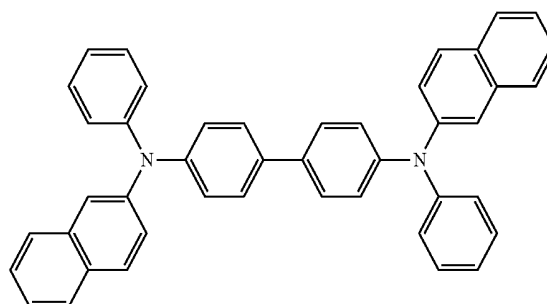
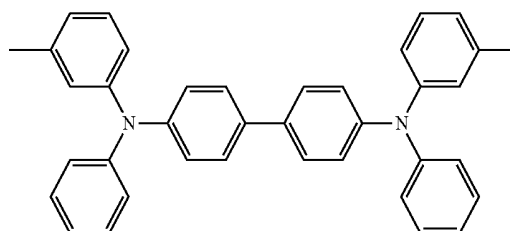
TDATA



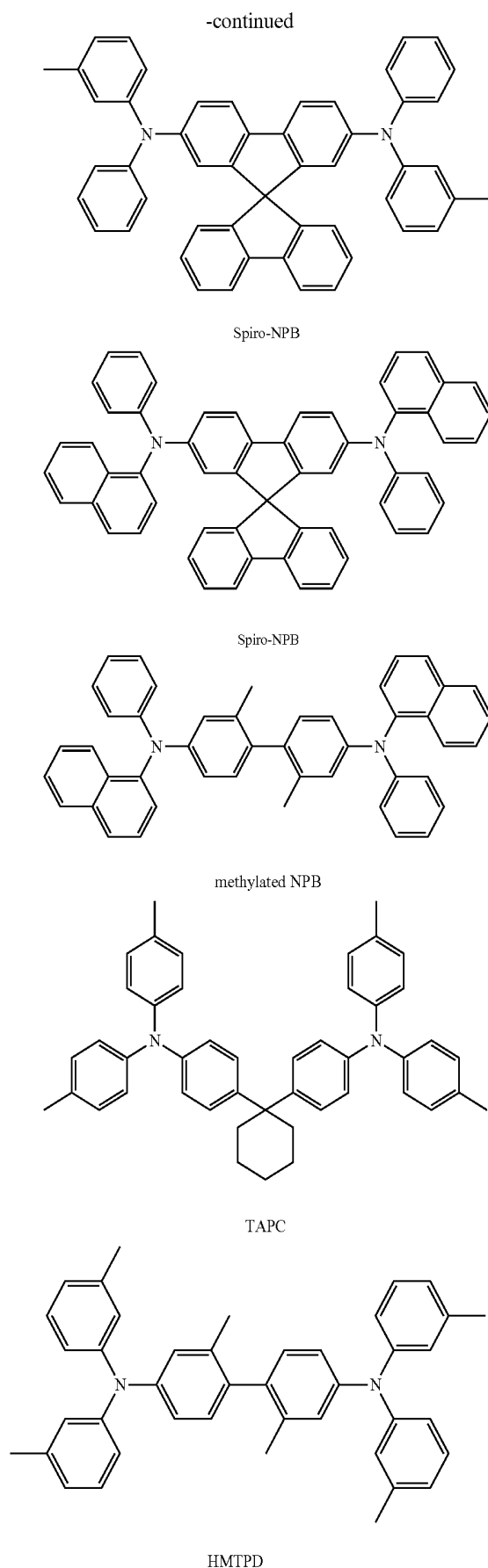
2-TNATA



NPB

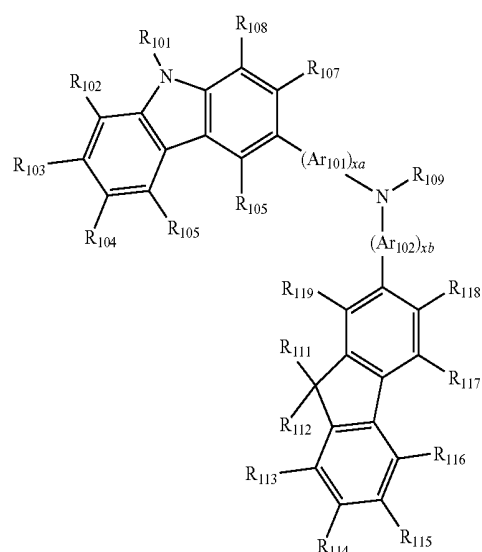
 β -NPB

TPD

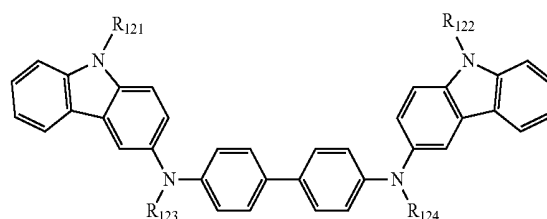


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Formula 201



Formula 202



[0208] wherein, in Formula 201, Ar₁₀₁ and Ar₁₀₂ may be each independently selected from

[0209] a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an acenaphthylenylene group, a fluorenylenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylenylene group, a fluoranthenylenylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a naphthacenylenylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, and a pentacenylene group; and

[0210] a phenylene group, a pentalenylene group, an indenylene group, a naphthylene group, an azulenylenylene group, a heptalenylene group, an acenaphthylenylene group, a fluorenylenylene group, a phenalenylene group, a phenanthrenylene group, an anthracenylenylene group, a fluoranthenylenylene group, a triphenylenylene group, a pyrenylene group, a chrysenylene group, a naphthacenylenylene group, a picenylene group, a perylenylene group, and a pentacenylene group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₂-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₂-C₁₀ heterocyc-

cloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₂-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

[0211] In Formula 201, xa and xb may be each independently an integer selected from 0 to 5. Alternatively, xa and xb may be each independently an integer selected from 0, 1, and 2. In some embodiments, xa may be 1 and xb may be 0, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0212] In Formulae 201 and 202, R₁₀₁ to R₁₀₈, R₁₁₁ to R₁₁₉, and R₁₂₁ to R₁₂₄ may be each independently selected from

[0213] a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, e.g., a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, a butyl group, pentyl group, or a hexyl group, and a C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group, e.g., a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, or a pentoxy group;

[0214] a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group and a C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, and a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof;

[0215] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluorenyl group, and a pyrenyl group; and

[0216] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a fluorenyl group, and a pyrenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₁₀ alkyl group, and a C₁-C₁₀ alkoxy group, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

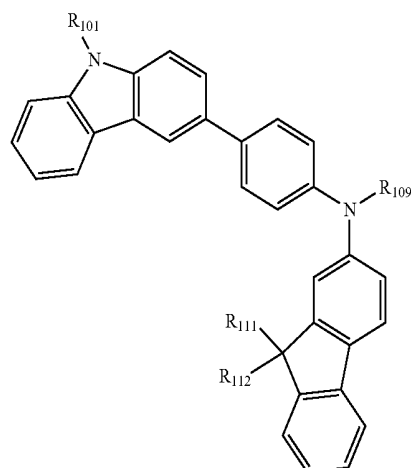
[0217] In Formula 201, R₁₀₉ may be selected from

[0218] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, and a pyridinyl group; and

[0219] a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, and a pyridinyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₂₀ alkyl group, a C₁-C₂₀ alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, and a pyridinyl group.

[0220] In some embodiments, the compound represented by Formula 201 may be represented by Formula 201A, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

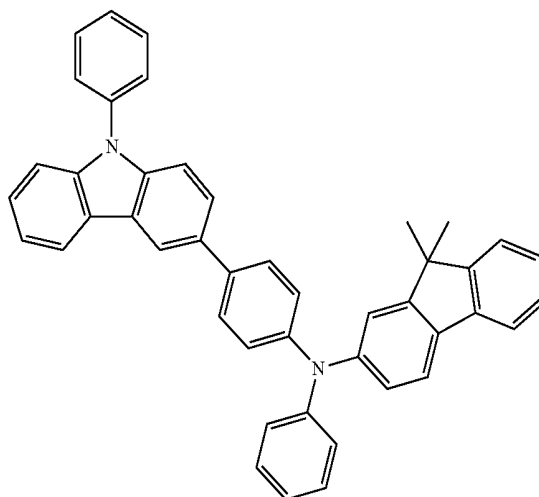
Formula 201A



[0221] R₁₀₁, R₁₁₁, R₁₁₂, and R₁₀₉ in Formula 201A may be understood by referring to the descriptions thereof provided herein.

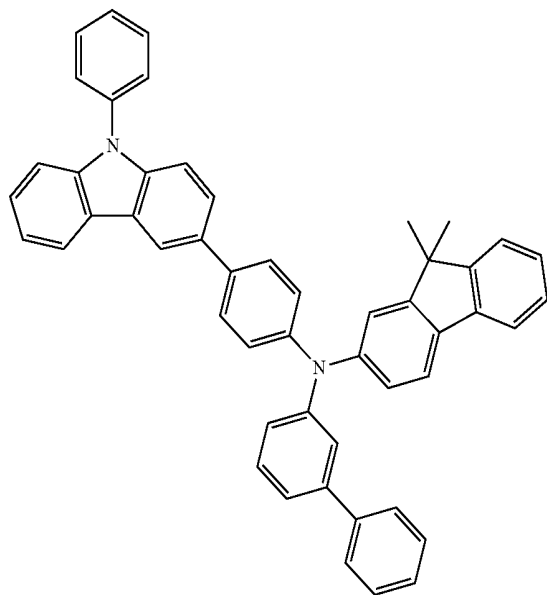
[0222] For example, the compound represented by Formula 201 and the compound represented by Formula 202 may include Compounds HT1 to HT20, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

HT1



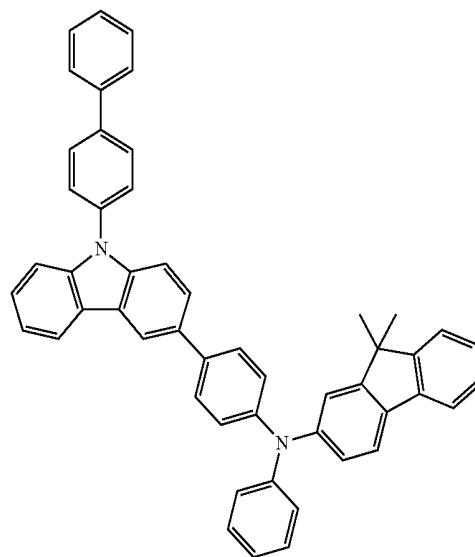
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HT2

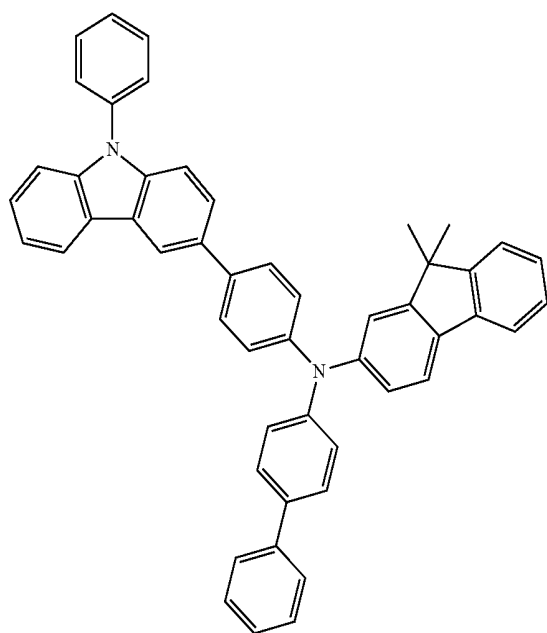


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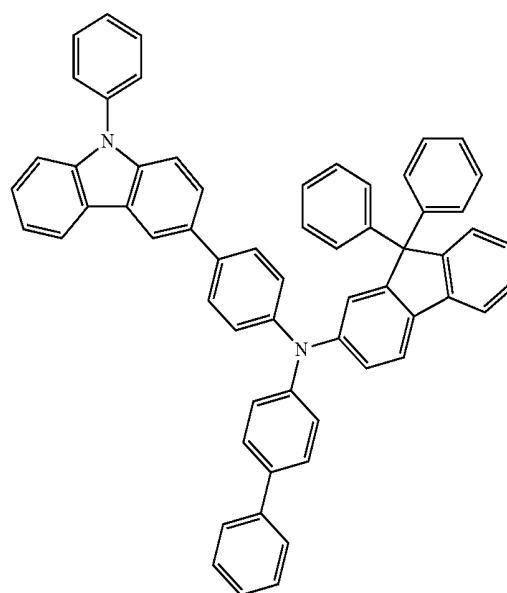
HT4



HT3

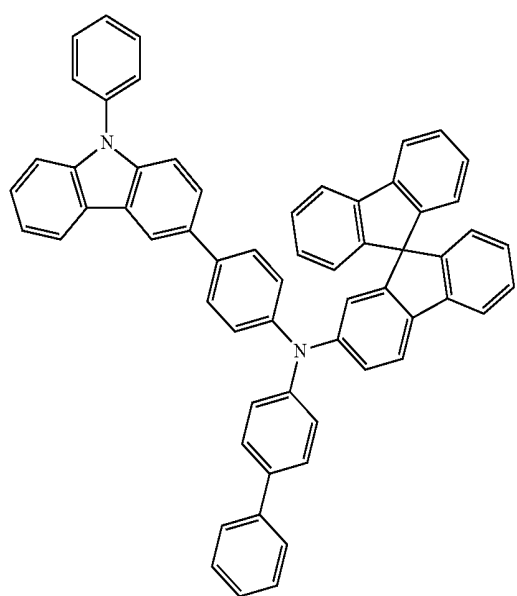


HT5



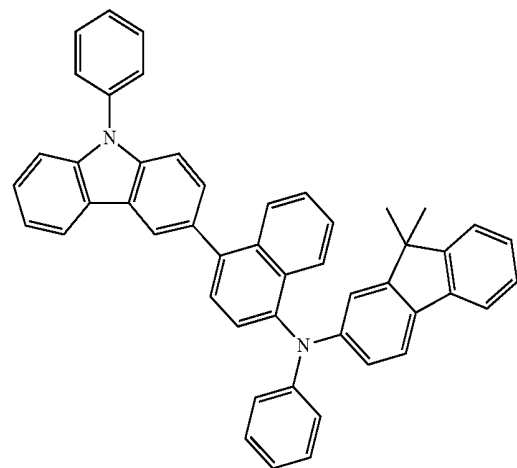
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HT6

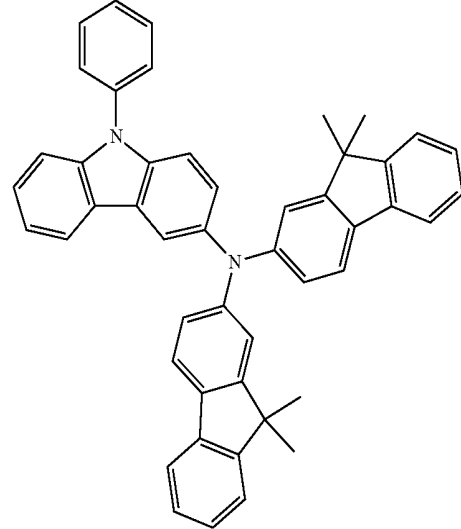


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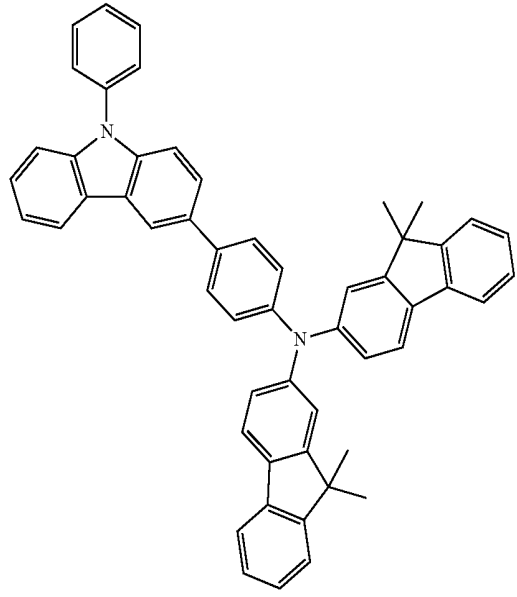
HT8



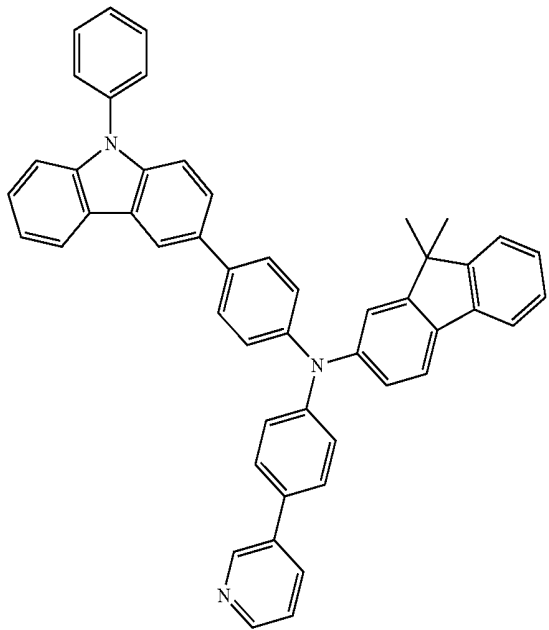
HT9



HT7

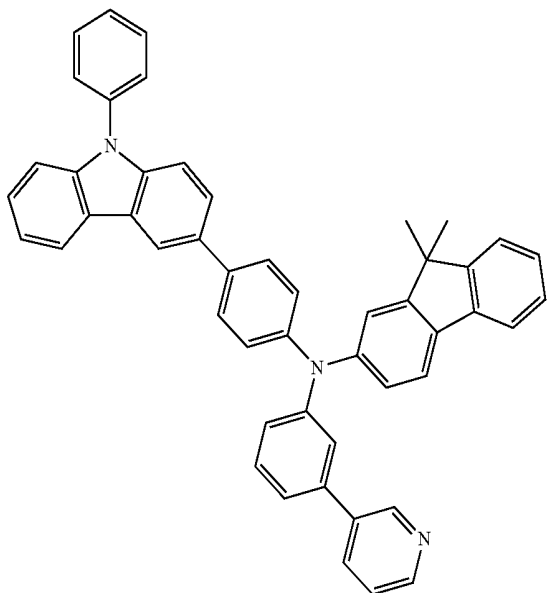


HT10



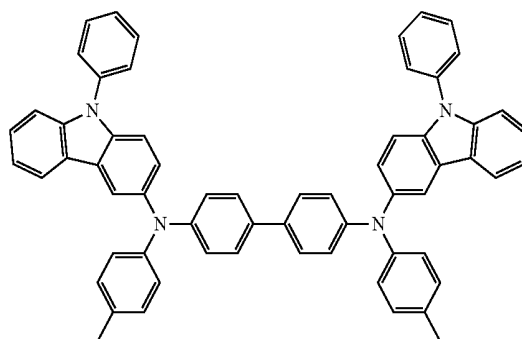
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HT11

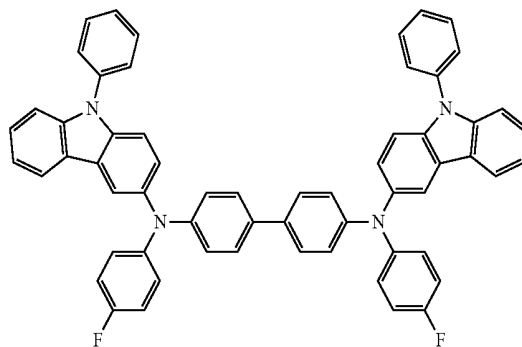


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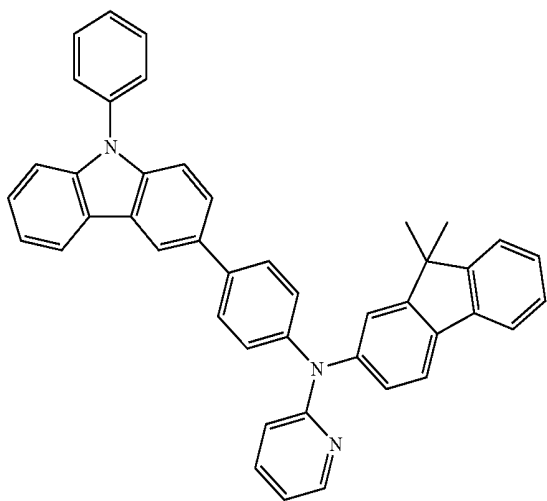
HT14



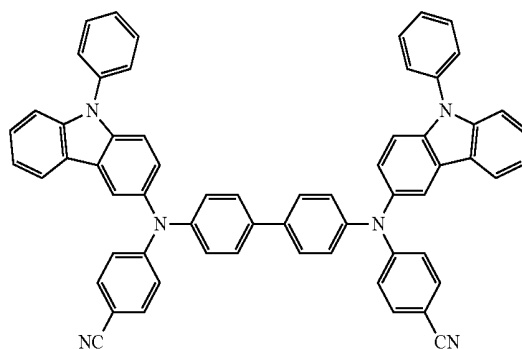
HT15



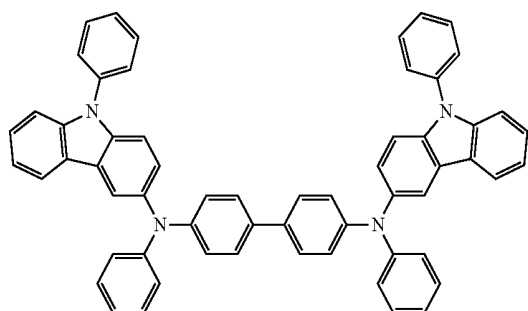
HT12



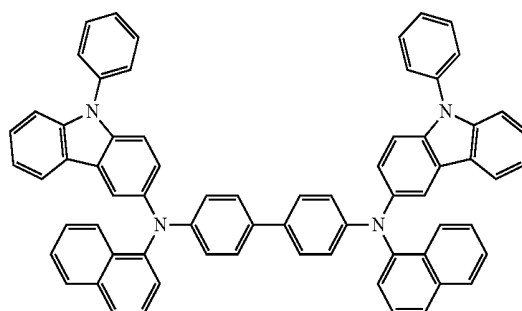
HT16



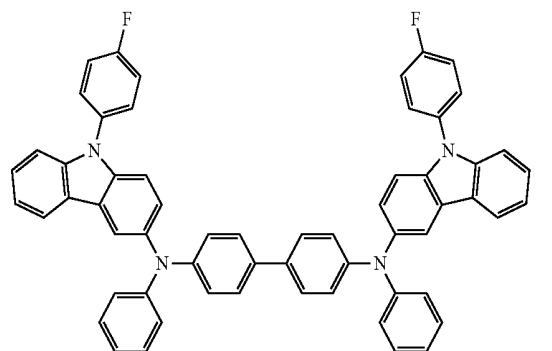
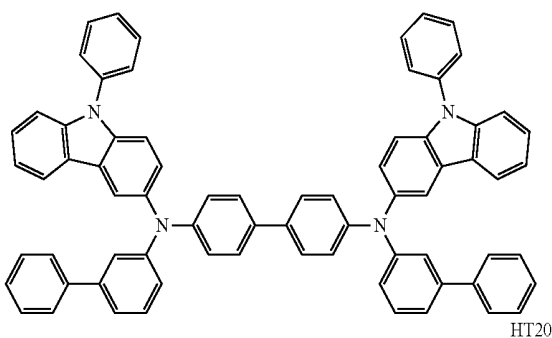
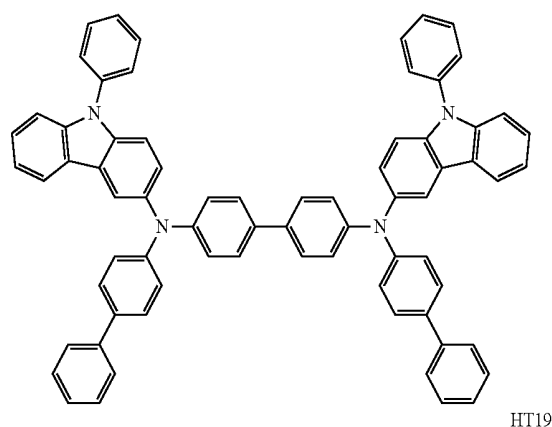
HT13



HT17



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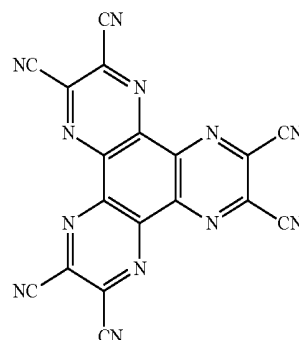


[0223] The thickness of the hole transport region may be in a range of about 100 Angstroms (Å) to about 10,000 Å, for example, about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the hole transport region includes a hole injection layer and a hole transport layer, the thickness of the hole injection layer may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 10,000 Å, for example, about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, a thickness of the hole transport layer may be in a range of about 50 Å to about 2,000 Å, for example, about 100 Å to about 1,500 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thicknesses of the hole transport region, the hole injection layer, and the hole transport layer are within these ranges, excellent hole transport characteristics may be obtained without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

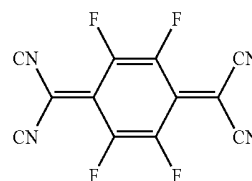
[0224] The hole transport region may include a charge-generating material as well as the mentioned materials above, to improve conductive properties. The charge-generating material may be homogeneously or non-homogeneously dispersed throughout the hole transport region.

[0225] The charge-generating material may be, for example, a p-dopant. The p-dopant may be selected from a quinone derivative, a metal oxide, and a cyano group-containing compound, but embodiments are not limited thereto. For example, non-limiting examples of the p-dopant may include a quinone derivative, such as tetracyanoquinonodimethane (TCNQ) or 2,3,5,6-tetrafluoro-tetracyano-1,4-benzoquinonodimethane (F4-TCNQ); a metal oxide, such as a tungsten oxide or a molybdenum oxide; and a compound containing a cyano group, such as Compound HT-D1 or HT-D2, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

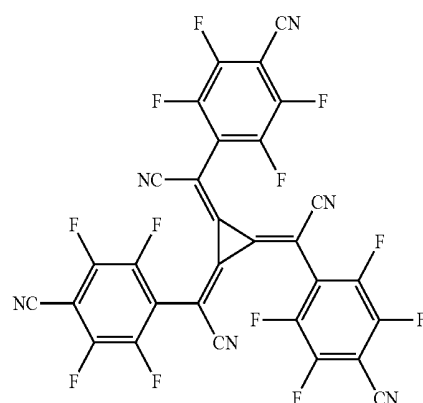
Compound HT-D1



F4-TCNQ



Compound HT-D2

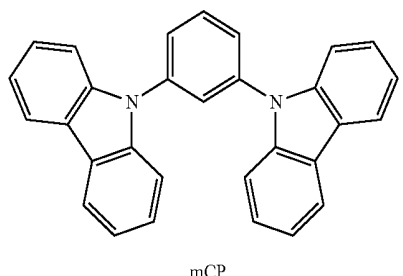


[0226] The hole transport region may further include a buffer layer.

[0227] The buffer layer may compensate for an optical resonance distance according to a wavelength of light emitted from the emission layer to improve the efficiency of an organic light-emitting device.

[0228] An emission layer (EML) may be formed on the hole transport region by using one or more suitable methods, such as vacuum deposition, spin coating, casting, or an LB method. When the emission layer is formed by vacuum deposition or spin coating, vacuum deposition and coating conditions for the emission layer may be generally similar to the conditions for forming a hole injection layer, though the conditions may vary depending on the compound used.

[0229] The hole transport region may further include an electron blocking layer. The electron blocking layer may include any suitable material, e.g., mCP, but embodiments are not limited thereto:



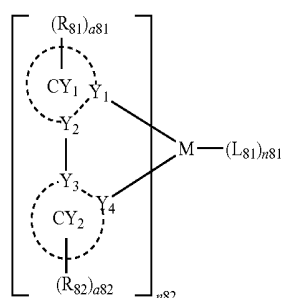
[0230] When the organic light-emitting device 10 is a full color organic light-emitting device, the emission layer may be patterned into a red emission layer, a green emission layer, and a blue emission layer. In some embodiments, the emission layer may have a structure in which the red emission layer, the green emission layer, and/or the blue emission layer are layered to emit white light or other various embodiments are possible.

[0231] The emission layer may include the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1. The emission layer may further include a dopant. The dopant may include at least one selected from a fluorescent dopant and a phosphorescent dopant.

[0232] For example, a host in the emission layer may include the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1.

[0233] The dopant in the emission layer may include a fluorescent dopant which emits light according to a fluorescent emission mechanism or a phosphorescent dopant which emits light according to a phosphorescent emission mechanism.

[0234] According to an embodiment, the dopant in the emission layer may be a phosphorescent dopant, and the phosphorescent dopant may include an organometallic compound represented by Formula 81:



Formula 81

[0235] wherein, in Formula 81,

[0236] M may be iridium (Ir), platinum (Pt), osmium (Os), titanium (Ti), zirconium (Zr), hafnium (Hf), europium (Eu), terbium (Tb), or thulium (Tm);

[0237] Y₁ to Y₄ may be each independently carbon (C) or nitrogen (N);

[0238] Y₁ and Y₂ may be linked to each other via a single bond or a double bond, and Y₃ and Y₄ are linked to each other via a single bond or a double bond;

[0239] CY₁ and CY₂ may be each independently selected from a benzene, a naphthalene, a fluorene, a spiro-fluorene, an indene, a pyrrole, a thiophene, a furan, an imidazole, a pyrazole, a thiazole, an isothiazole, an oxazole, an isoxazole, a pyridine, a pyrazine, a pyrimidine, a pyridazine, a quinoxaline, an isoquinoline, a benzoquinoline, a quinoxaline, a quinazoline, a carbazole, a benzoimidazole, a benzofuran, a benzothiophene, an isobenzothiophene, a benzoxazole, an isobenzoxazole, a triazole, a tetrazole, an oxadiazole, a triazine, a dibenzofuran, and a dibenzothiophene, wherein CY₁ and CY₂ may be, optionally, line to each other via a single bond or an organic linking group;

[0240] R₈₁ and R₈₂ may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, —SF₅, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a substituted or unsubstituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, —N(Q₁)(Q₂), —Si(Q₃)(Q₄)(Q₅), and —B(Q₆)(Q₇);

[0241] a₈₁ and a₈₂ may be each independently an integer selected from 1 to 5;

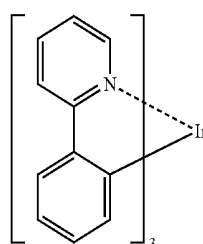
[0242] n₈₁ may be an integer selected from 0 to 4;

[0243] n₈₂ may be an integer selected from 1, 2, and 3; and

[0244] L₈₁ may be any suitable monovalent, divalent, or trivalent organic ligand.

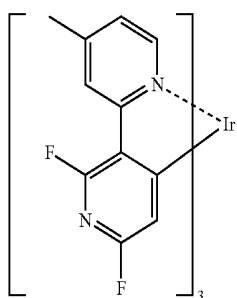
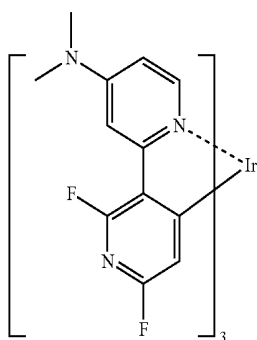
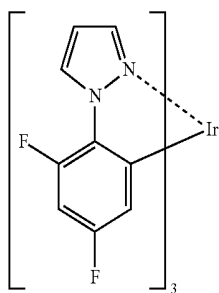
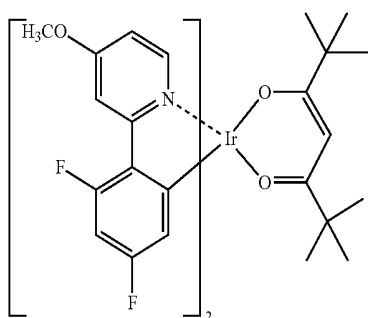
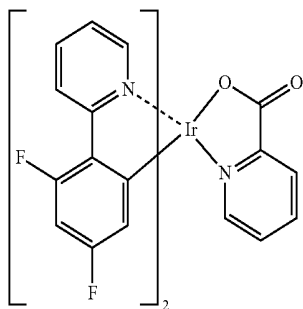
[0245] R₈₁ to R₈₂ may be the same as defined in connection with R₄₁ provided herein.

[0246] The phosphorescent dopant may include at least one selected from Compounds PD1 to PD78 and Flr6, but embodiments are not limited thereto:



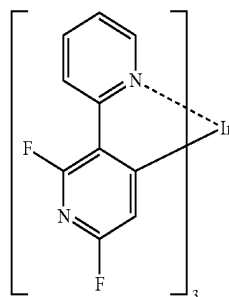
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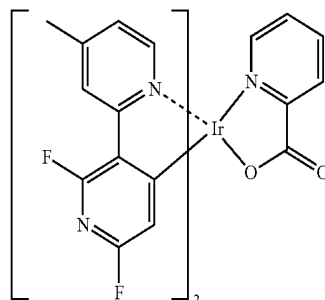
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PD2



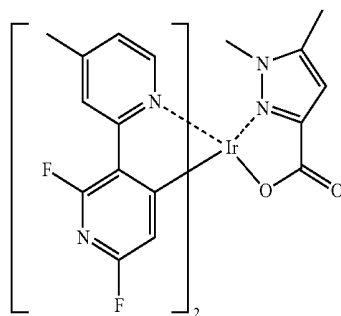
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PD3



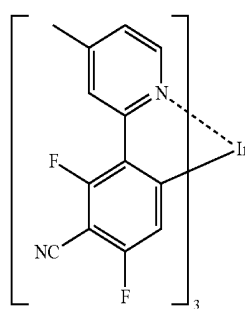
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PD4



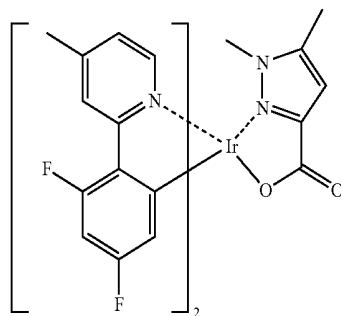
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PD5



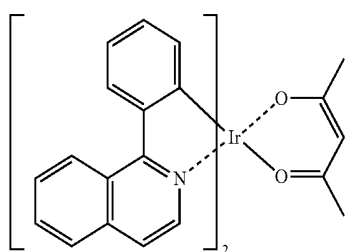
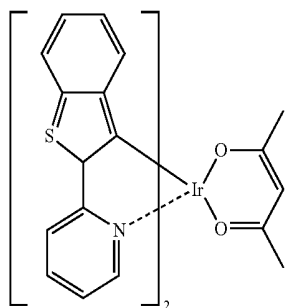
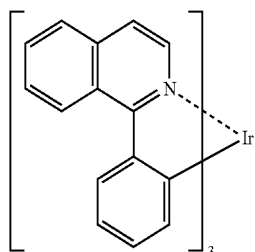
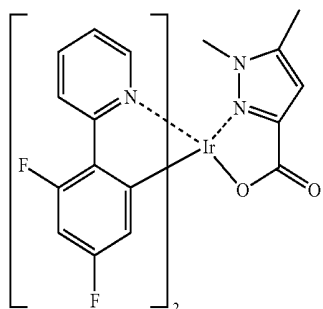
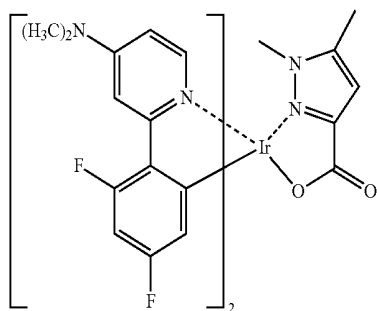
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PD6



PD11

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PD12

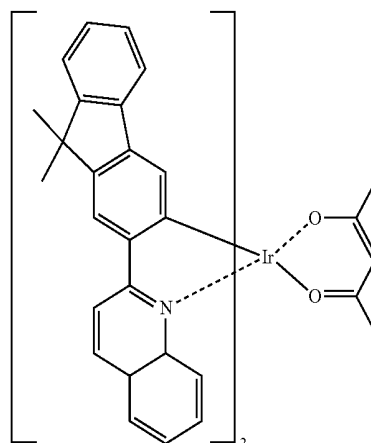
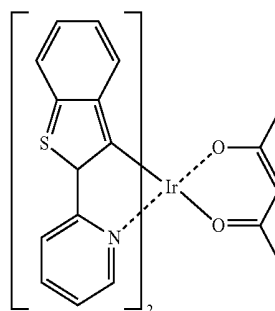
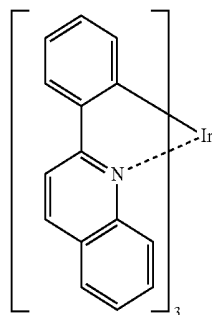
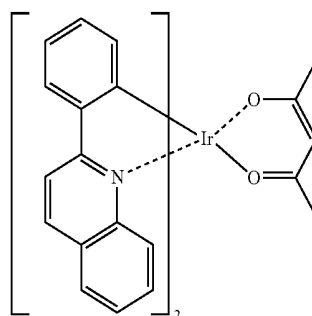
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PD14

PD15

PD16

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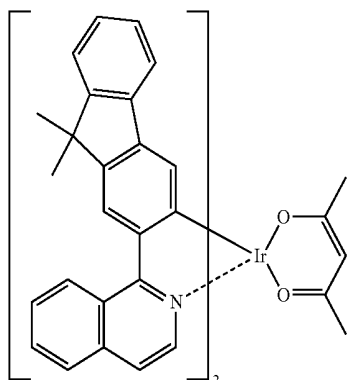
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PD18

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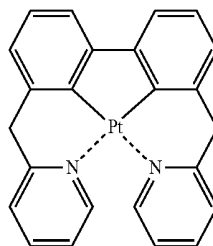
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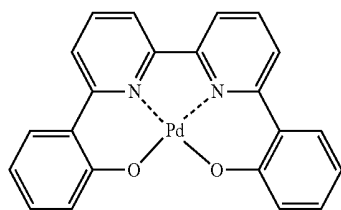


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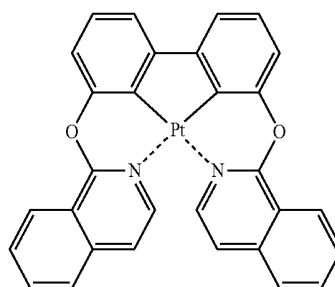
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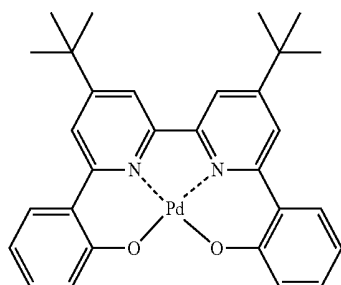
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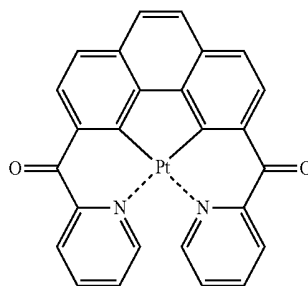
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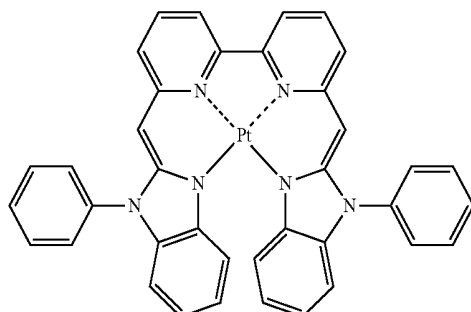
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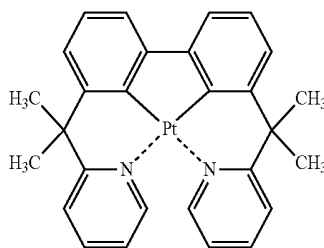
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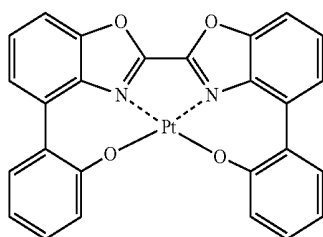
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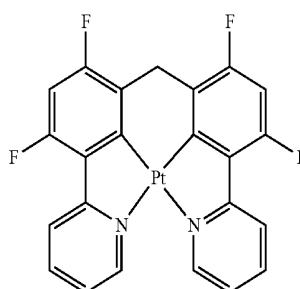
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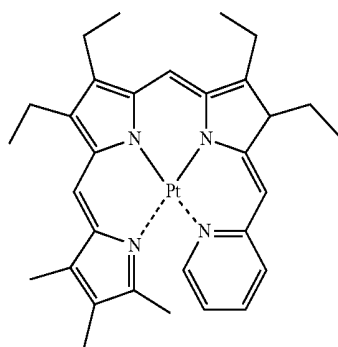
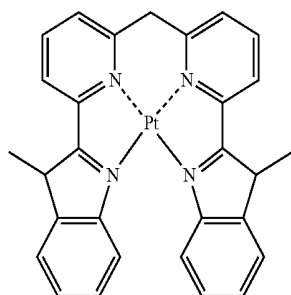
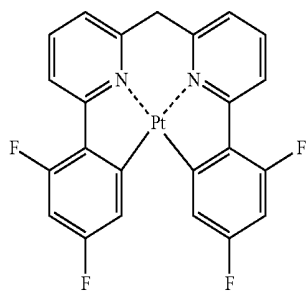
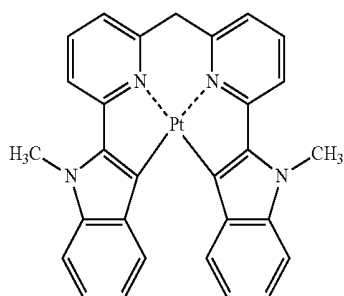
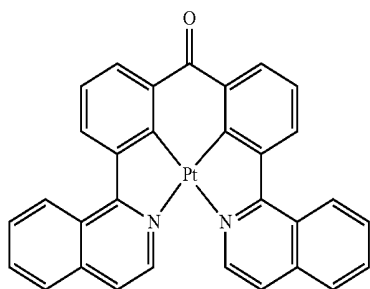


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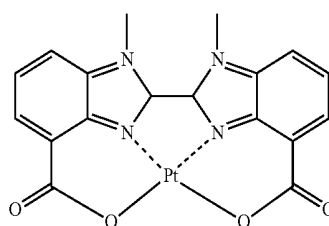
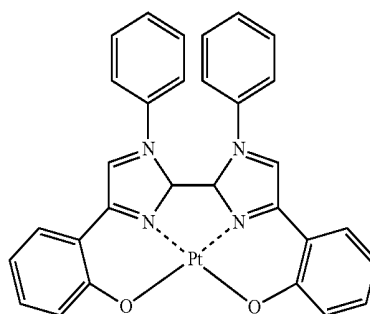
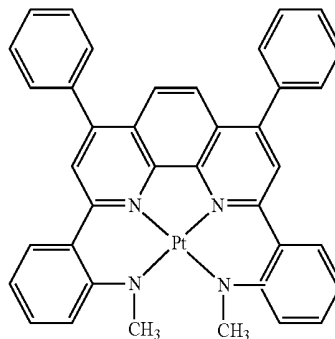
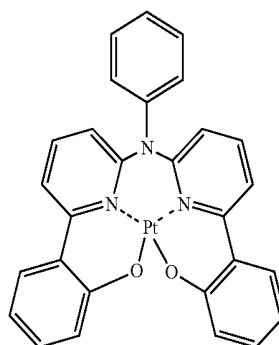
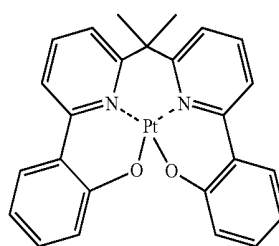


PD30

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PD31

PD36

PD32

PD37

PD33

PD38

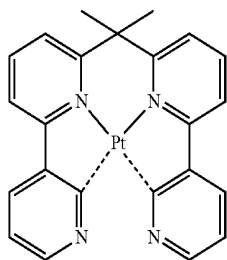
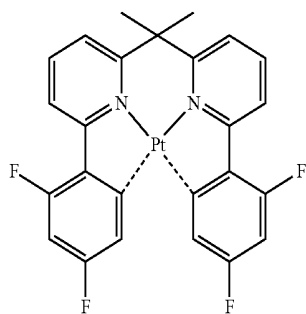
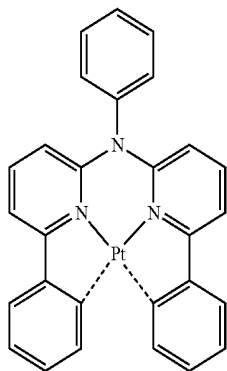
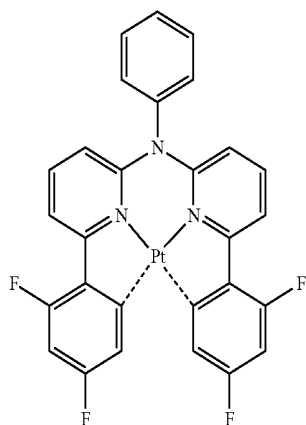
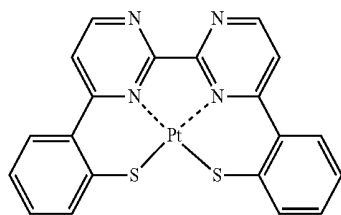
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PD39

PD35

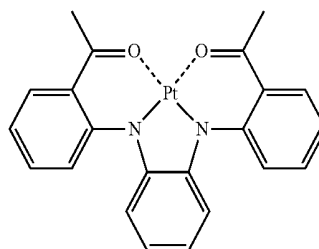
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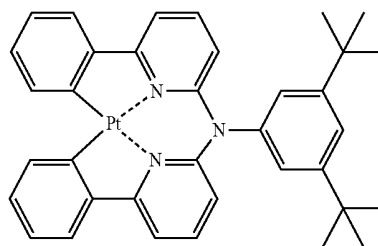
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PD41



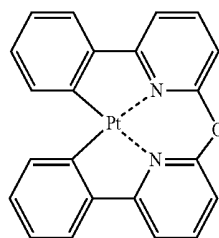
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PD42



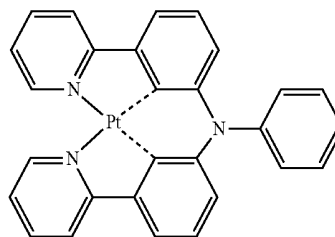
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PD43



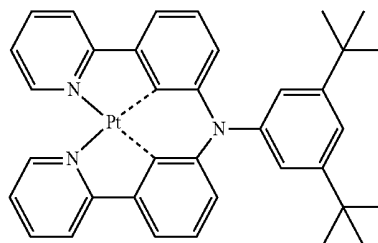
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PD44

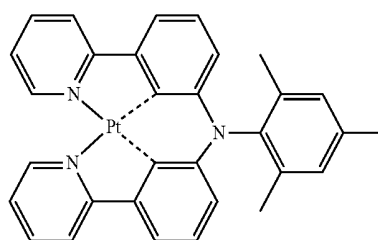


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PD45



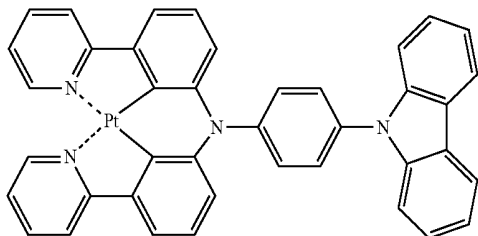
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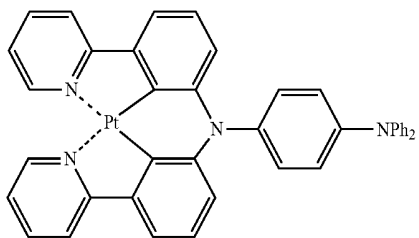
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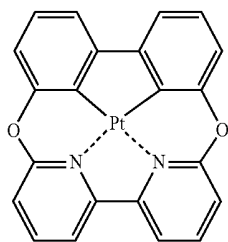
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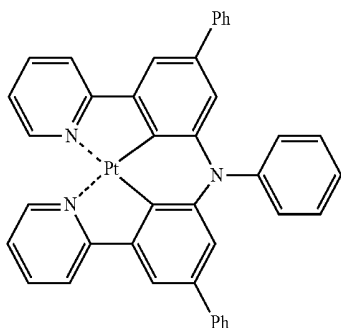
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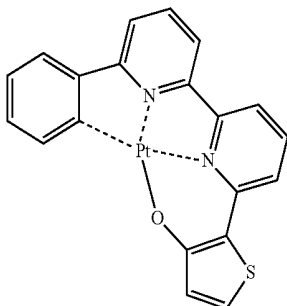
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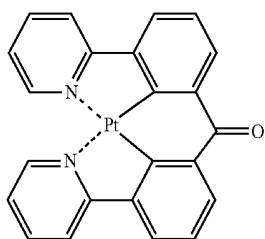
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PD56

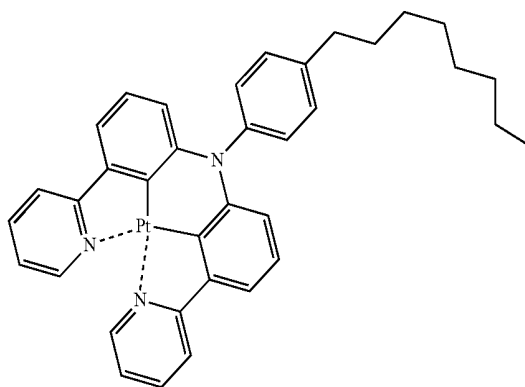


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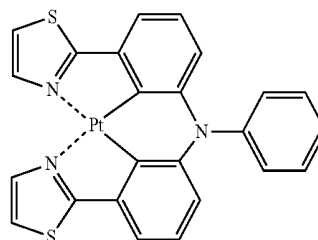


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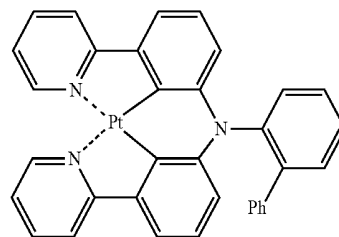
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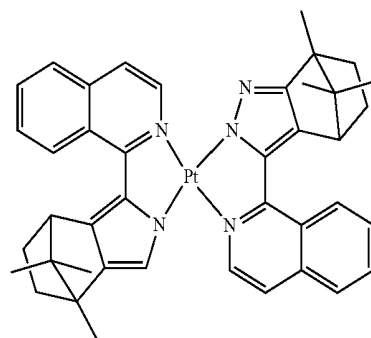
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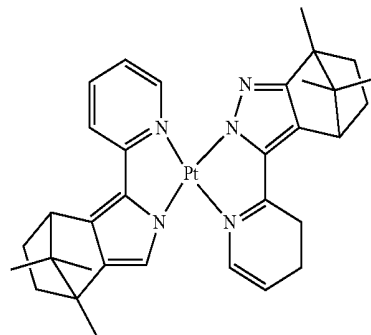
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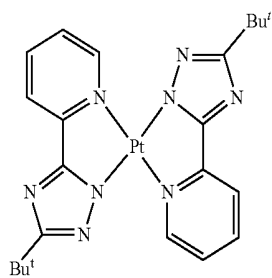
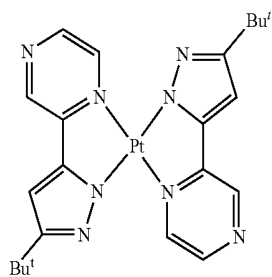
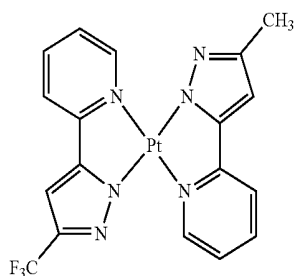
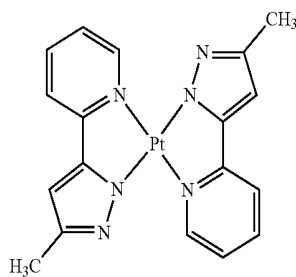
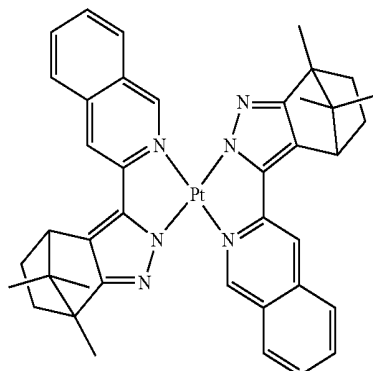
PD61



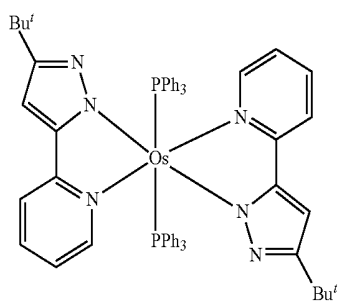
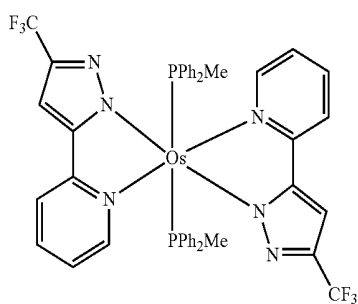
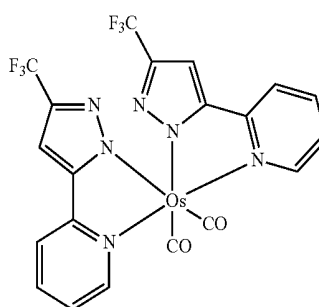
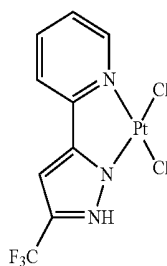
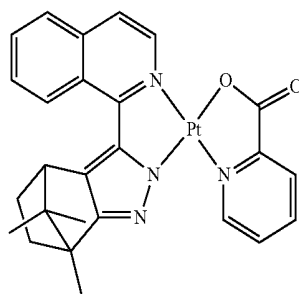
PD62



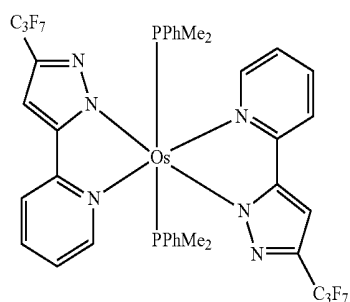
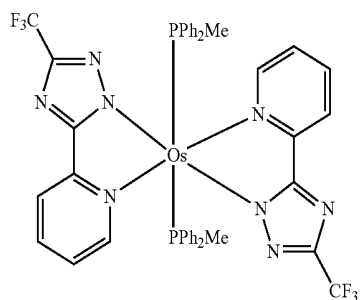
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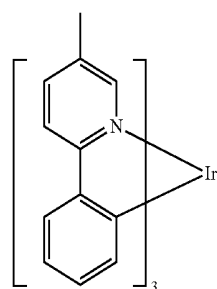


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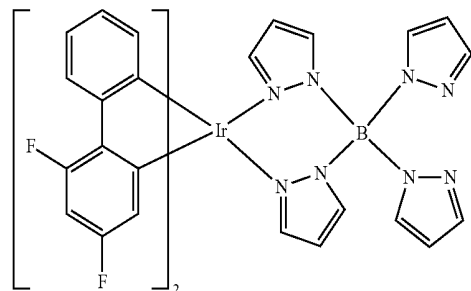
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PD73



PD78

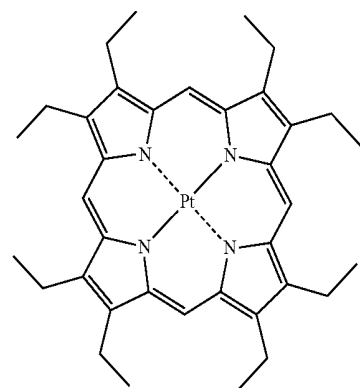
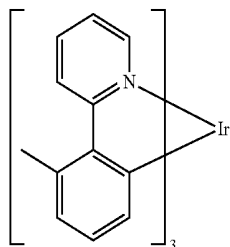
PD74



Flr6

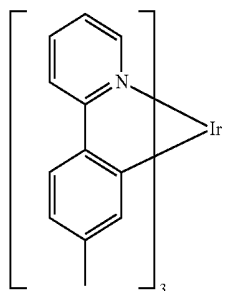
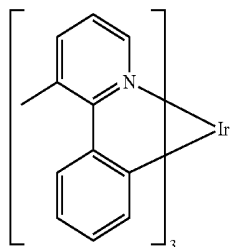
[0247] In some embodiments, the phosphorescent dopant may include PtOEP:

PD75



PD76

PtOEP



PD77

[0248] When the emission layer includes the host and the dopant, the amount of the dopant may be selected from a range of about 0.01 part by weight to about 20 parts by weight based on about 100 parts by weight of the host, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0249] The thickness of the emission layer may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, for example, about 200 Å to about 600 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thickness of the emission layer is within these ranges, excellent light-emission characteristics may be achieved without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

[0250] Then, an electron transport region may be formed on the emission layer.

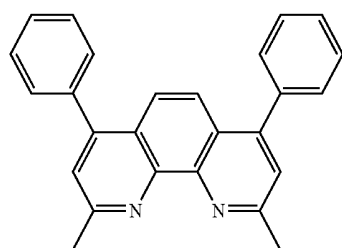
[0251] The electron transport region may include at least one selected from a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, and an electron injection layer, but embodiments not limited thereto.

[0252] In some embodiments, the electron transport region may have a structure of a hole blocking layer/an electron transport layer/an electron injection layer or an electron transport layer/an electron injection layer, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

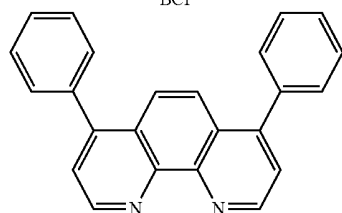
[0253] The electron transport layer may have a single layer structure or a multi-layer structure including two or more different materials.

[0254] The conditions for forming a hole blocking layer, an electron transport layer, and an electron injection layer may be inferred based on the conditions for forming the hole injection layer.

[0255] When the electron transport region includes a hole blocking layer, the hole blocking layer, for example, may include at least one of BCP and Bphen, but embodiments are not limited thereto:



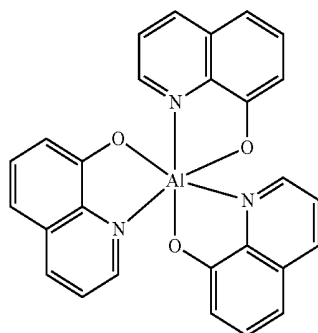
BCP



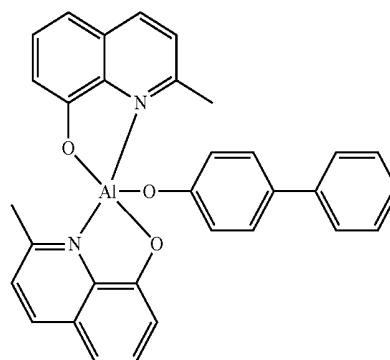
Bphen

[0256] The thickness of the hole blocking layer may be in a range of about 20 Å to about 1,000 Å, for example, about 30 Å to about 300 Å. When the thickness of the hole blocking layer is within these ranges, excellent hole blocking characteristics may be achieved without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

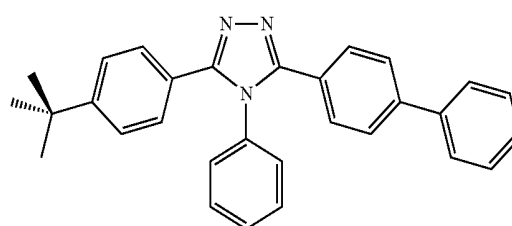
[0257] The electron transport layer may further include at least one selected from BCP, Bphen, Alq₃, BALq, TAZ, and NTAZ:

Alq₃

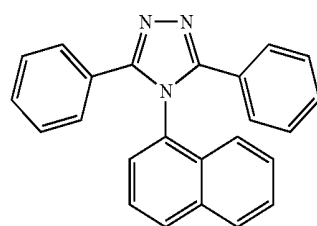
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BALq



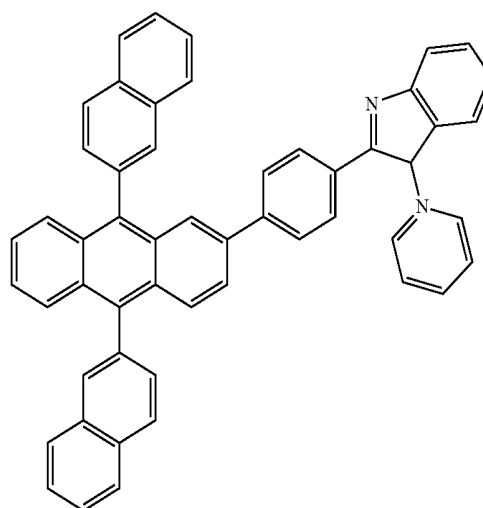
TAZ



NTAZ

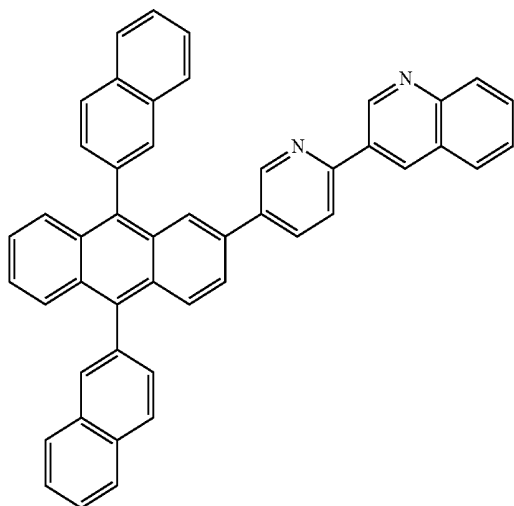
[0258] Alternatively, the electron transport layer may include at least one selected from Compounds ET1 to ET19, but embodiments are not limited thereto:

ET1



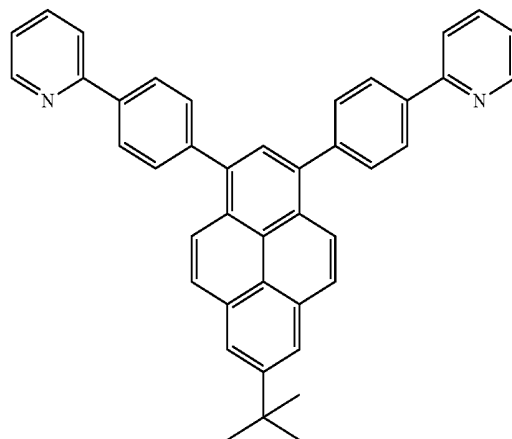
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ET2

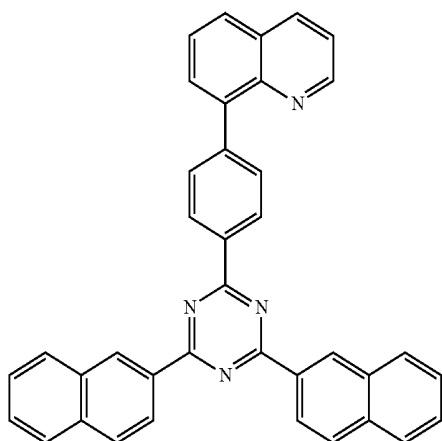


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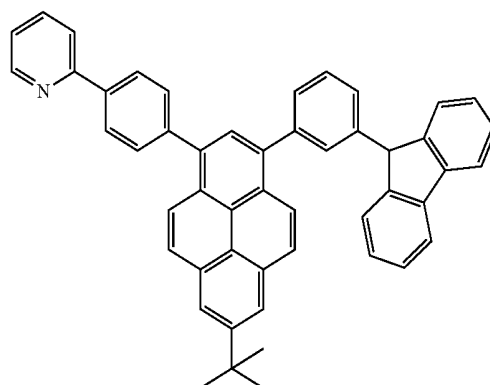
ET5



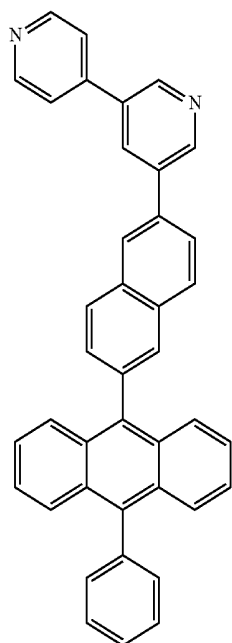
ET3



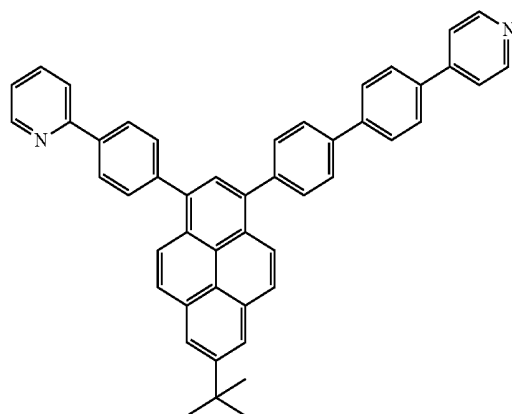
ET6



ET4

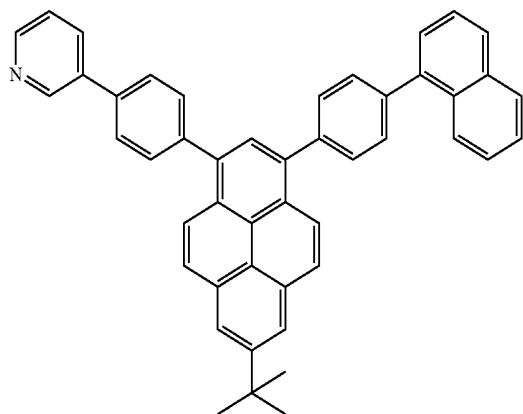


ET7



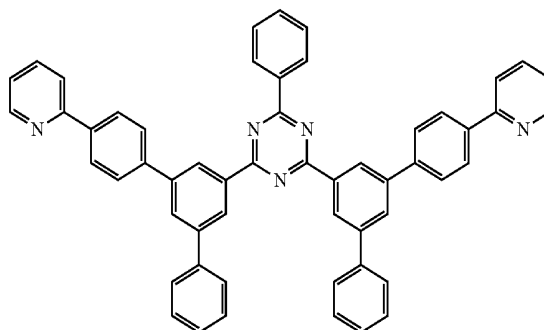
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ET8

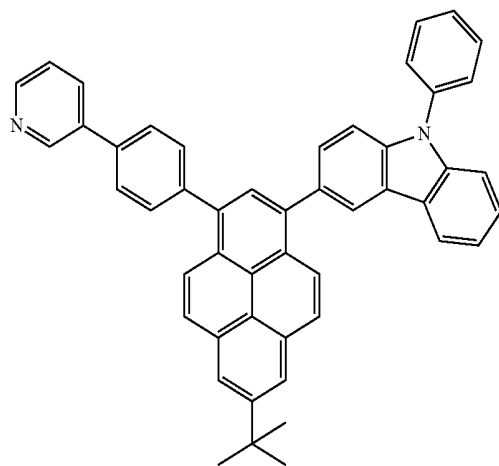


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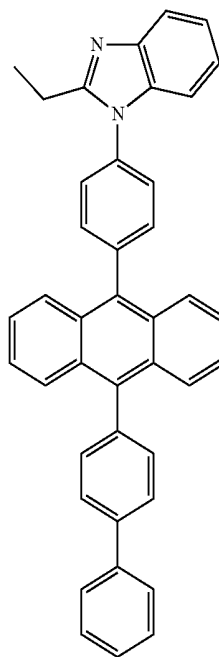
ET12



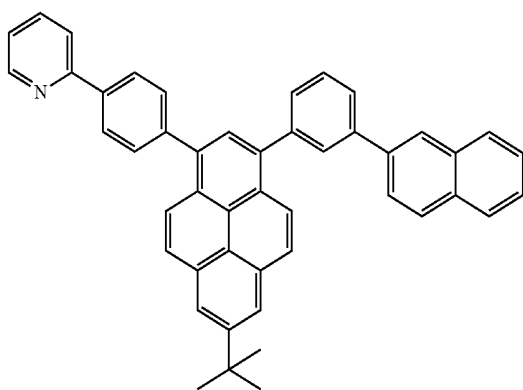
ET9



ET13

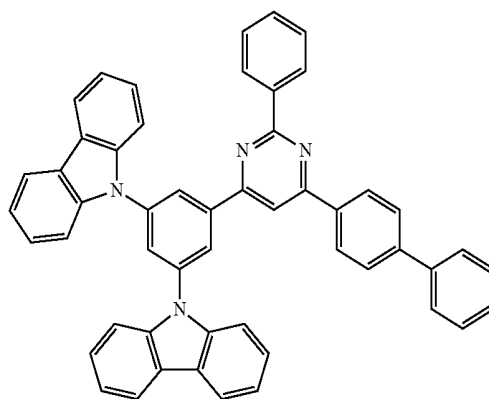
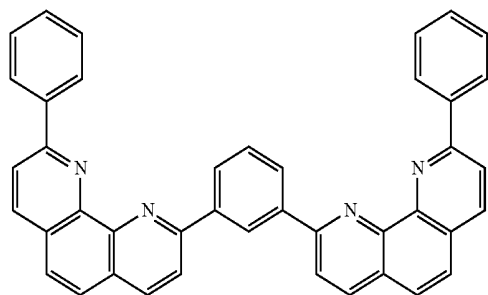


ET10

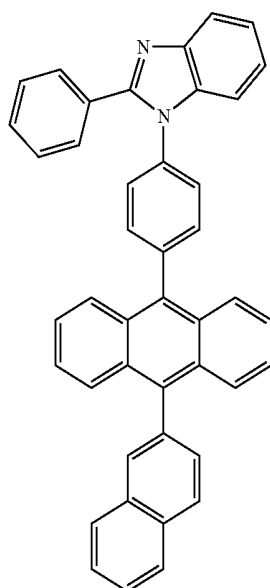
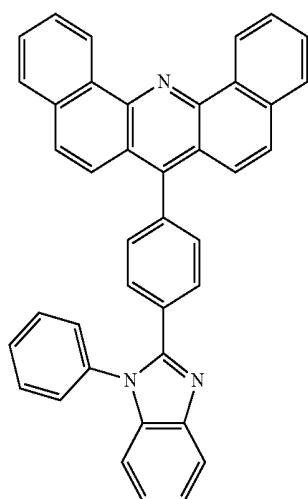
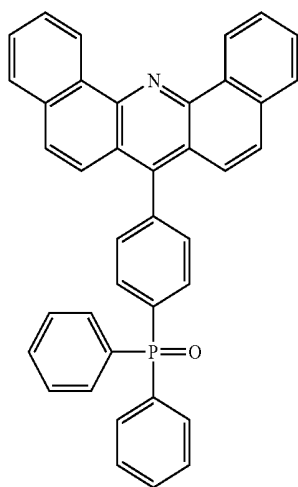


ET14

ET11

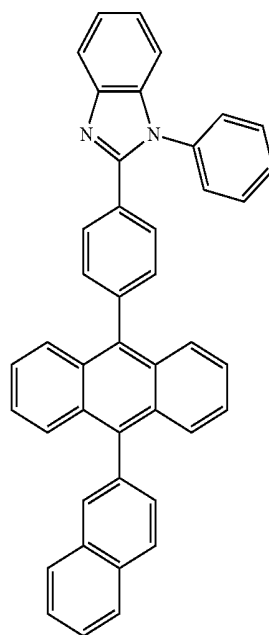


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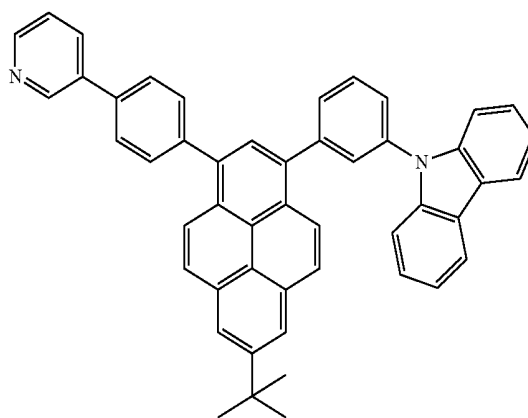
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ET15



ET18

ET16



ET19

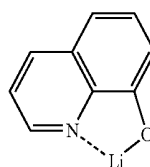
ET17

[0259] The thickness of the electron transport layer may be in a range of about 100 Å to about 1,000 Å, for example, about 150 Å to about 500 Å. When the thickness of the electron transport layer is within these ranges, excellent electron transport characteristics may be achieved without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

[0260] The electron transport layer may further include a metal-containing material in addition to the materials described above.

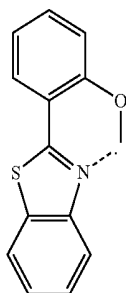
[0261] The metal-containing material may include a Li complex. The Li complex may include, for example, Compound ET-D1 (lithium quinolate, LiQ) or ET-D2:

ET-D1



-continued

ET-D2



[0262] The electron transport region may include an electron injection layer that facilitates electron injection from the second electrode 19.

[0263] The electron injection layer may include at least one selected from, LiF, NaCl, CsF, Li₂O, and BaO.

[0264] The thickness of the electron injection layer may be in a range of about 1 Å to about 100 Å, for example, about 3 Å to about 90 Å. While not wishing to be bound by theory, it is understood that when the thickness of the electron injection layer is within these ranges, excellent electron injection characteristics may be achieved without a substantial increase in driving voltage.

[0265] The second electrode 19 is disposed on the organic layer 15. The second electrode 19 may be a cathode. A material for the second electrode 19 may be a material having a relatively low work function, such as a metal, an alloy, an electrically conductive compound, and a mixture thereof. Detailed examples of the material for forming the second electrode 19 may include lithium (Li), magnesium (Mg), aluminum (Al), aluminum-lithium (Al—Li), calcium (Ca), magnesium-indium (Mg—In), and magnesium-silver (Mg—Ag). In some embodiments, ITO or IZO may be used to form a transmissive second electrode 19 to manufacture a top emission light-emitting device, and such a variation may be possible.

[0266] Hereinbefore the organic light-emitting device 10 has been described with reference to FIG. 1, but embodiments are not limited thereto.

[0267] A C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group as used herein refers to a linear or branched saturated aliphatic hydrocarbon monovalent group having 1 to 60 carbon atoms. Detailed examples thereof may include a methyl group, an ethyl group, a propyl group, an isobutyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, a pentyl group, an iso-amyl group, and a hexyl group. A C₁-C₆₀ alkylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group.

[0268] A C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group as used herein refers to a monovalent group represented by —OA₁₀₁ (where A₁₀₁ is the C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group). Detailed examples thereof may include a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, and an isopropoxy group.

[0269] A C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group as used herein refers to a group formed by placing at least one carbon double bond in the middle or at the terminal of the C₂-C₆₀ alkyl group.

[0270] Detailed examples thereof may include an ethenyl group, a propenyl group, and a butenyl group. A C₂-C₆₀ alkenylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group.

[0271] A C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group as used herein refers to a group formed by placing at least one carbon triple bond in the middle or at the terminal of the C₂-C₆₀ alkyl group.

[0272] Detailed examples thereof may include an ethenyl group and a propenyl group. A C₂-C₆₀ alkynylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group.

[0273] A C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group as used herein refers to a monovalent monocyclic saturated hydrocarbon group including 3 to 10 carbon atoms. Detailed examples thereof may include a cyclopropyl group, a cyclobutyl group, a cyclopentyl group, a cyclohexyl group, and a cycloheptyl group. A C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group.

[0274] A C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group as used herein refers to a monovalent monocyclic group including at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, and S as a ring-forming atom and 1 to 10 carbon atoms. Detailed examples thereof may include a tetrahydrofuranyl group and a tetrahydrothiophenyl group. A C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group.

[0275] A C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group as used herein refers to a monovalent monocyclic group that has 3 to 10 carbon atoms and at least one double bond in its ring, and is not aromatic. Detailed examples thereof may include a cyclopentenyl group, a cyclohexenyl group, and a cycloheptenyl group. A C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group.

[0276] A C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group as used herein refers to a monovalent monocyclic group including at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, and S as a ring-forming atom, 1 to 10 carbon atoms, and at least one double bond in its ring.

[0277] Detailed examples of the C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group may include a 2,3-dihydrofuranyl group and a 2,3-dihydrothiophenyl group. A C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group.

[0278] A C₈-C₈₀ aryl group as used herein refers to a monovalent group having a carbocyclic aromatic system having 6 to 60 carbon atoms. A C₆-C₆₀ arylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having a carbocyclic aromatic system having 6 to 60 carbon atoms. Detailed examples of the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group may include a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, an anthracenyl group, a phenanthrenyl group, a pyrenyl group, and a chrysenyl group. When the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group and the C₆-C₆₀ arylene group each include a plurality of rings, the plurality of rings may be fused to each other.

[0279] A C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group as used herein refers to a monovalent group having a carbocyclic aromatic system having at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, and S as a ring-forming atom and 1 to 60 carbon atoms. A C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylene group as used herein refers to a divalent group having a carbocyclic aromatic system having at least one heteroatom selected from N, O, P, and S as a ring-forming atom and 1 to 60 carbon atoms. Detailed examples of the C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group may include a pyridinyl group, a pyrimidinyl group, a pyrazinyl group, a pyridazinyl group, a triazinyl group, a quinolinyl group, and an isoquinolinyl

group. When the C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group and the C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylene group each include a plurality of rings, the plurality of rings may be fused to each other.

[0280] A C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group as used herein is represented by —OA₁₀₂ (where A₁₀₂ is the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group). A C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group as used herein is represented by —SA₁₀₃ (where A₁₀₃ is the C₆-C₆₀ aryl group).

[0281] A monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group as used herein refers to a monovalent group that has two or more rings condensed to each other, only carbon atoms (for example, the number of carbon atoms may be in a range of 8 to 60) as ring forming atoms, wherein the molecular structure as a whole is non-aromatic. A detailed example of the non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group may include a fluorenyl group. A divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group.

[0282] A monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group as used herein refers to a monovalent group that has a plurality of rings condensed with each other, has a heteroatom selected from N, O, P, and S, other than carbon atoms (for example, the number of carbon atoms may be in a range of 1 to 60), as ring-forming atoms, wherein the molecular structure as a whole is non-aromatic. The monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group includes a carbazolyl group. A divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group as used herein refers to a divalent group having the same structure as the monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

[0283] In the present specification, at least one of substituents of the substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkylene group, substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkylene group, substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenylene group, substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenylene group, substituted C₆-C₆₀ arylylene group, substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroarylylene group, substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, substituted divalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, substituted C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, substituted C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, substituted C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, substituted C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, substituted C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, substituted C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, substituted C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, substituted C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, substituted C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and substituted monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group may be selected from:

[0284] a deuterium, —F, —Cl, —Br, —I, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkenyl group, a C₂-C₆₀ alkynyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryloxy group, a C₆-C₆₀ arylthio group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group, and —Si(Q₃₁)(Q₃₂)(Q₃₃),

[0285] wherein Q₁ to Q₃, Q₁₁ to Q₁₃, Q₂₁ to Q₂₃, and Q₃₁ to Q₃₃ may be each independently selected from a hydrogen, a C₁-C₆₀ alkyl group, a C₁-C₆₀ alkoxy group, a C₃-C₁₀

cycloalkyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkyl group, a C₃-C₁₀ cycloalkenyl group, a C₁-C₁₀ heterocycloalkenyl group, a C₆-C₆₀ aryl group, a C₁-C₆₀ heteroaryl group, a monovalent non-aromatic condensed polycyclic group, and a monovalent non-aromatic condensed heteropolycyclic group.

[0286] A biphenyl group as used herein refers to a phenyl group substituted with at least one phenyl group.

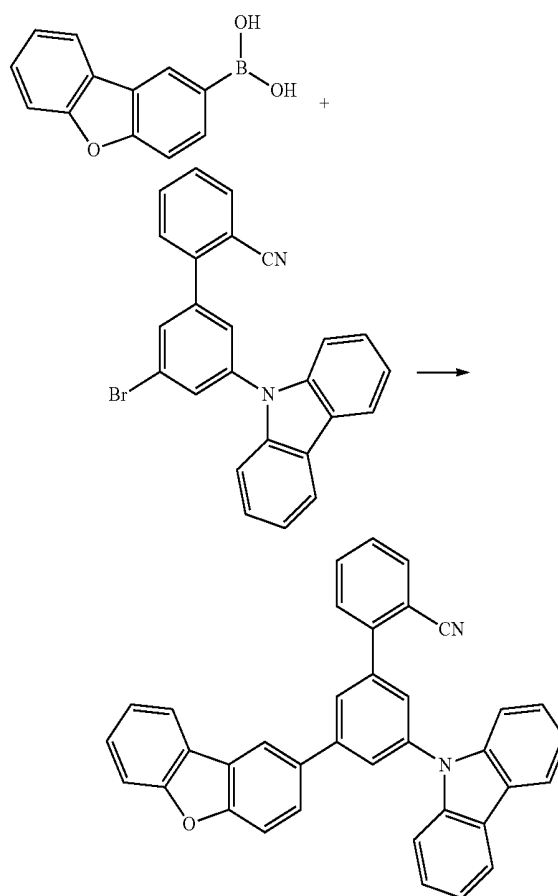
[0287] Hereinafter the organic light-emitting device according to an embodiment will be described in detail with reference to Synthesis Examples and Examples; however, the inventive concept is not limited thereto. The wording “B was used instead of A” used in describing Synthesis Examples means that an amount of B used was identical to an amount of A used based on molar equivalence.

EXAMPLE

Synthesis Example 1

Synthesis of Compound 1

[0288]



Compound 1

[0289] In a round bottom flask, 8.969 grams (g) (42.30 millimoles (mmol)) of dibenzo[b,d]furan-2-ylboronic acid, 14.923 g (35.25 mmol) of 3'-bromo-5'-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-[1,1'-biphenyl]-2-carbonitrile, 2.037 g (1.76 mmol) of tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium [Pd(PPh₃)₄], and 9.745 g (70.51 mmol) of potassium carbonate were added to 50

milliliters (mL) of tetrahydrofuran (THF) and 25 mL of distilled water, and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux for about 12 hours. Once the reaction was complete, the mixture was cooled to room temperature, and the THF and distilled water layers were separated. The separated THF layer was added dropwise to 100 mL of methanol for crystallization. The obtained solid therefrom was separated by filtering, and was subsequently washed with water and methanol.

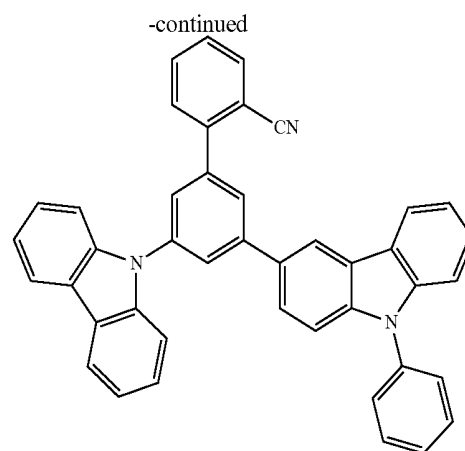
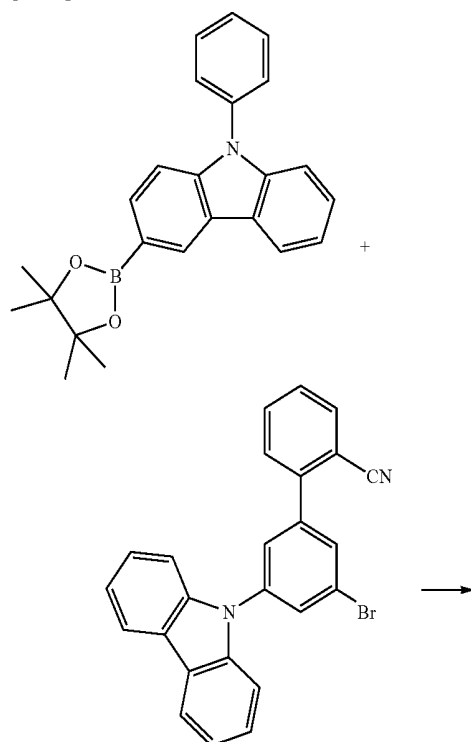
[0290] The resulting solid was dried in a vacuum oven to obtain 13 g of Compound 1 (yield: 72%).

[0291] MS (m/z, [M]⁺): 510.58

Synthesis Example 2

Synthesis of Compound 55

[0292]



Compound 55

[0293] In a round bottom flask, 15.7 g (42.52 mmol) of 9-phenyl-3-(4,4,5,5-tetramethyl-1,3,2-dioxaborolan-2-yl)-9H-carbazole, 15 g (35.44 mmol) of 3'-bromo-5'-(9H-carbazol-9-yl)-[1, 1'-biphenyl]-2-carbonitrile, 1.228 g (1.06 mmol) of tetrakis(triphenylphosphine)palladium [Pd(PPh₃)₄], and 9.795 g (70.87 mmol) of potassium carbonate were added to 50 mL of THF and 25 mL of distilled water, and the reaction mixture was heated under reflux for about 12 hours. Once the reaction was complete, the mixture was cooled to room temperature, and the THF and distilled water layers were separated. The separated THF layer was added dropwise to 100 mL of methanol for crystallization. The obtained solid therefrom was separated by filtering, and was subsequently washed with water and methanol. The result solid was dried in a vacuum oven to obtain 12.45 g of Compound 55 (yield: 60%).

[0294] MS(m/z, [M]⁺): 585.69

Evaluation Example 1

Evaluation on HOMO, LUMO, and Triplets (T1) Energy Levels

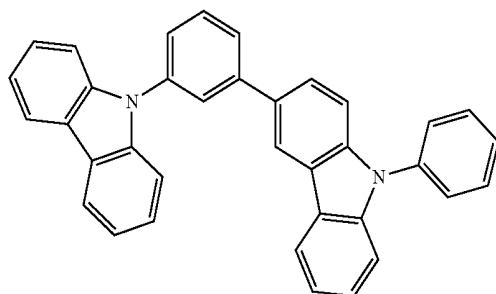
[0295] HOMO, LUMO, and T1 energy levels of Compounds 1, 55, B, and C were evaluated using the method of Table 2. The results thereof are shown in Table 2.

TABLE 2

HOMO energy level evaluation method	A potential (Volts, V) versus current (Amperes, A) graph of each compound was obtained by using cyclic voltammetry (CV) (electrolyte: 0.1 molar (M) Bu ₄ NClO ₄ /solvent: CH ₂ Cl ₂ /electrode: 3-electrode system (working electrode: GC, reference electrode: Ag/AgCl, auxiliary electrode: Pt)). Subsequently, from reduction onset of the graph, a HOMO energy level of the compound was calculated.
LUMO energy level evaluation method	Each compound was diluted at a concentration of 1 × 10 ⁻⁵ M in CHCl ₃ , and an UV absorption spectrum thereof was measured at room temperature by using a Shimadzu UV-350 spectrometer. A LUMO energy level thereof was calculated by using an optical band gap (E _g) from an edge of the absorption spectrum.
T1 energy level evaluation method	A mixture (each compound was dissolved in an amount of 1 milligram (mg) in 3 cubic centimeters (cc) of toluene) of toluene and each compound was loaded into a quartz cell. Subsequently, the resultant quartz cell was loaded into liquid nitrogen (77 Kelvins (K)), a photoluminescence spectrum thereof was measured by using a device for measuring photoluminescence. The obtained spectrum was compared with a photoluminescence spectrum measured at room temperature, and peaks observed only at a low temperature were analyzed to calculate T1 energy levels.

Example 1

B



C

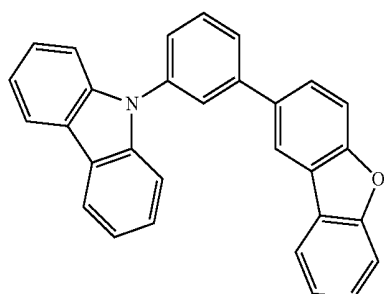


TABLE 3

Compound No.	HOMO (eV)	LUMO (eV)	T ₁ (eV)
Compound 1	-5.68	-2.11	3.04
Compound 55	-5.34	-1.84	3.05
Compound B	-5.91	-2.46	2.74
Compound C	-5.91	-2.34	2.77

[0296] From Table 3, it was found that Compounds 1 and 55 had electric characteristics that are suitable as a material for forming an organic light-emitting device.

Evaluation Example 2

Thermal Characteristics Evaluation

[0297] Thermal analysis (N₂ atmosphere, temperature range: from room temperature to 800° (10° C./min)-TGA, from room temperature to 400° C.-DSC, Pan Type: Pt Pan in disposable Al Pan (TGA) and disposable Al pan (DSC)) was performed on Compounds 1, 55, B, and C by using thermo gravimetric analysis (TGA) and differential scanning calorimetry (DSC). The evaluation results are shown in Table 4. Referring to Table 4, it was found that Compounds 1 and 55 had excellent thermal stability.

TABLE 4

Compound No.	T _g (° C.)
Compound 1	106
Compound 55	129
Compound B	96
Compound C	64

[0298] A glass substrate having 1,500 Å of Indium tin oxide (ITO) electrode deposited thereon was washed with distilled water in the presence of ultrasound waves. Once the washing with distilled water was complete, ultrasound wave washing was performed on the substrate by using a solvent, such as isopropyl alcohol, acetone, or methanol.

[0299] Subsequently, the substrate was dried, transferred to a plasma washer, washed for 5 minutes using oxygen plasma, and mounted in a vacuum depositor.

[0300] Compound HT3 and Compound HT-D2 were co-deposited on the ITO electrode of the glass substrate to form a hole injection layer having a thickness of about 100 Å.

[0301] Then, Compound HT3 was vacuum deposited on the hole injection layer to form a hole transport layer having a thickness of about 1,300 Å. mCP was next vacuum deposited on the hole transport layer to form an electron blocking layer having a thickness of about 150 Å, thereby forming a hole transport region.

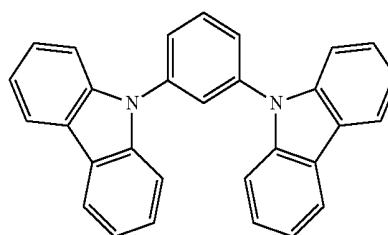
[0302] Subsequently, Compound 1 (host) and FIr6 (dopant, 10 percent by weight (wt %)) were co-deposited on the hole transport region to form an emission layer having a thickness of about 300 Å.

[0303] BCP was vacuum deposited on the emission layer to form a hole blocking layer having a thickness of about 100 Å. Compound ET3 and Liq were then co-deposited on the hole blocking layer to form an electron transport layer having a thickness of about 250 Å. Next, Liq was vacuum deposited on the electron transport layer to form an electron injection layer having a thickness of about 5 Å, and then, Al second electrode (a cathode) having a thickness of 1,000 Å was formed on the electron injection layer, thereby completing manufacturing of an organic light-emitting device.

Comparative Example 1

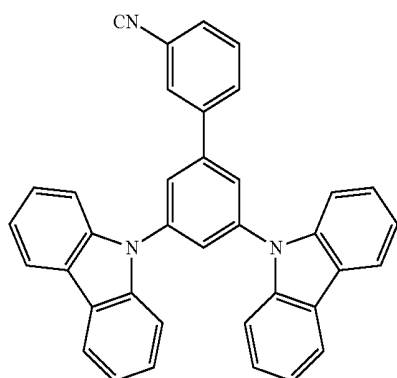
[0304] An organic light-emitting device was manufactured in the same manner as in Example 1, except that Compound A was used instead of Compound 1 as a host in the formation of the emission layer.

A



Comparative Example 2

[0305] An organic light-emitting device was manufactured in the same manner as in Example 1, except that Compound D was used instead of Compound 1 as a host in the formation of the emission layer.



Evaluation Example 3

Evaluation of Characteristics of Organic Light-Emitting Device

[0306] The driving voltage, efficiency, efficiency/y, quantum efficiency, and lifespan of the organic light-emitting devices manufactured in Example 1 and Comparative Examples 1 and 2 were measured by using a current voltmeter (Keithley 2400) and a luminance meter (Minolta Cs-1000A). The evaluation results are shown in Table 5.

[0307] Lifespan is a period taken for the luminance (at 500 (candelas per square meter, cd/m^2) to reach 80% with respect to 100% of the initial luminance. In addition, a graph of efficiency/y (arbitrary units, a. u.) versus luminance (cd/m^2), a graph of luminance (cd/m^2) versus time (hours), and a graph of external quantum efficiency (percent) versus luminance (cd/m^2) of the organic light-emitting devices manufactured in Example 1 and Comparative Examples 1 and 2 are each shown in FIGS. 2 to 4, respectively.

TABLE 5

	Host	Driving voltage (V)	Efficiency (Cd/A)	Efficiency/y	Quantum efficiency (%)	Lifespan (Hours)
Example 1	Compound 1	5.03	37.99	141.2	20.0	44.67
Comparative Example 1	Compound A	5.85	29.30	1	16.3	0.67
Comparative Example 2	Compound D	5.05	32.83	130.1	18.1	21.71

[0308] Referring to Table 5 and FIGS. 2 to 4, it was found that the organic light-emitting device manufactured in Example 1 had low driving voltage and improved luminous efficiency and lifespan compared to the organic light-emitting devices manufactured in Comparative Examples 1 and 2.

[0309] As described above, according to one or more exemplary embodiment, the condensed-cyclic compound may have excellent electric characteristics and thermal stability. Accordingly, an organic light-emitting device including the condensed-cyclic compound may have a low driving voltage, high efficiency, high power, high quantum yield, and long lifespan.

D

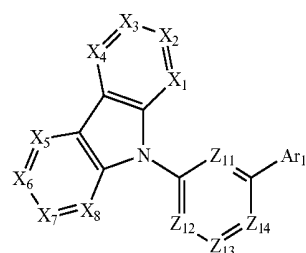
[0310] It should be understood that exemplary embodiments described herein should be considered in a descriptive sense only and not for purposes of limitation.

[0311] Descriptions of features or aspects within each exemplary embodiment should typically be considered as available for other similar features or aspects in other exemplary embodiments.

[0312] While one or more exemplary embodiments have been described with reference to the figures, it will be understood by those of ordinary skill in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the spirit and scope of the present disclosure as defined by the following claims.

What is claimed is:

1. A condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1:

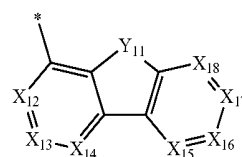


Formula 1

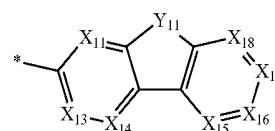
wherein, in Formula 1,

Ar₁₁ is represented by one of Formulae 10-1 to 10-4:

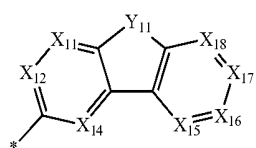
10-1



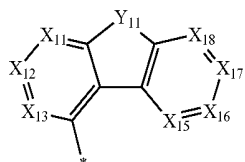
10-2



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10-3



10-4

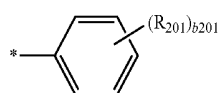
wherein, in Formulae 1 and 10-1 to 10-4,

X_1 is N or C(R_1), X_2 is N or C(R_2), X_3 is N or C(R_3), X_4 is N or C(R_4), X_5 is N or C(R_5), X_6 is N or C(R_6), X_7 is N or C(R_7), X_8 is N or C(R_8), X_{11} is N or C(R_{11}), X_{12} is N or C(R_{12}), X_{13} is N or C(R_{13}), X_{14} is N or C(R_{14}), X_{15} is N or C(R_{15}), X_{16} is N or C(R_{16}), X_{17} is N or C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is N or C(R_{18});

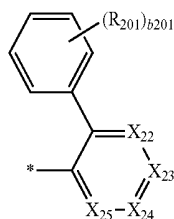
Y_{11} is O, S, N(R_{101}), C(R_{101})(R_{102}), or Si(R_{101})(R_{102});

Z_1 to Z_{14} are each independently selected from N, C(A_{11}), and C(A_{12}); and at least one of Z_1 to Z_{14} is C(A_{11}); and

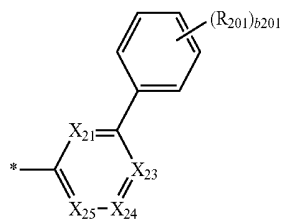
A_{11} comprises at least one cyano group (CN); and A_{11} is represented by one of Formulae 2-1 to 2-10:



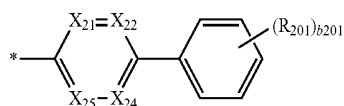
2-1



2-2

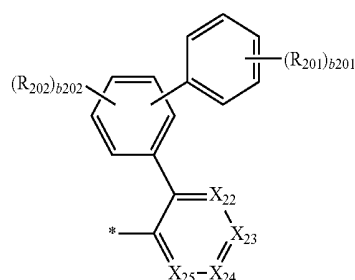


2-3

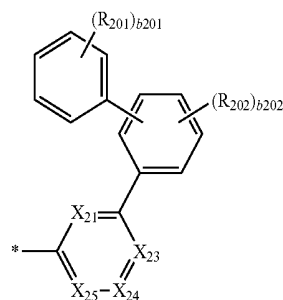


2-4

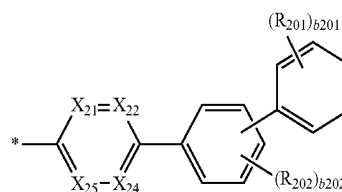
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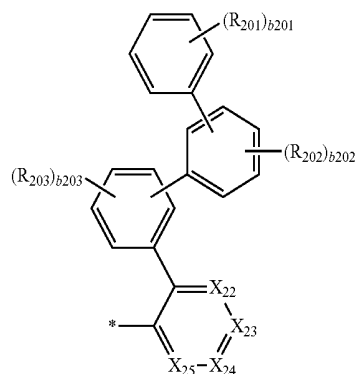
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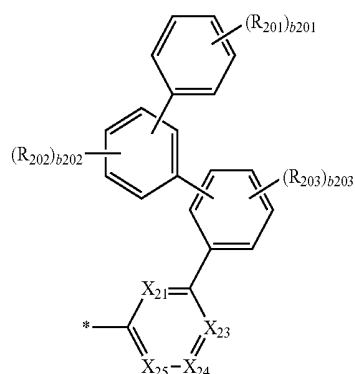
2-6



2-7



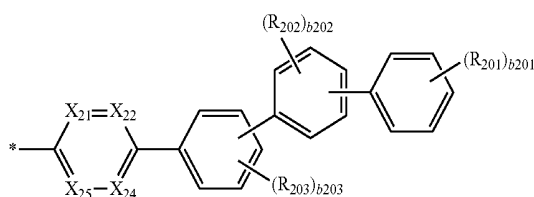
2-8



2-9

-continued

2-10



wherein, in Formulae 2-1 to 2-10,

X_{21} is N or C(R_{21}), X_{22} is N or C(R_{22}), X_{23} is N or C(R_{23}), X_{24} is N or C(R_{24}), and X_{25} is N or C(R_{25});

A_{12} , R_1 to R_8 , R_{11} to R_{18} , R_{101} , R_{102} , R_{21} to R_{25} , and R_{201} to R_{203} are each independently selected from

a hydrogen, a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group (CN), a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, and a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group;

a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group and a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group (CN), a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, and a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof;

a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group;

a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, —F, a hydroxyl group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, a dibenzothiophenyl group, and —Si(Q_1)(Q_2)(Q_3); and

—Si(Q_{11})(Q_{12})(Q_{13}),

b201 is selected from 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5;

b202 and b203 are each independently selected from 1, 2, 3, and 4; and

* indicates a carbon atom in Formula 1,

wherein Q_1 to Q_3 and Q_{11} to Q_{13} are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group.

2. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein

X_1 is N, X_2 is C(R_2), X_3 is C(R_3), X_4 is C(R_4), X_5 is C(R_5), X_6 is C(R_6), X_7 is C(R_7), X_8 is C(R_8), X_{11} is C(R_{11}), X_{12} is C(R_{12}), X_{13} is C(R_{13}), X_{14} is C(R_{14}), X_{15} is C(R_{15}), X_{16} is C(R_{16}), X_{17} is C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is C(R_{18});

X_1 is C(R_1), X_2 is N, X_3 is C(R_3), X_4 is C(R_4), X_5 is C(R_5), X_6 is C(R_6), X_7 is C(R_7), X_8 is C(R_8), X_{11} is C(R_{11}), X_{12} is C(R_{12}), X_{13} is C(R_{13}), X_{14} is C(R_{14}), X_{15} is C(R_{15}), X_{16} is C(R_{16}), X_{17} is C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is C(R_{18});

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X_1 is C(R_1), X_2 is C(R_2), X_3 is C(R_3), X_4 is C(R_4), X_5 is N, X_6 is C(R_6), X_7 is C(R_7), X_8 is C(R_8), X_{11} is C(R_{11}), X_{12} is C(R_{12}), X_{13} is C(R_{13}), X_{14} is C(R_{14}), X_{15} is C(R_{15}), X_{16} is C(R_{16}), X_{17} is C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is C(R_{18});

X_1 is C(R_1), X_2 is C(R_2), X_3 is C(R_3), X_4 is C(R_4), X_5 is C(R_5), X_6 is N, X_7 is C(R_7), X_8 is C(R_8), X_{11} is C(R_{11}), X_{12} is C(R_{12}), X_{13} is C(R_{13}), X_{14} is C(R_{14}), X_{15} is C(R_{15}), X_{16} is C(R_{16}), X_{17} is C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is C(R_{18});

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X_1 is C(R_1), X_2 is C(R_2), X_3 is C(R_3), X_4 is C(R_4), X_5 is C(R_5), X_6 is C(R_6), X_7 is C(R_7), X_8 is N, X_{11} is C(R_{11}), X_{12} is C(R_{12}), X_{13} is C(R_{13}), X_{14} is C(R_{14}), X_{15} is C(R_{15}), X_{16} is C(R_{16}), X_{17} is C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is C(R_{18});

or
 X_1 is C(R_1), X_2 is C(R_2), X_3 is C(R_3), X_4 is C(R_4), X_5 is C(R_5), X_6 is C(R_6), X_7 is C(R_7), X_8 is C(R_8), X_{11} is C(R_{11}), X_{12} is C(R_{12}), X_{13} is C(R_{13}), X_{14} is C(R_{14}), X_{15} is C(R_{15}), X_{16} is C(R_{16}), X_{17} is C(R_{17}), and X_{18} is C(R_{18}).

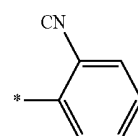
3. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein Y_{11} is O, S, or N(R_{101}).

4. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein Z_{11} is N, Z_{12} is C(A_{12}), Z_{13} is C(A_{11}), and Z_{14} is C(A_{12}); Z_{11} is C(A_{12}), Z_{12} is N, Z_{13} is C(A_{11}), and Z_{14} is C(A_{12}); Z_{11} is C(A_{12}), Z_{12} is C(A_{12}), Z_{13} is C(A_{11}), and Z_{14} is N; or

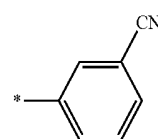
Z_{11} is C(A_{12}), Z_{12} is C(A_{12}), Z_{13} is C(A_{11}), and Z_{14} is C(A_{12}).

5. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein A_{11} is represented by one of Formulae 2-1 to 2-7.

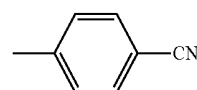
6. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein A_{11} is represented by one of Formulae 3-1 to 3-110:



3-1

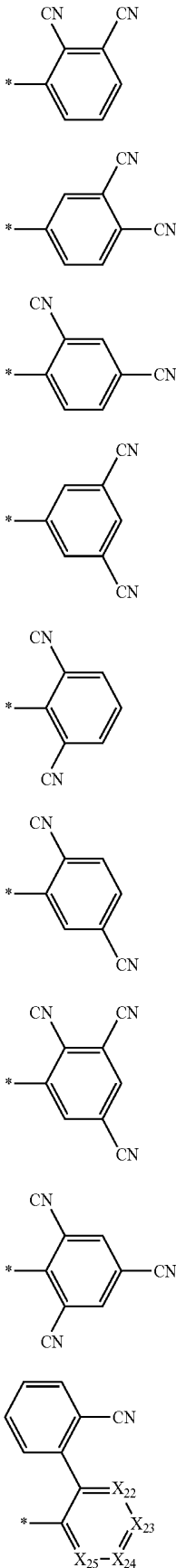


3-2

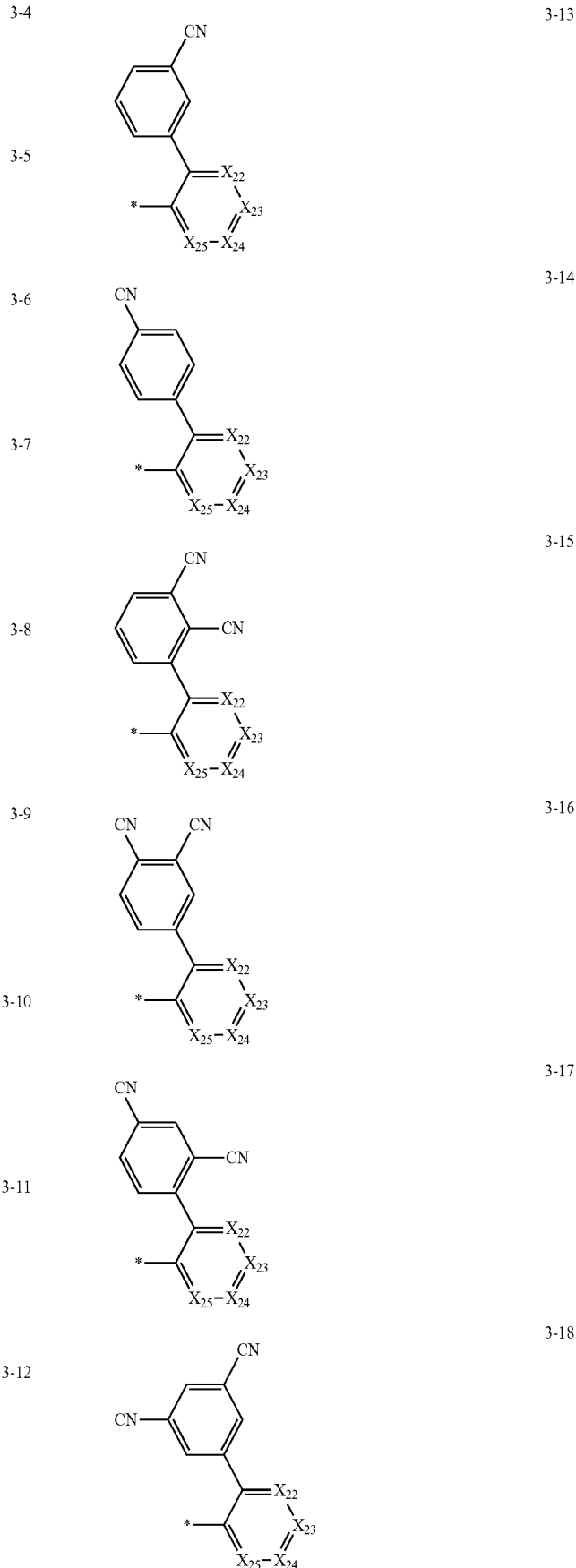


3-3

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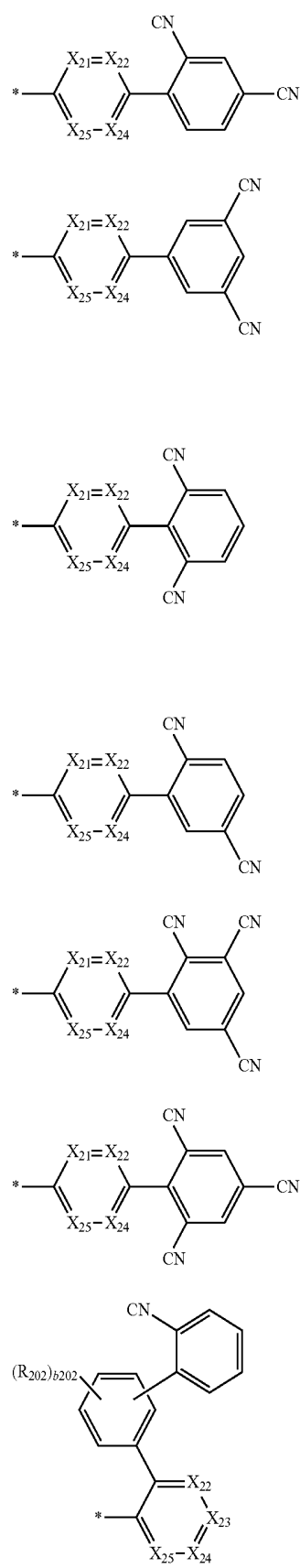
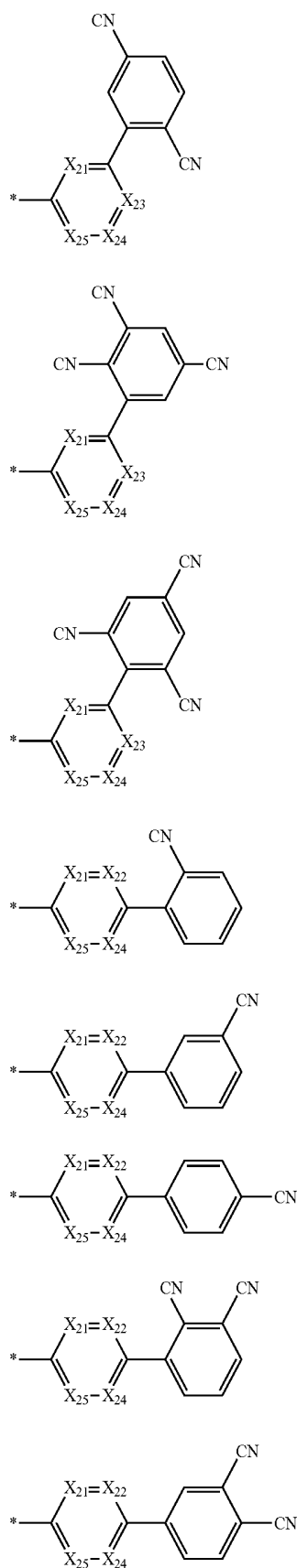
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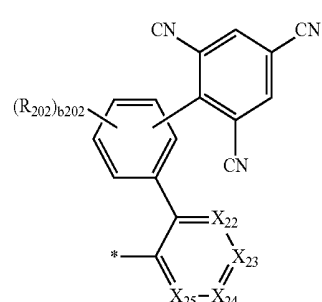
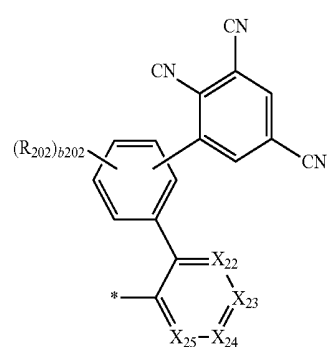
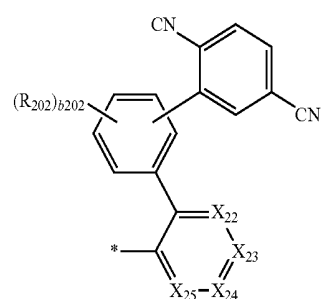
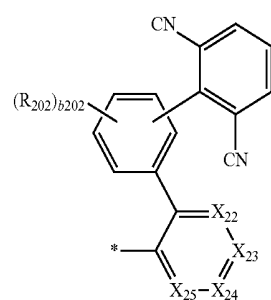
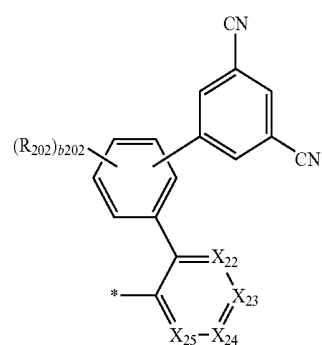
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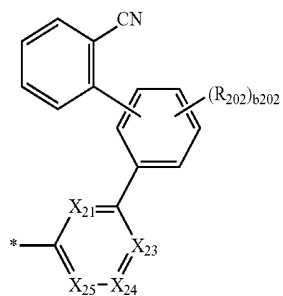
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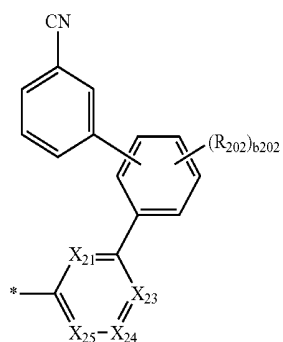
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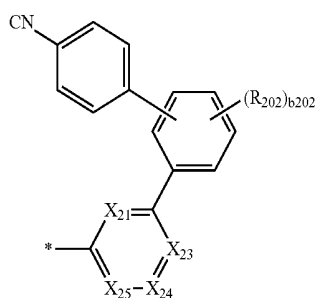
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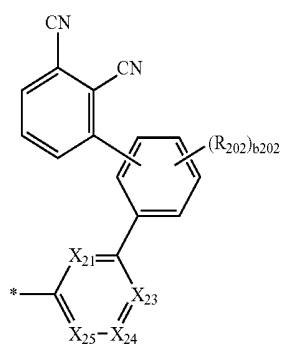
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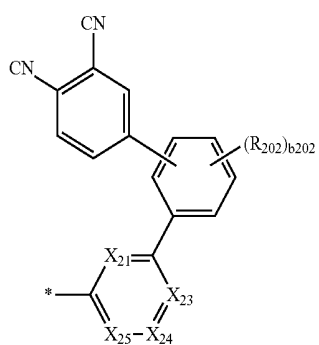
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3-58

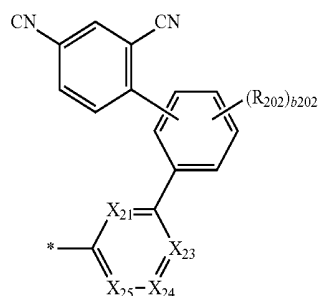


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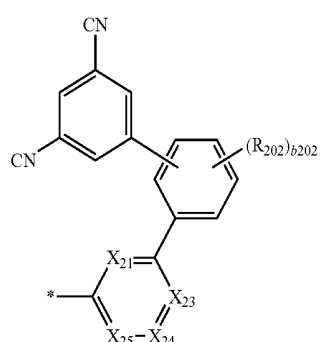


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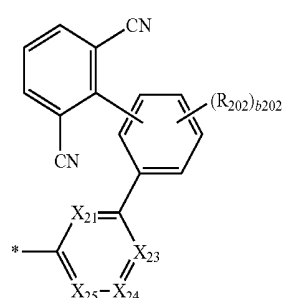
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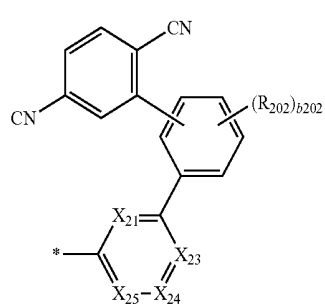
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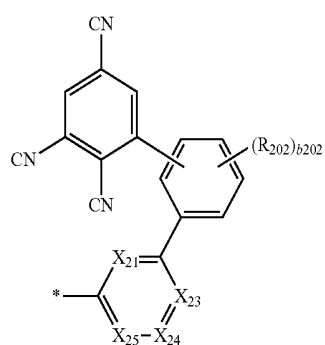
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3-63

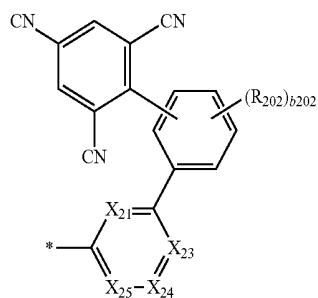


3-64



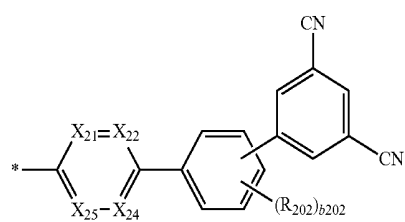
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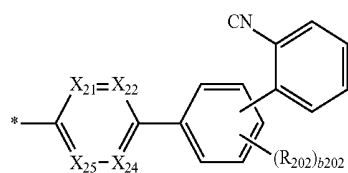


3-66

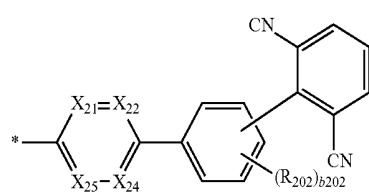
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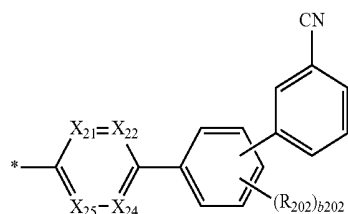
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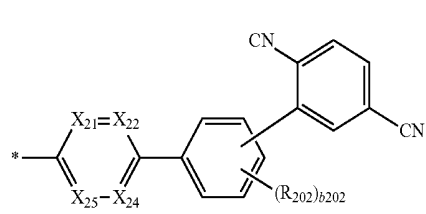
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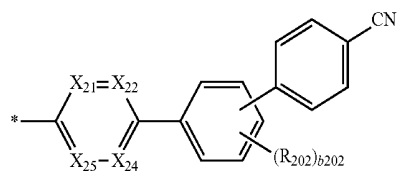
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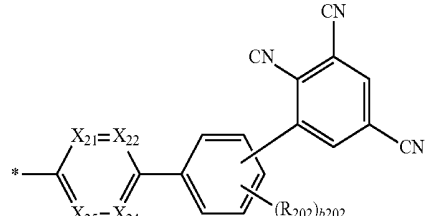
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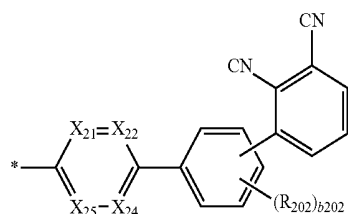
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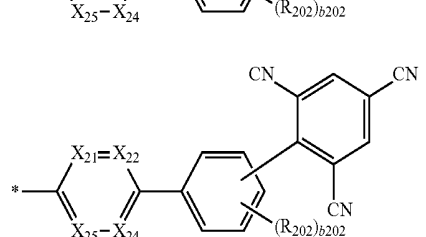
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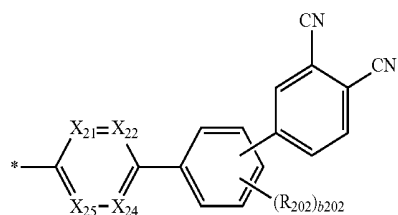
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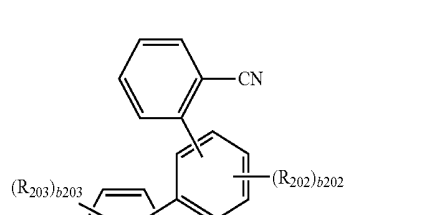
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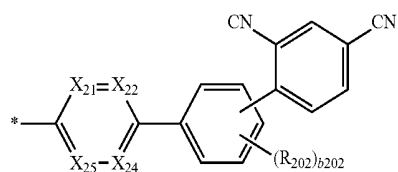
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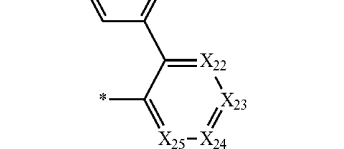
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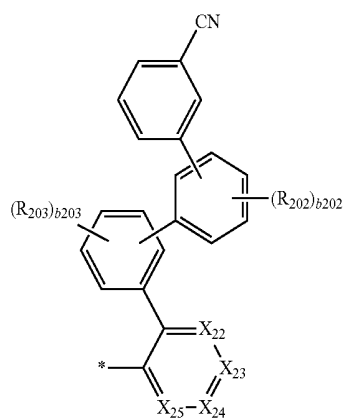
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3-72

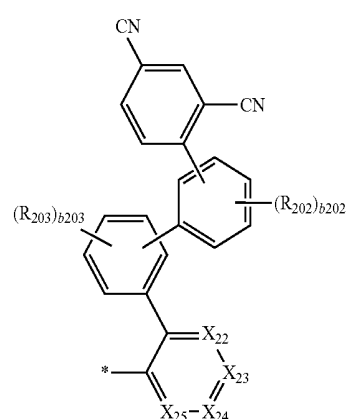


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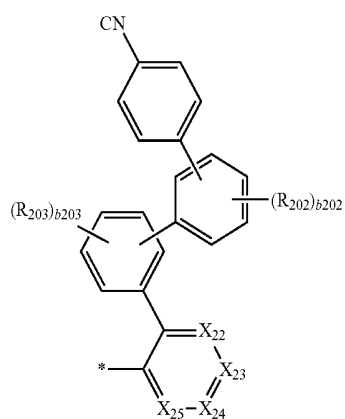


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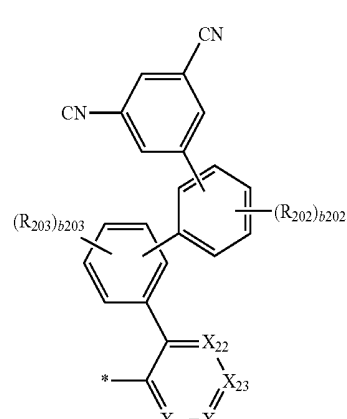
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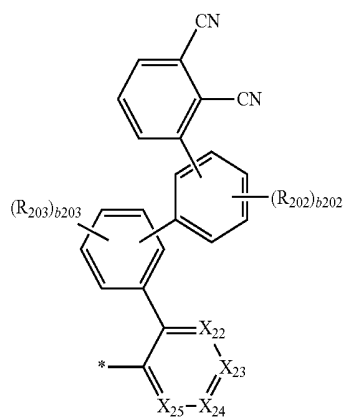
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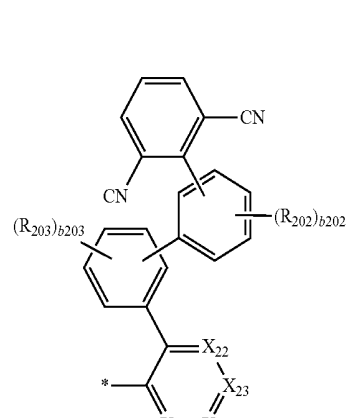
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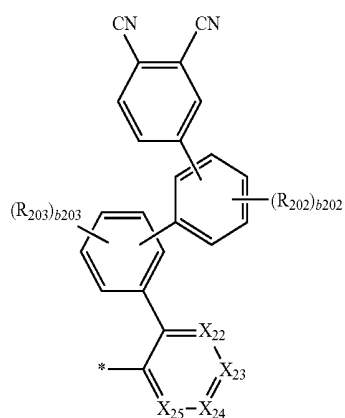
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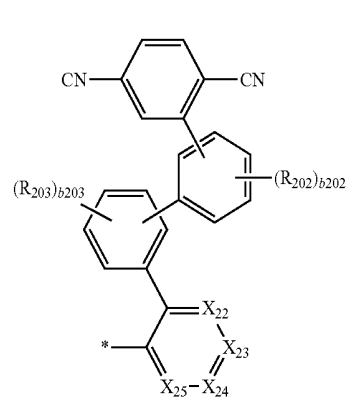
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3-85

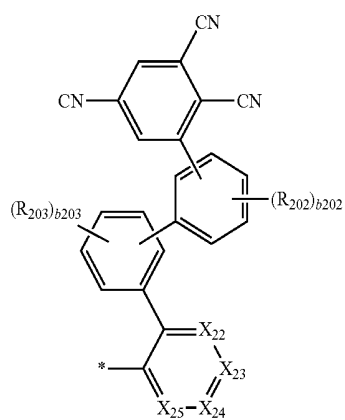


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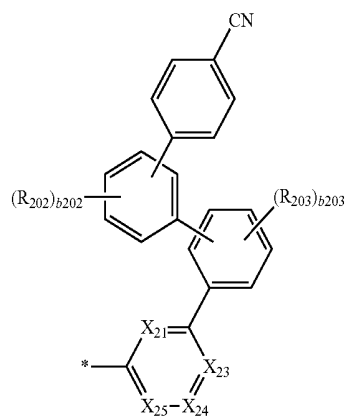
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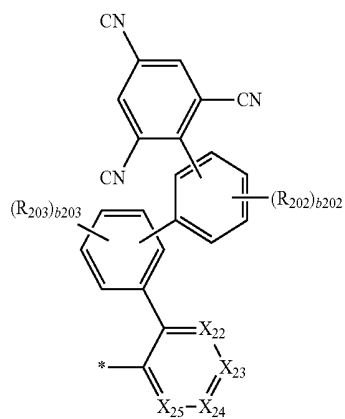
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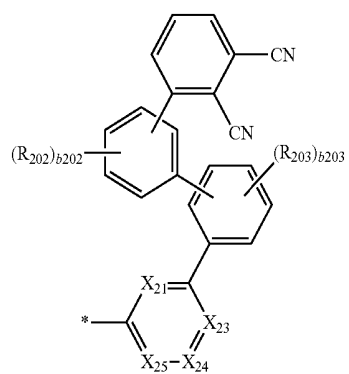


3-91

3-88

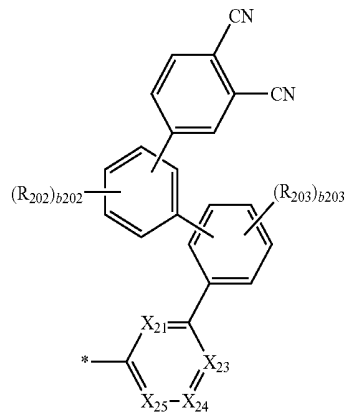
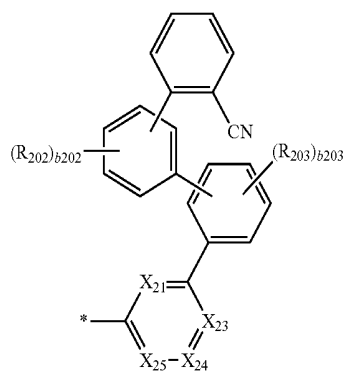


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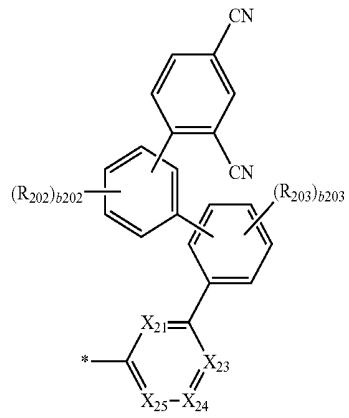
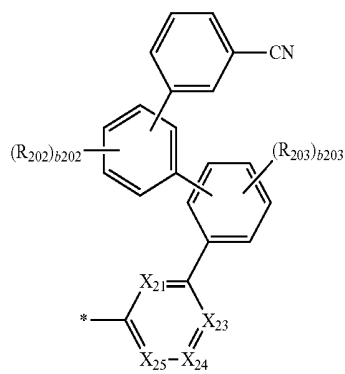
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3-89

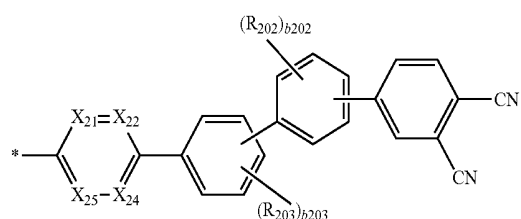
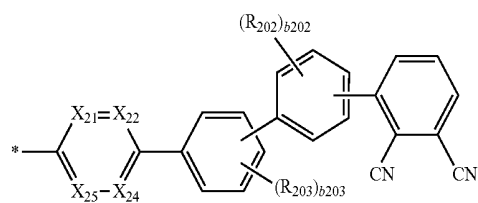
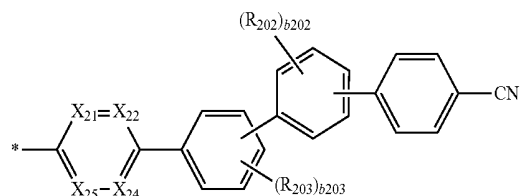
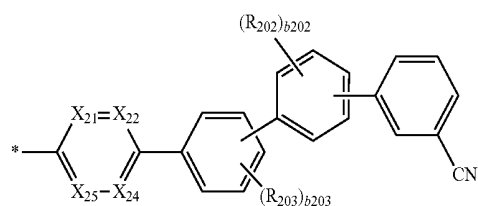
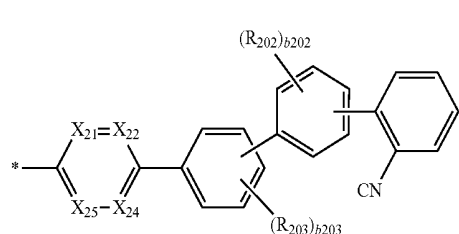
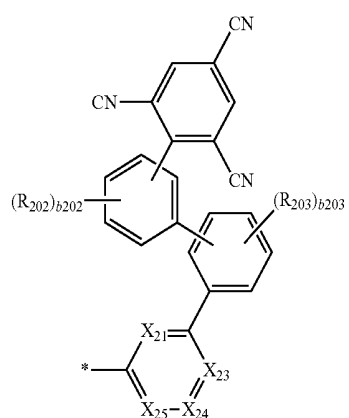


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3-90

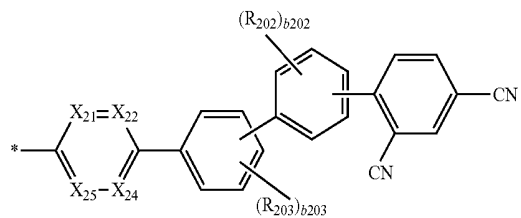


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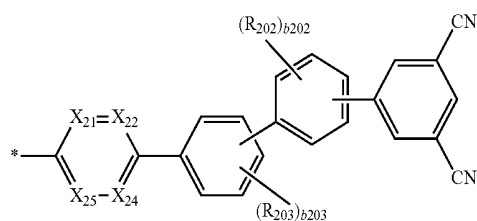


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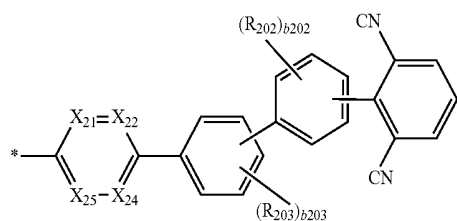
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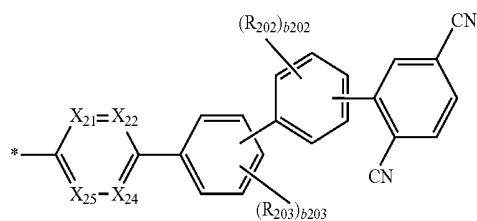
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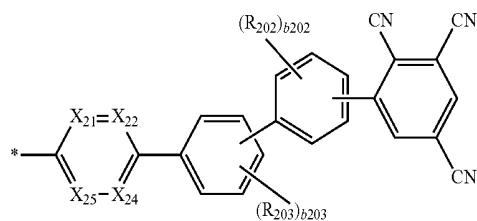
3-107



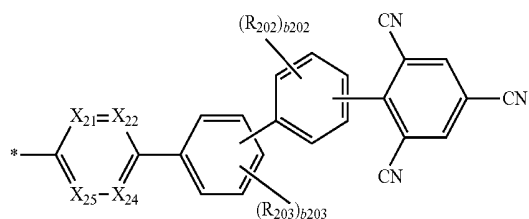
3-108



3-109

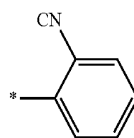


3-110

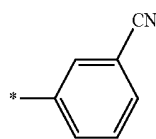


7. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein A_{11} is represented by one of Formulae 4-1 to 4-110:

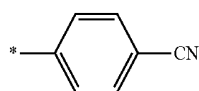
4-1



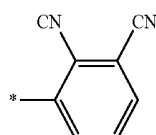
4-2



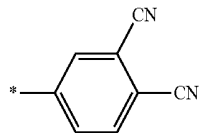
4-3



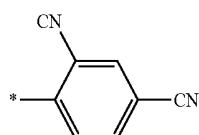
4-4



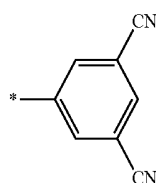
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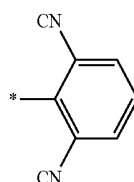
4-6



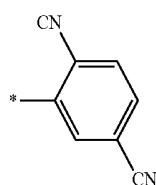
4-7



4-8



4-9

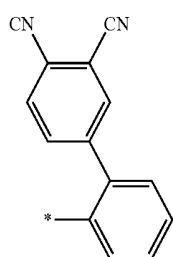
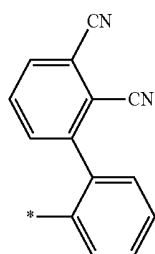
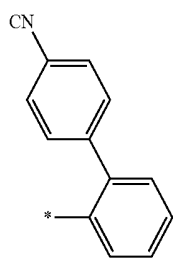
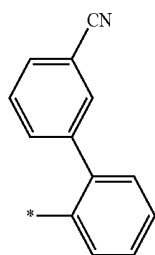
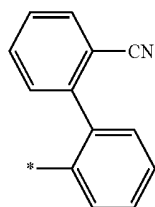
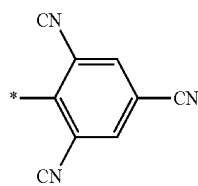
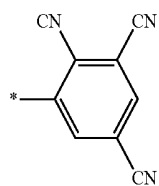


wherein, in Formulae 3-1 to 3-110,

* indicates a carbon atom in Formula 1, and

X_{21} to X_{25} , R_{21} to R_{25} , R_{202} , R_{203} , b_{202} , and b_{203} are the same as in Formulae 2-1 to 2-10.

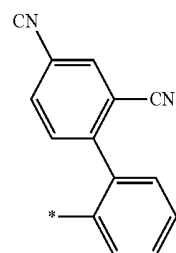
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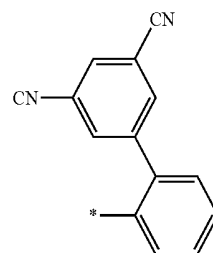
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4-17



4-11

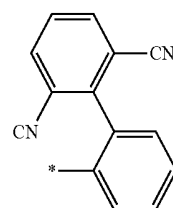
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4-12

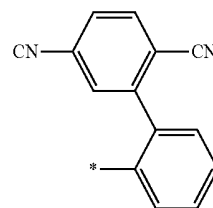
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4-19



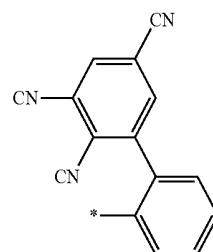
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4-20



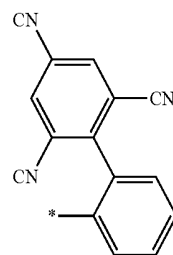
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4-21

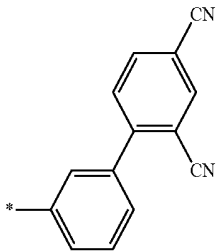
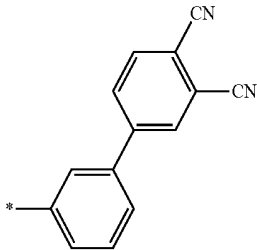
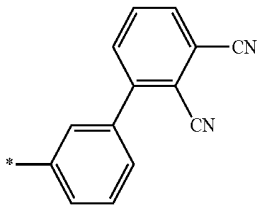
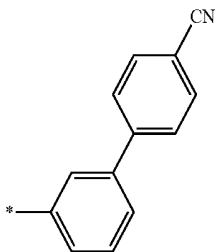
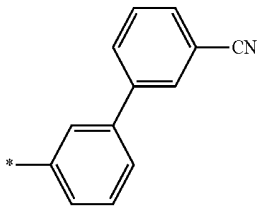
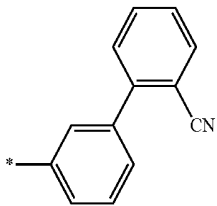


4-16

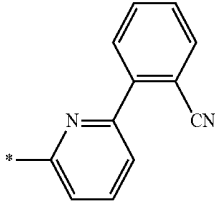
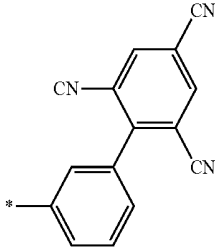
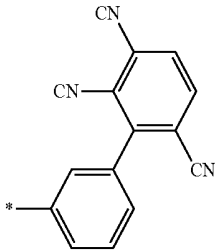
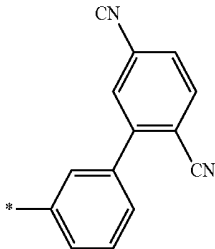
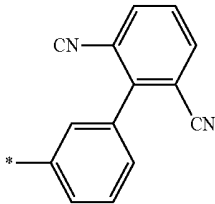
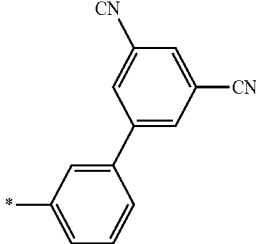
4-22



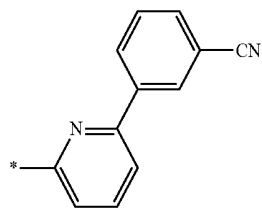
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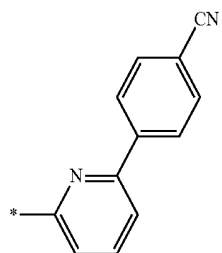
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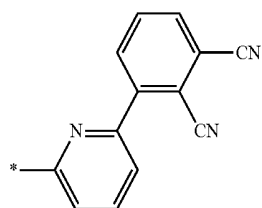
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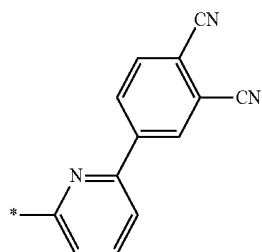
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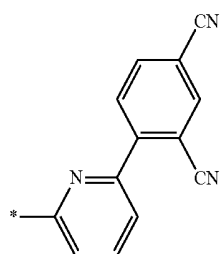
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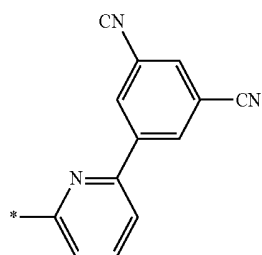
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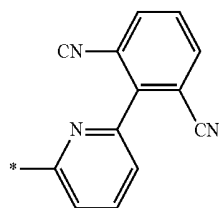


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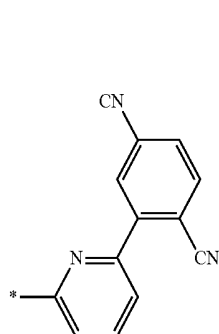


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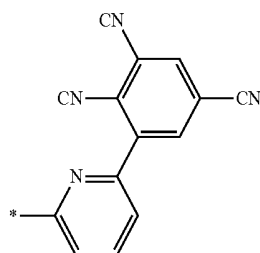
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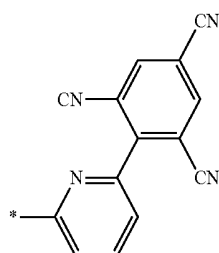
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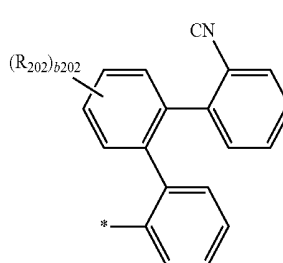
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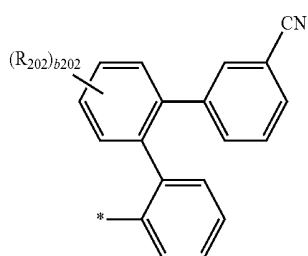
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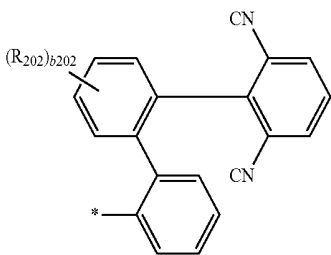
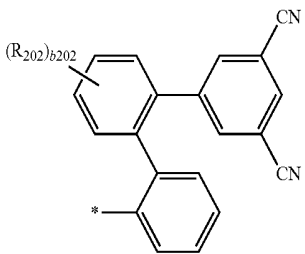
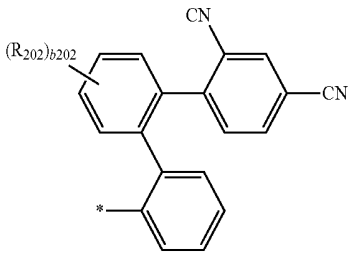
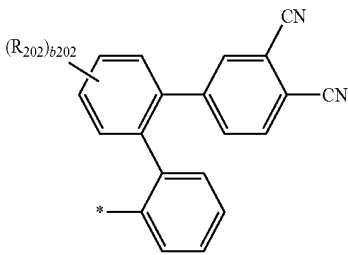
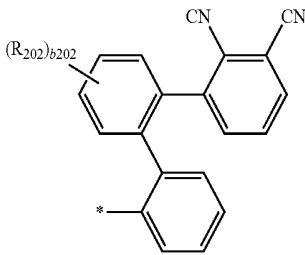
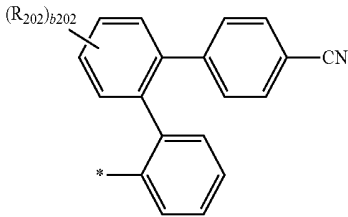


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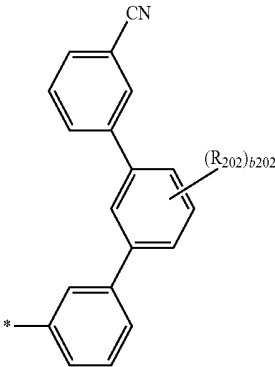
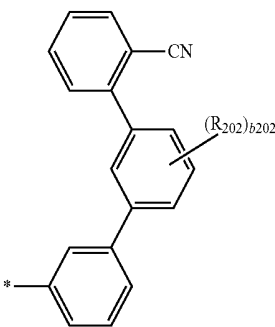
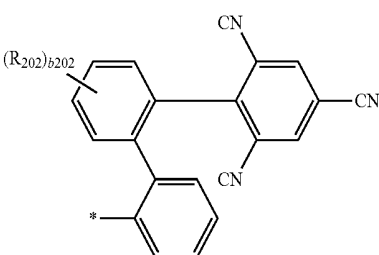
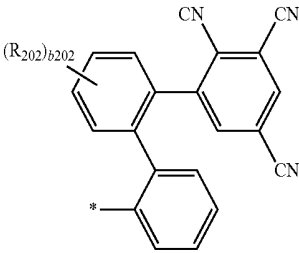
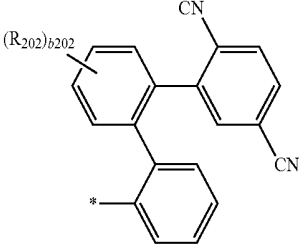


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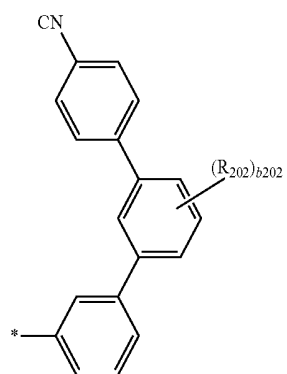
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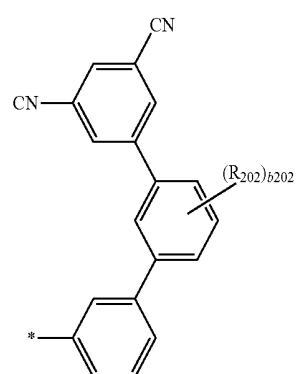


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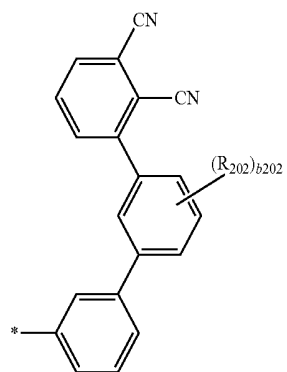


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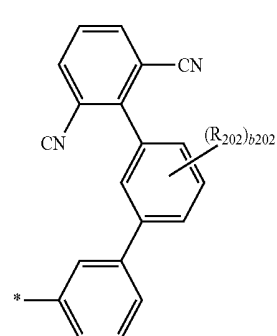
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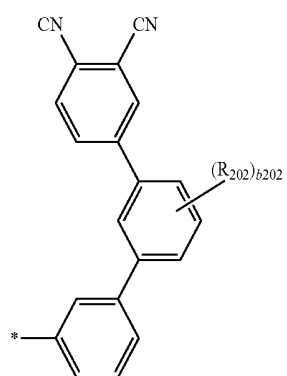
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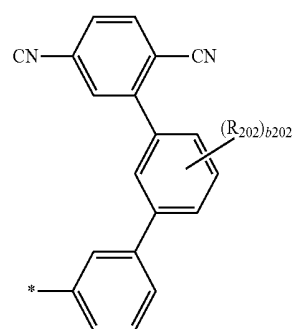
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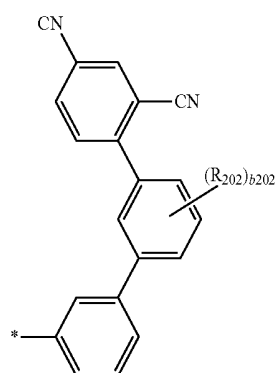
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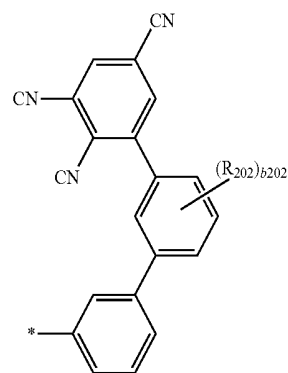
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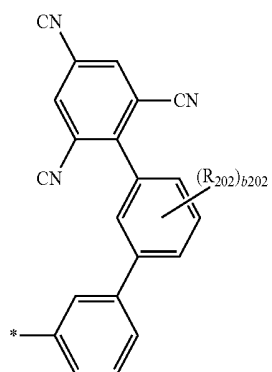


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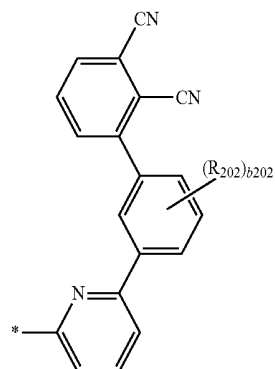
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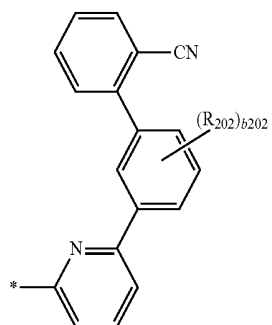


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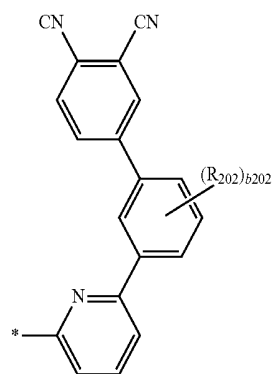
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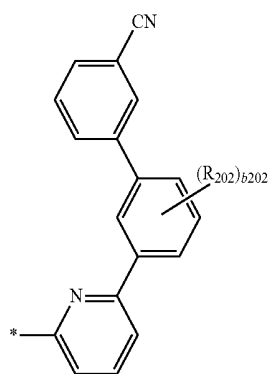
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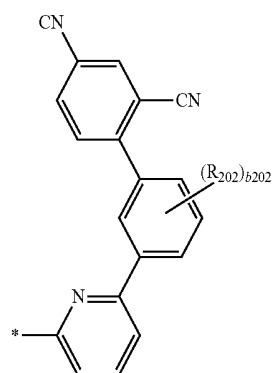
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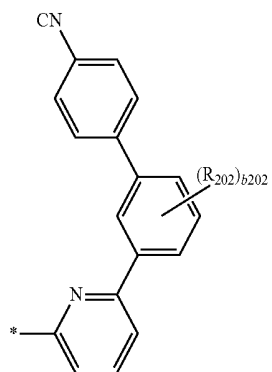
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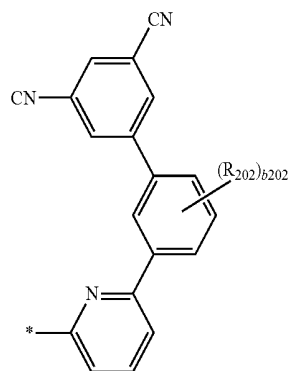
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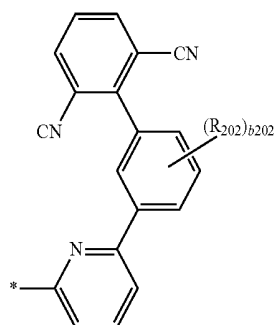


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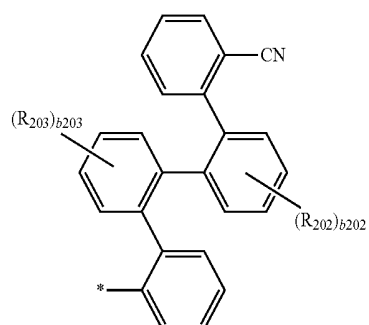
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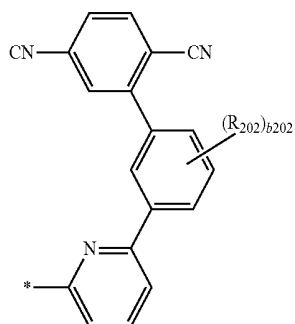


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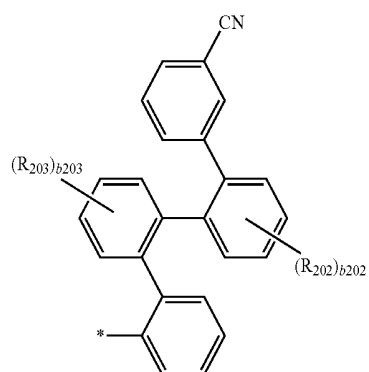
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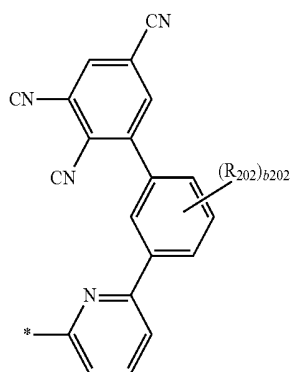
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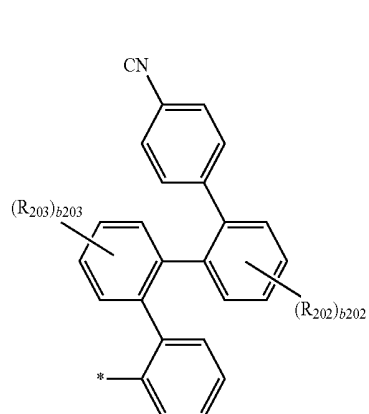
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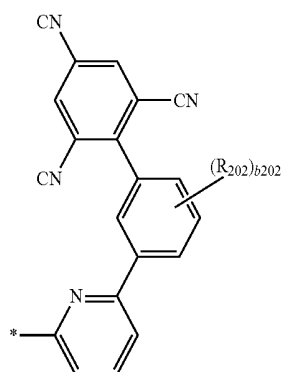
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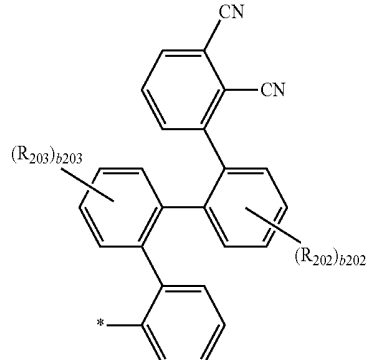
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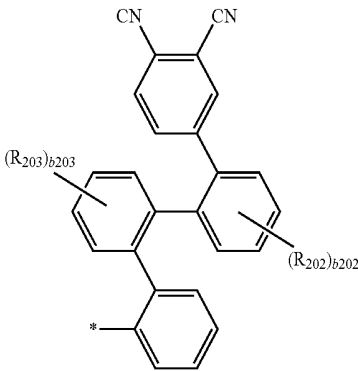


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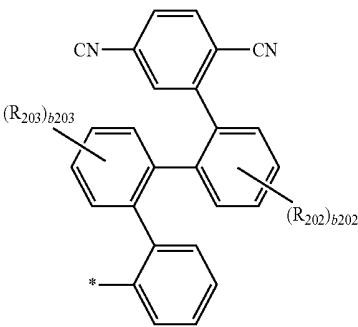
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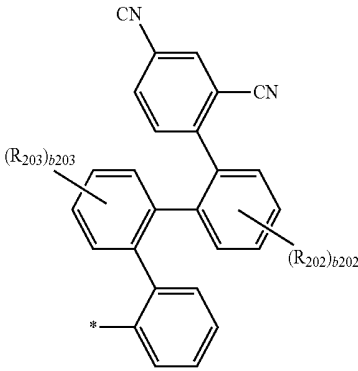


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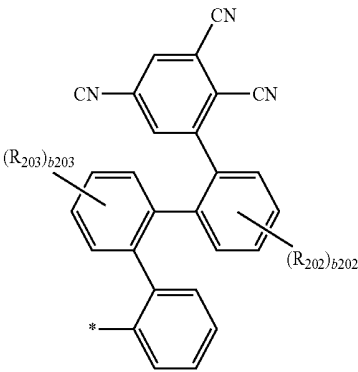
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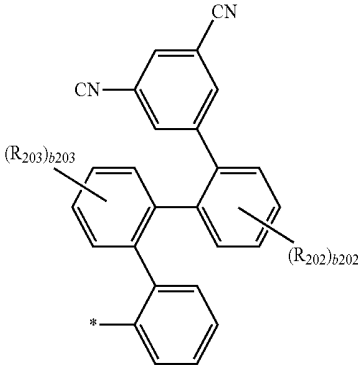
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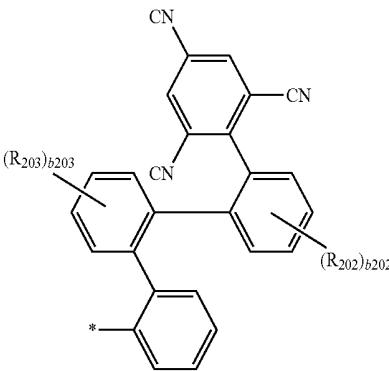
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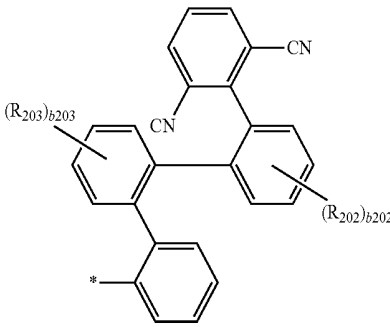
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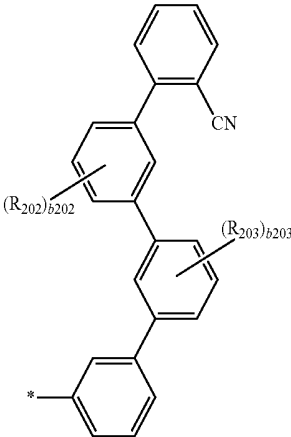
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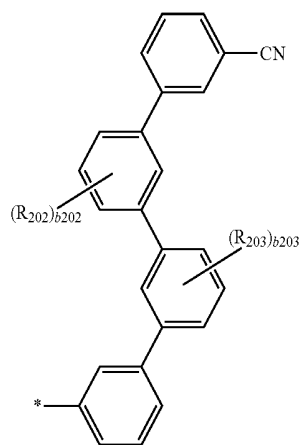


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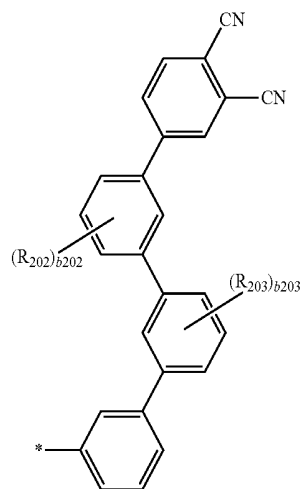
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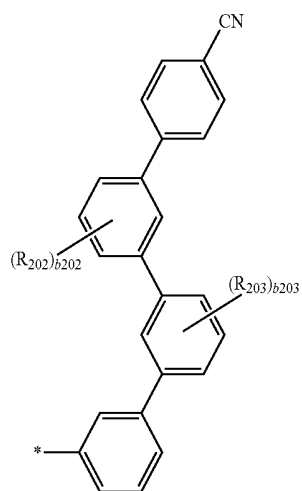
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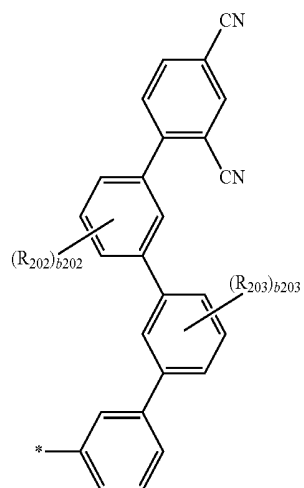


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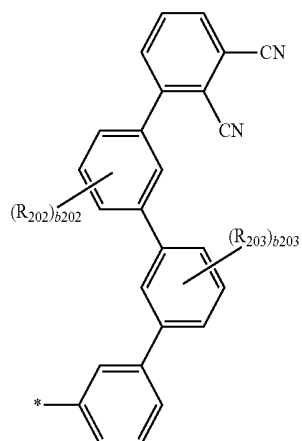
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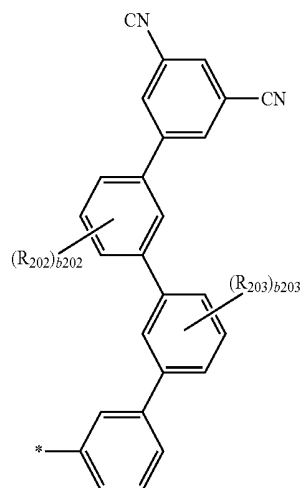
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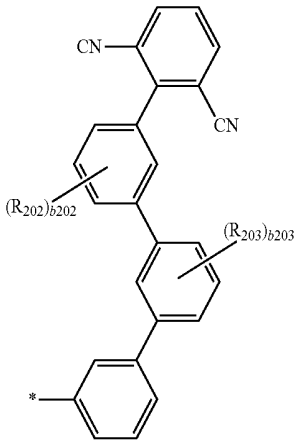
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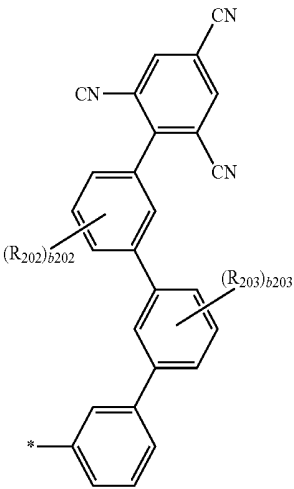


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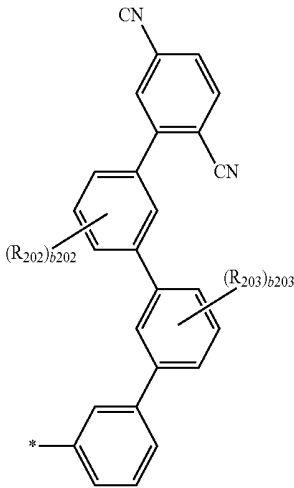
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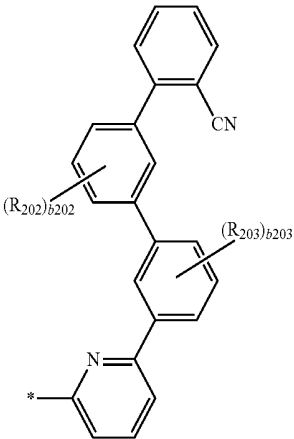


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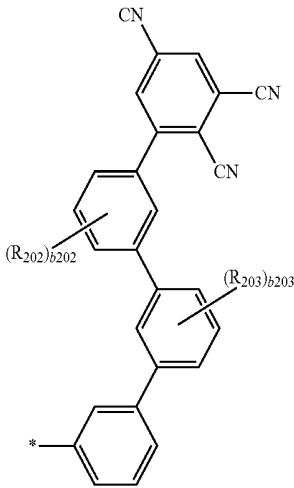
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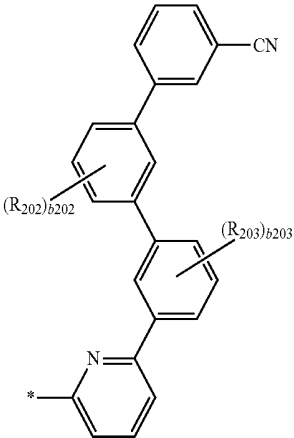
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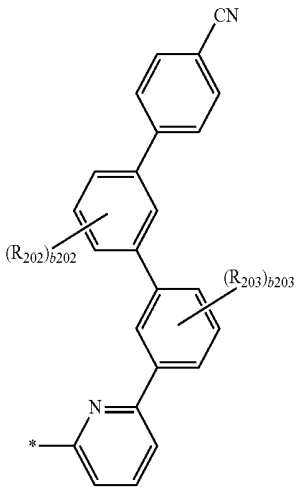
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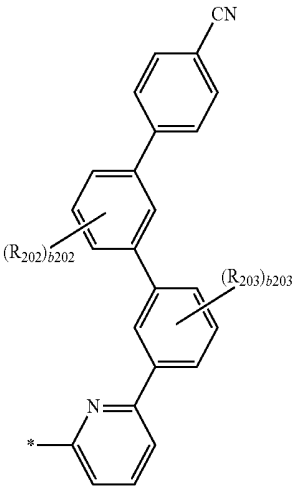


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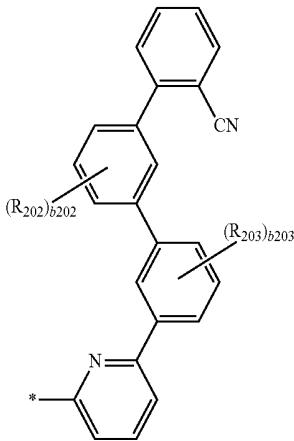


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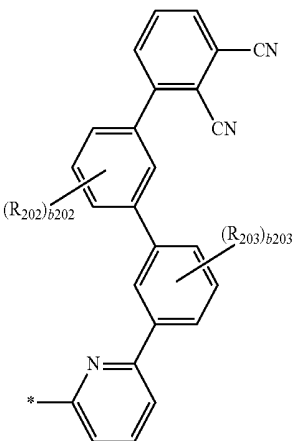
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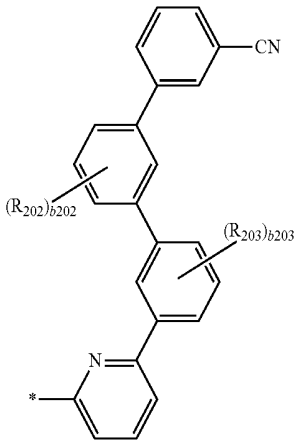
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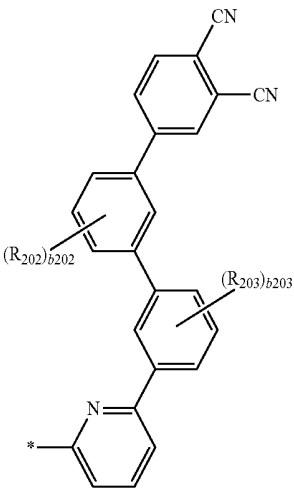
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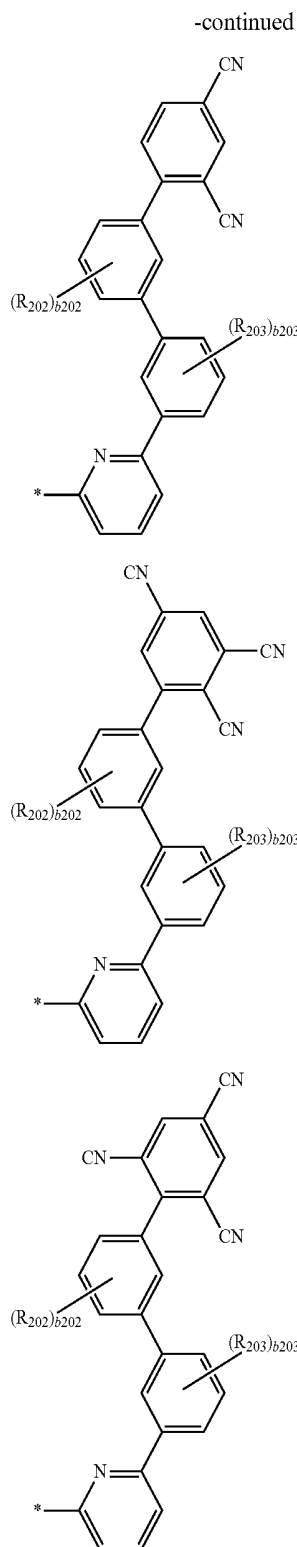
4-106



4-104



4-107



wherein, in Formulae 4-1 to 4-110,

* indicates a carbon atom in Formula 1, and

R_{202} , R_{203} , b_{202} , and b_{203} are the same as in Formulae 2-1 to 2-10.

8. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein A_{12} is selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, $-F$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group (CN), a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a

hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, and a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group;

a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group; and

$-Si(Q_{31})(Q_{32})(Q_{33})$,

wherein Q_{31} to Q_{33} are each independently selected from a C_1 - C_{10} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{10} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, and a pyridinyl group.

9. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein R_1 to R_8 , R_{11} to R_{18} , R_{101} , R_{102} , R_{21} to R_{25} , and R_{201} to R_{203} are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a deuterium, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an isobutyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an isopentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decyl group, an iso-decyl group, a sec-decyl group, a tert-decyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group;

a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an isobutyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an isopentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group, an n-heptyl group, an iso-heptyl group, a sec-heptyl group, a tert-heptyl group, an n-octyl group, an iso-octyl group, a sec-octyl group, a tert-octyl group, an n-nonyl group, an iso-nonyl group, a sec-nonyl group, a tert-nonyl group, an n-decyl group, an iso-decyl group, a sec-decyl group, a tert-decyl group, a methoxy group, an ethoxy group, a propoxy group, a butoxy group, a pentoxy group, a phenyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group, each substituted with at least one selected from a deuterium, $-F$, $-Cl$, $-Br$, $-I$, a hydroxyl group, a cyano group, a nitro group, an amino group, an amidino group, a hydrazine group, a hydrazone group, a carboxylic acid group or a salt thereof, a sulfonic acid group or a salt thereof, and a phosphoric acid group or a salt thereof; and

$-Si(Q_{11})(Q_{12})(Q_{13})$,

wherein Q_{11} to Q_{13} are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a C_1 - C_{20} alkyl group, a C_1 - C_{20} alkoxy group, a phenyl group, a naphthyl group, a pyridinyl group, a fluorenyl group, a dibenzofuranyl group, and a dibenzothiophenyl group.

10. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein R_1 to R_8 , R_{11} to R_{18} , R_{101} , R_{102} , R_{21} to R_{25} , and R_{201} to R_{203} are each independently selected from

a hydrogen, a deuterium, a cyano group, a methyl group, an ethyl group, an n-propyl group, an iso-propyl group, an n-butyl group, an isobutyl group, a sec-butyl group, a tert-butyl group, an n-pentyl group, an isopentyl group, a sec-pentyl group, a tert-pentyl group, an n-hexyl group, an iso-hexyl group, a sec-hexyl group, a tert-hexyl group and $-\text{Si}(\text{Q}_{11})(\text{Q}_{12})(\text{Q}_{13})$,

wherein Q_{11} to Q_{13} are each independently selected from a hydrogen, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkyl group, a $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{20}$ alkoxy group, and a phenyl group.

11. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein at least one of X_3 , X_8 , X_{13} , and X_{16} is $\text{C}(\text{CN})$.

12. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein

X_3 is $\text{C}(\text{CN})$; or

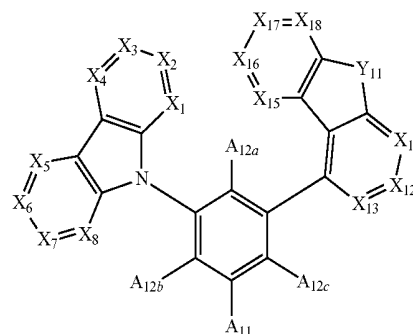
X_3 and X_6 are $\text{C}(\text{CN})$.

13. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_4 , R_5 , R_7 , R_8 , R_{11} , R_{12} , R_{14} , R_{15} , R_{17} , and R_{18} are not a cyano group.

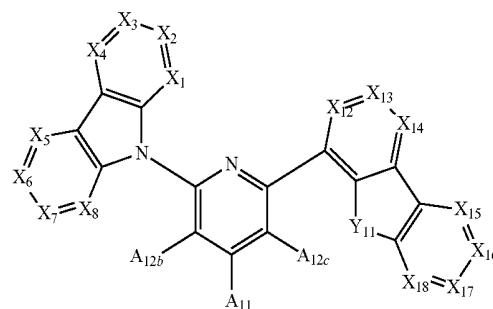
14. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 is represented by one of Formulae 1-1 to 1-8:

-continued

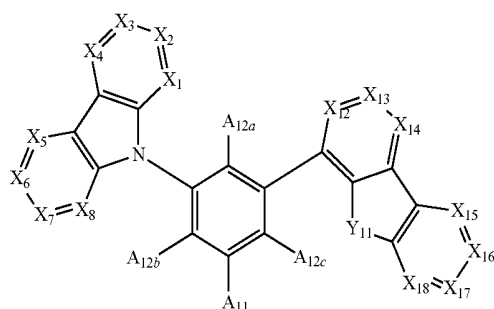
1-4



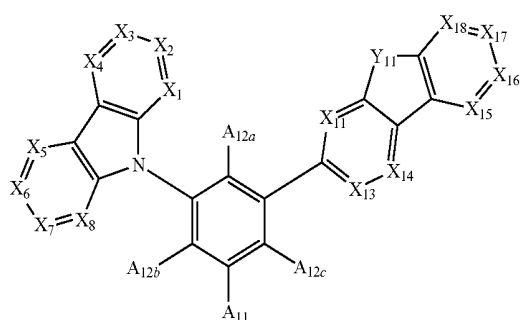
1-5



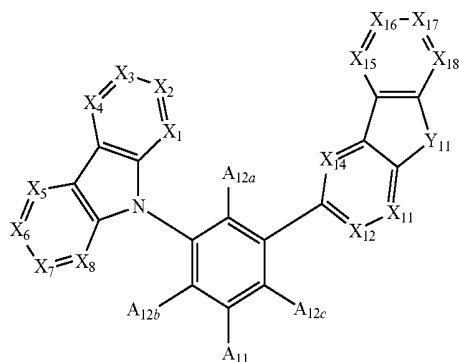
1-1



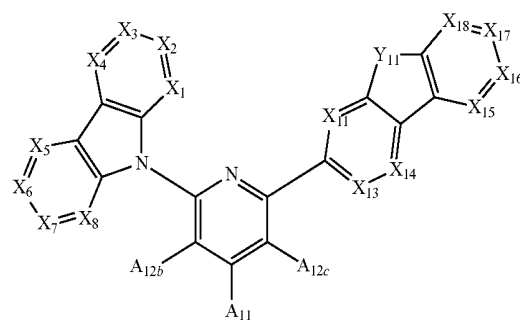
1-2



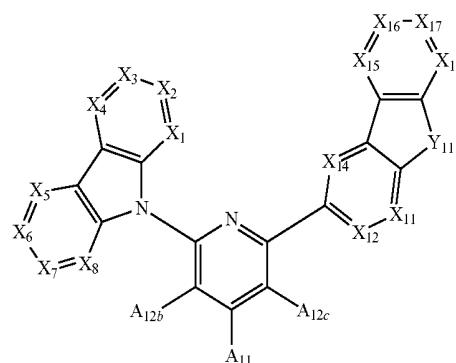
1-3



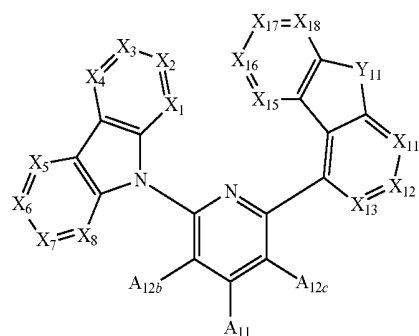
1-6



1-7

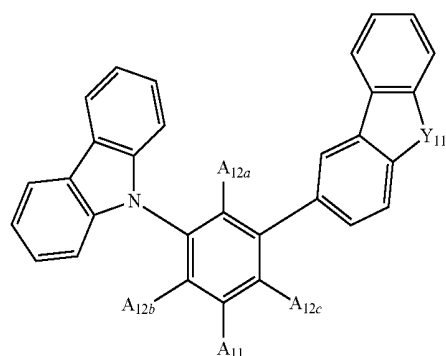


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1-8

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1-13

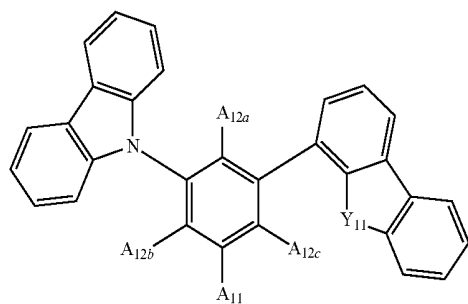
wherein, in Formulae 1-1 to 1-8,

X₁ to X₈ and A₁₁ are the same as in Formula 1;

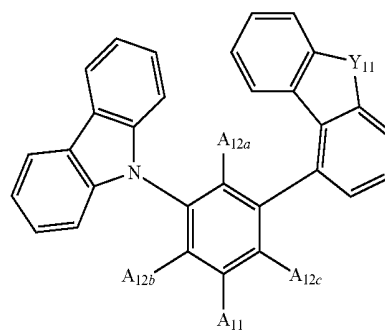
X₁₁ to X₁₈ and Y₁₁ are the same as in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4; and

A_{12a}, A_{12b}, and A_{12c} are each independently the same as A₁₂ in Formula 1.

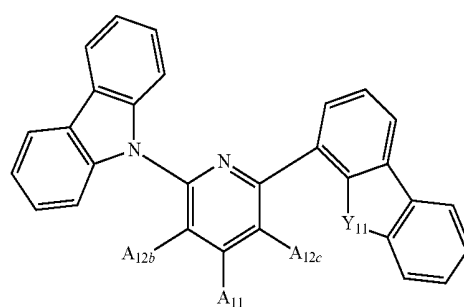
15. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 is represented by one of Formulae 1-11 to 1-18, 1-21 to 1-28, and 1-31 to 1-38:



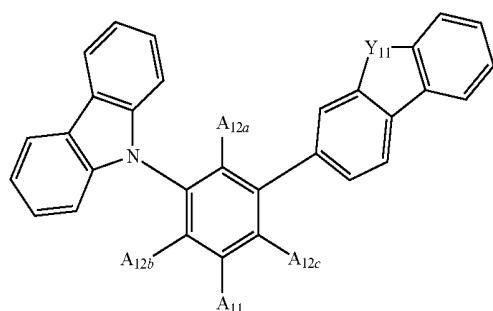
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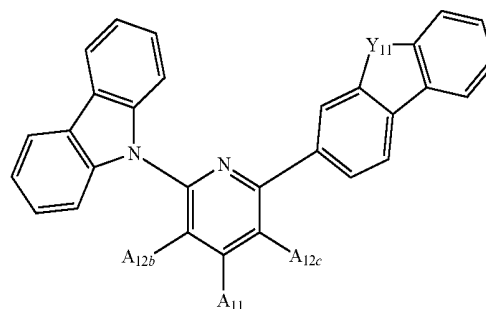
1-14



1-15

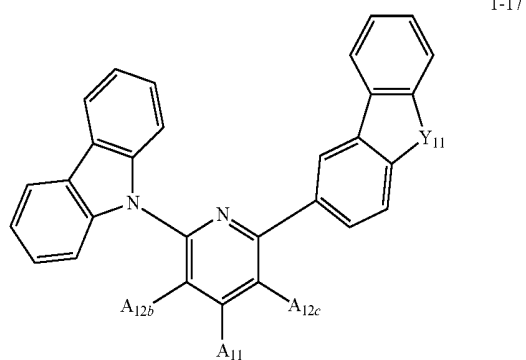


1-12

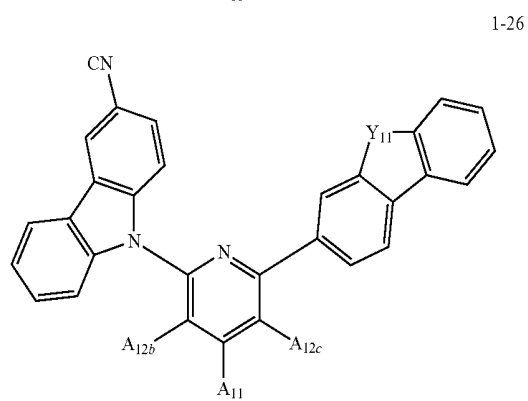
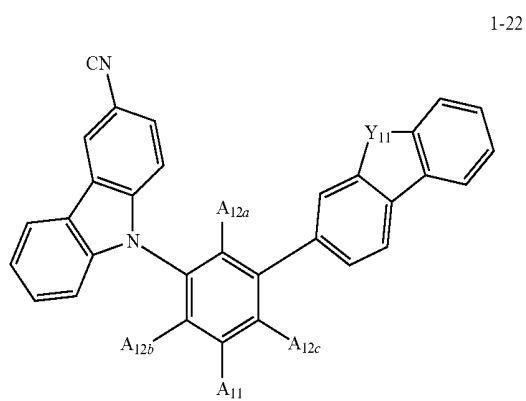
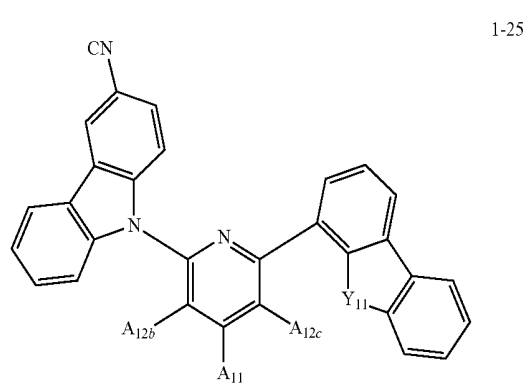
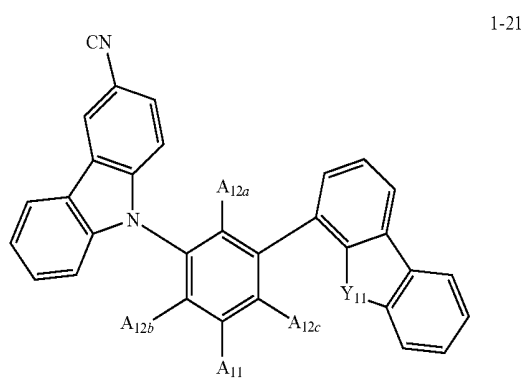
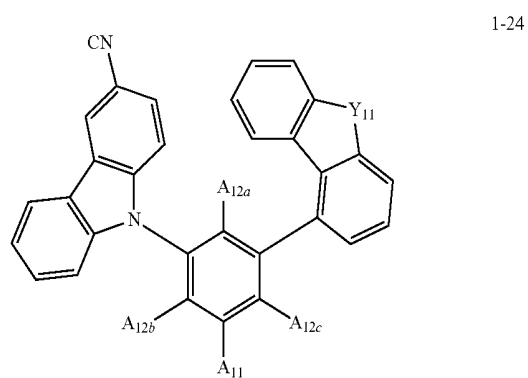
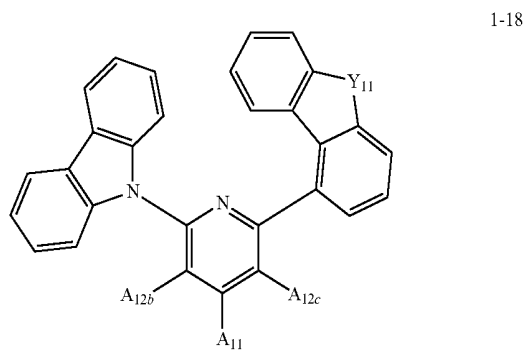
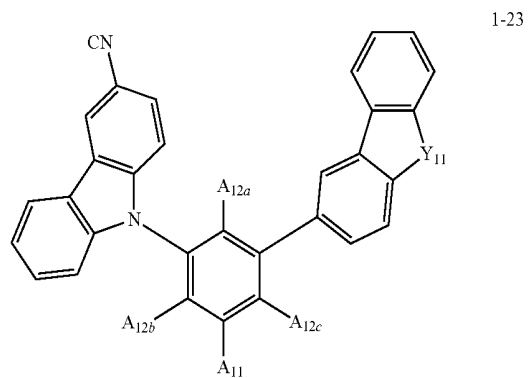


1-16

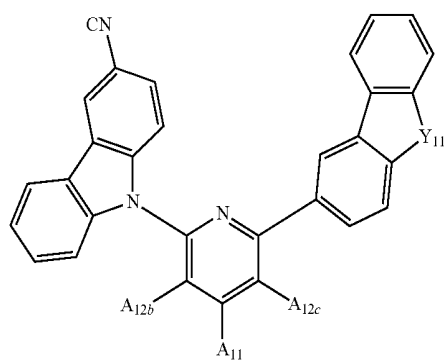
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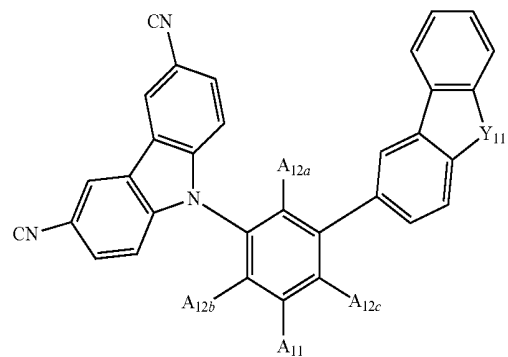


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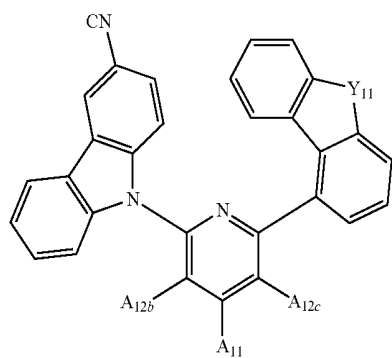


1-27

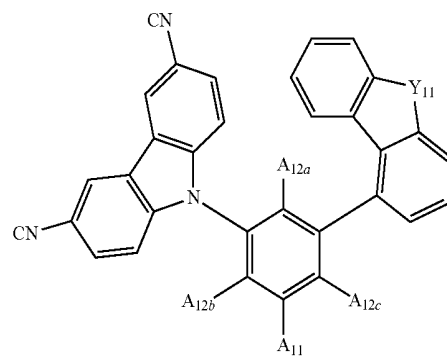
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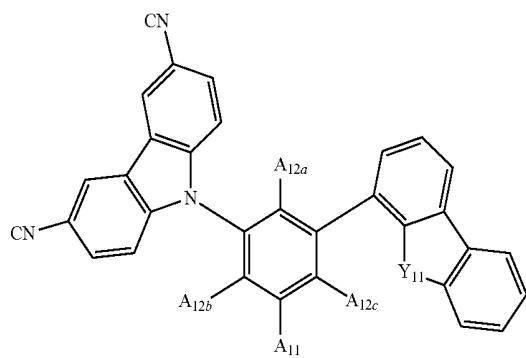
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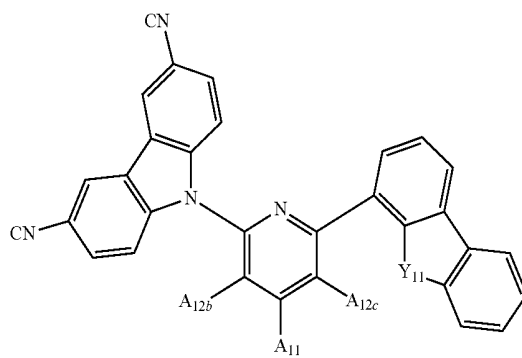
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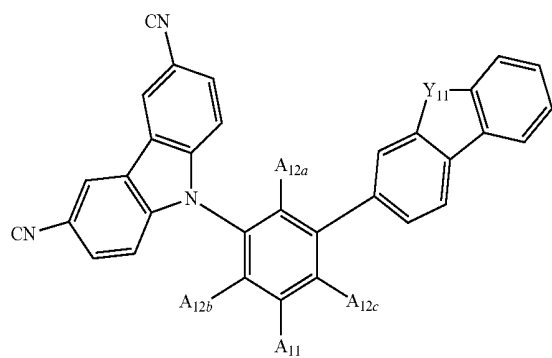
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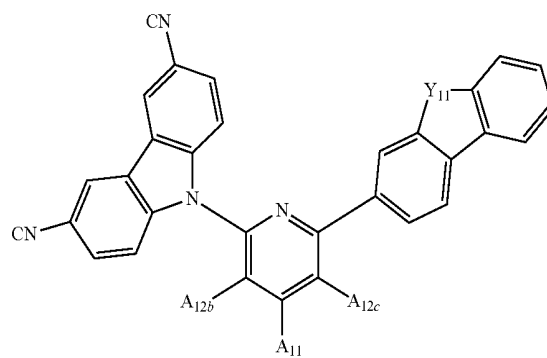
1-31



1-35

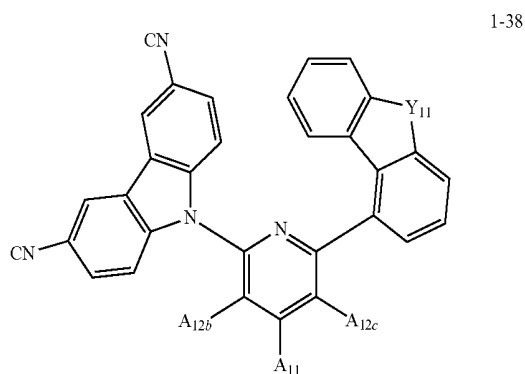
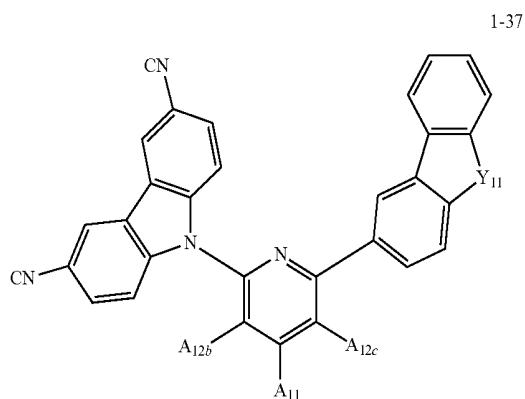


1-32

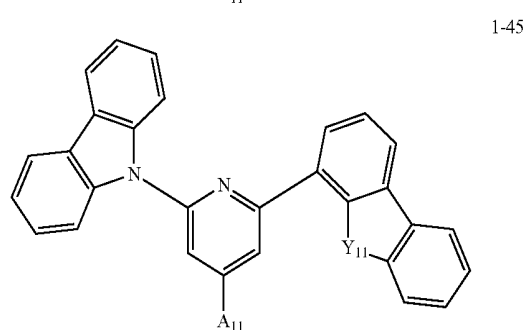
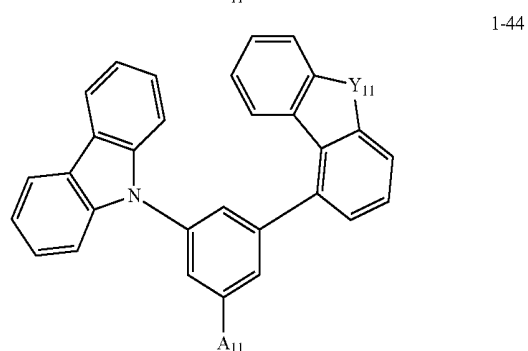
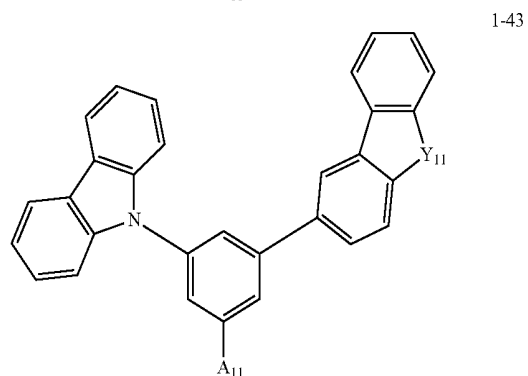
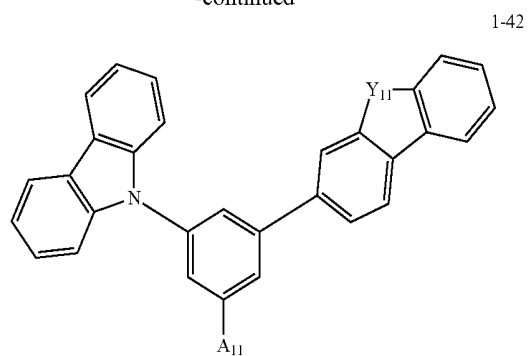


1-36

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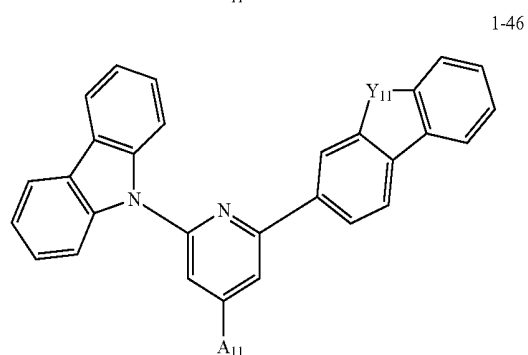
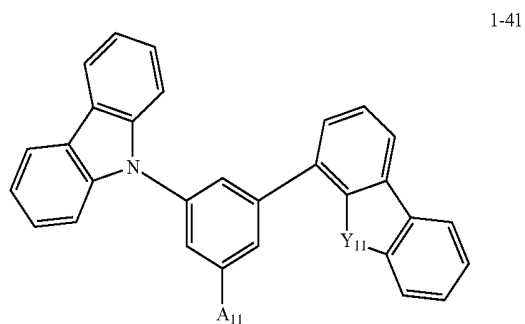
wherein, in Formulae 1-11 to 1-18, 1-21 to 1-28, and 1-31 to 1-38,

A_{11} is the same as in Formula 1;

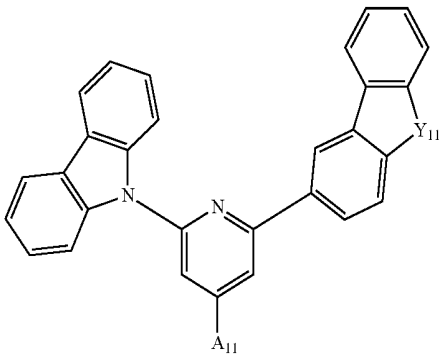
Y_{11} is the same as in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4; and

A_{12a} , A_{12b} , and A_{12c} are each independently the same as A_{12} in Formula 1.

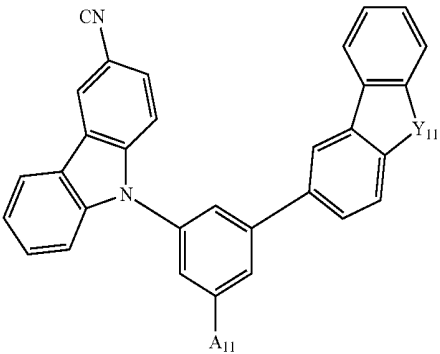
16. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 is represented by one of Formulae 1-41 to 1-48, 1-51 to 1-58, and 1-61 to 1-68:



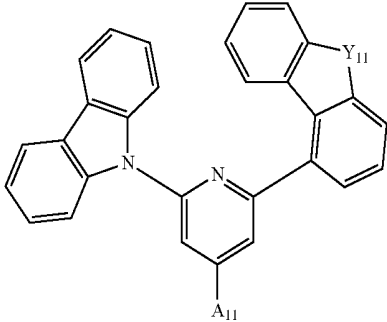
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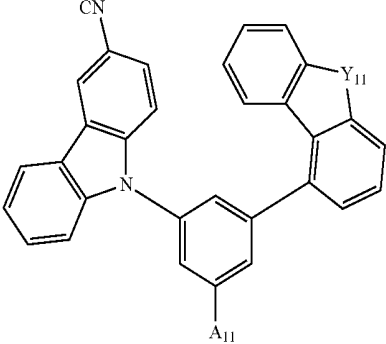
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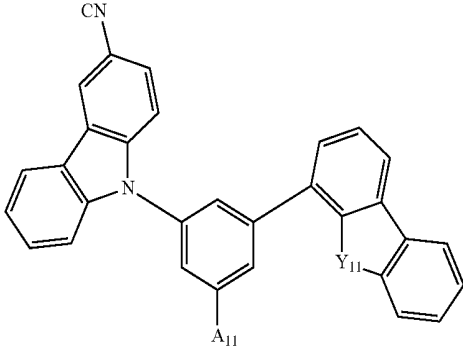
1-48



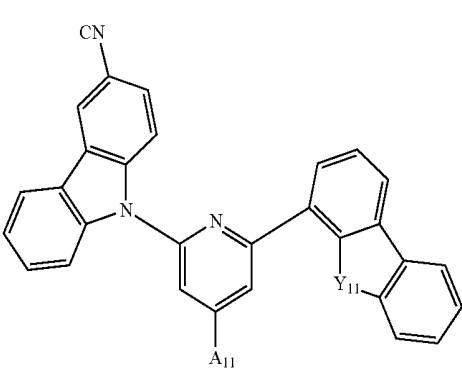
1-54



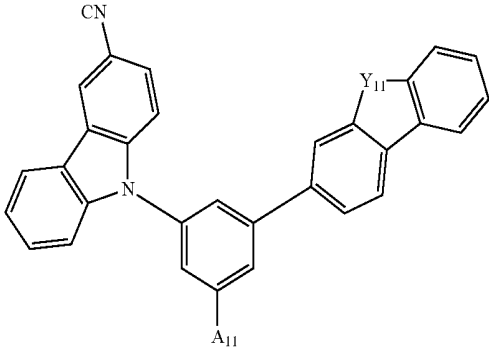
1-51



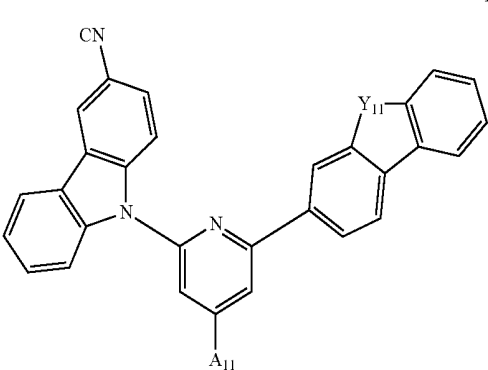
1-55



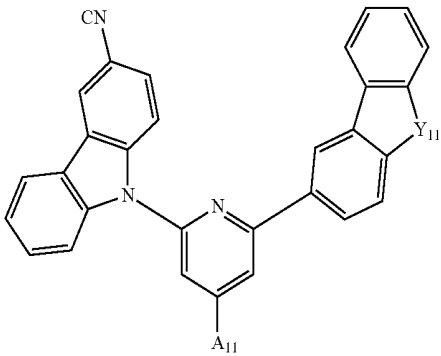
1-52



1-56

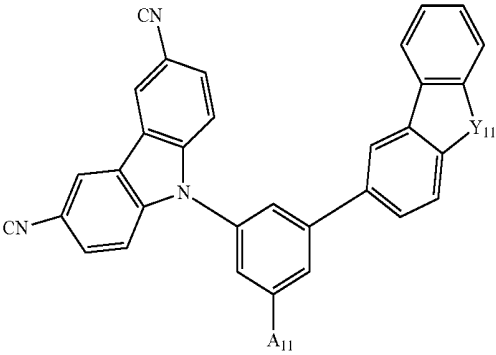


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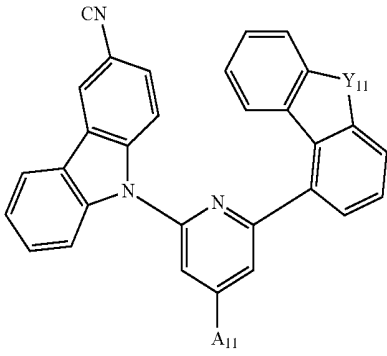


1-57

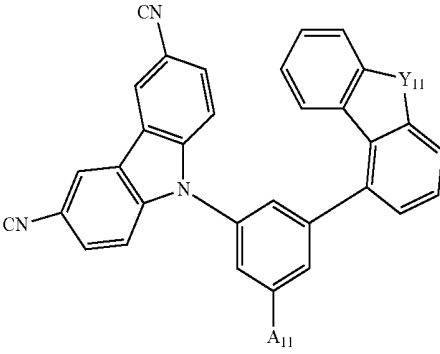
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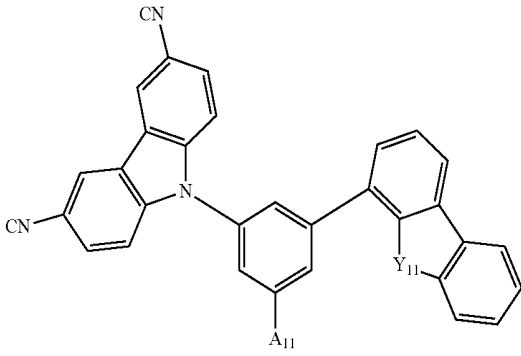
1-63



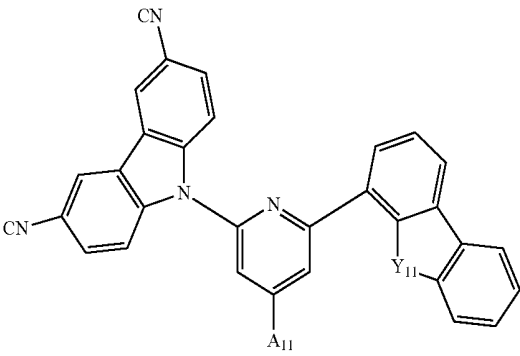
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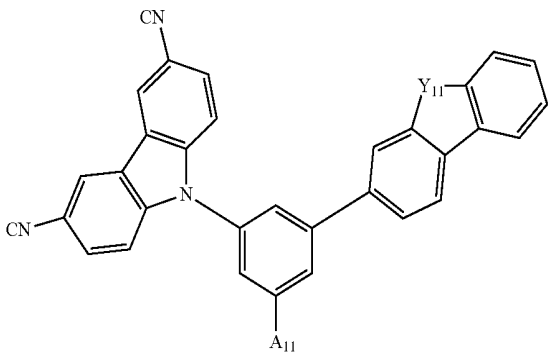
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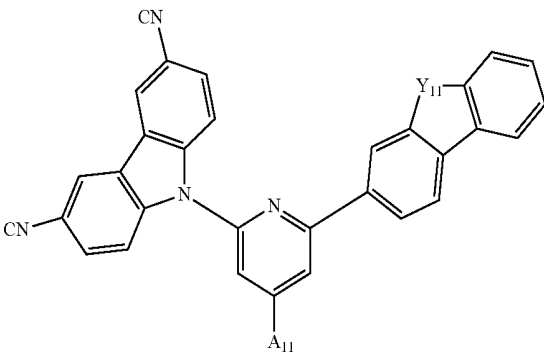
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1-65



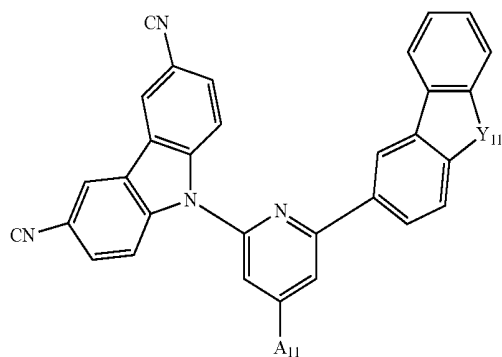
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1-66

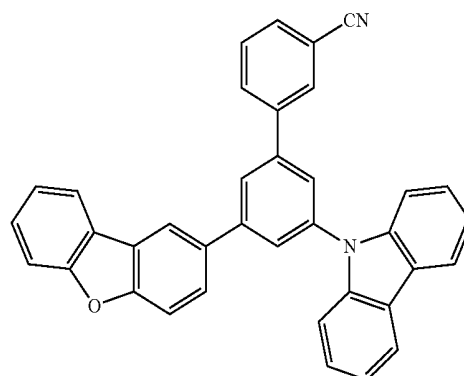
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1-67



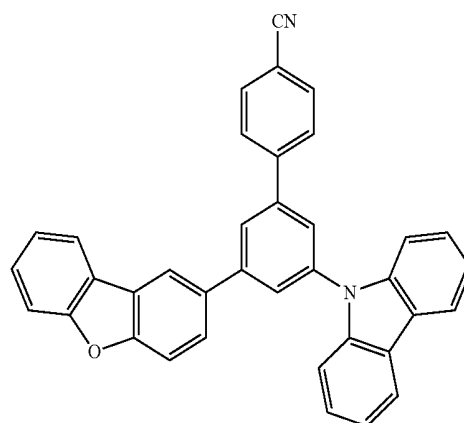
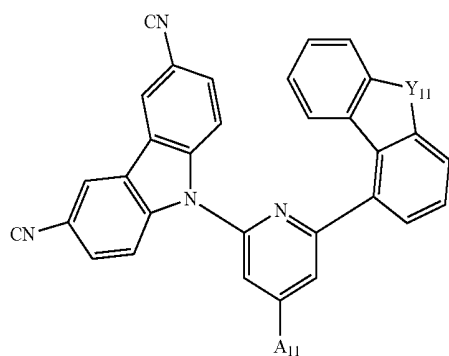
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2



3

1-68



4

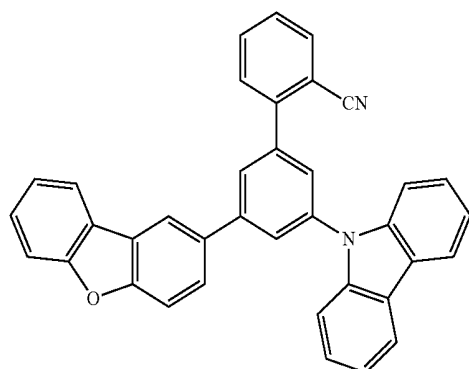
wherein, in Formulae 1-41 to 1-48, 1-51 to 1-58, and 1-61 to 1-68,

A₁₁ is the same as in Formula 1; and

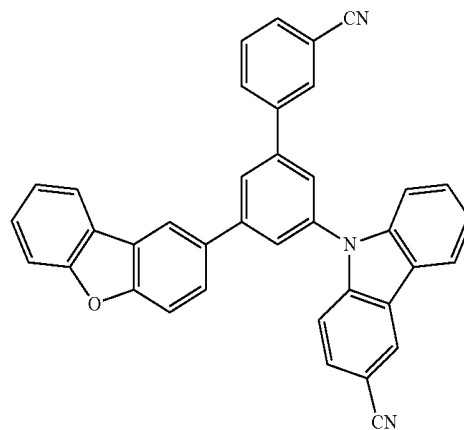
Y₁ is the same as in Formulae 10-1 to 10-4.

17. The condensed-cyclic compound of claim 1, wherein the condensed-cyclic compound represented by Formula 1 is selected from Compounds 1 to 90:

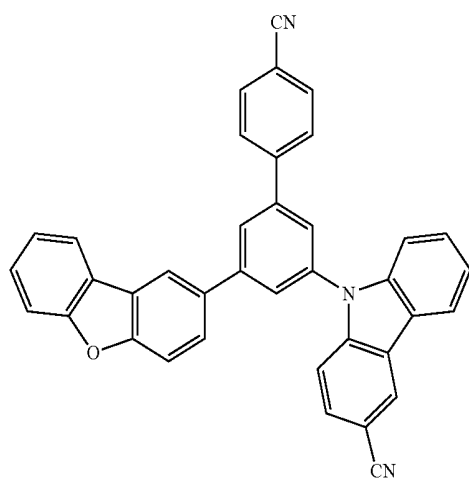
1



5

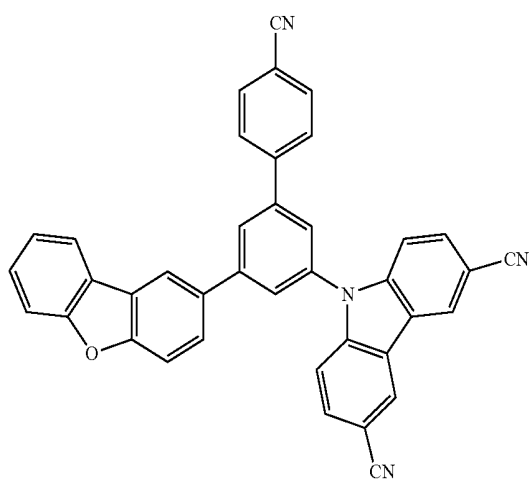


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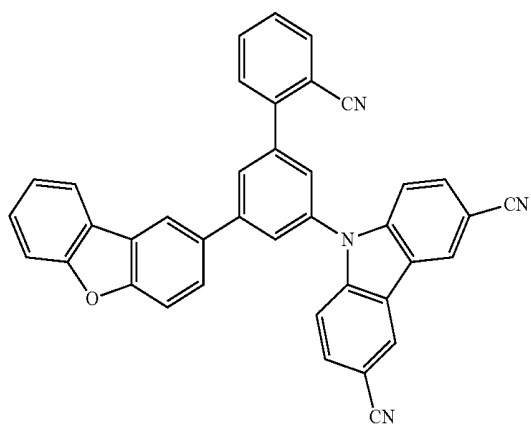


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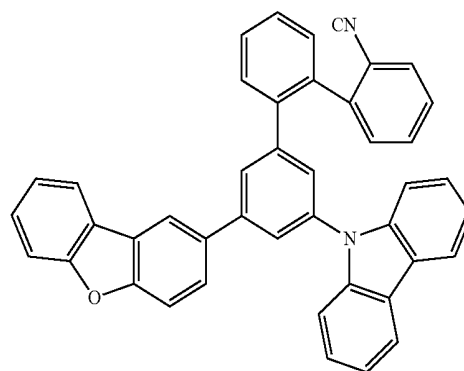
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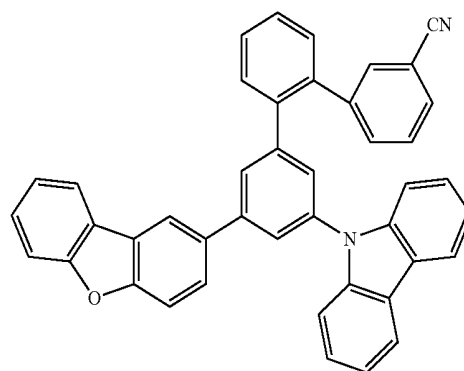
9



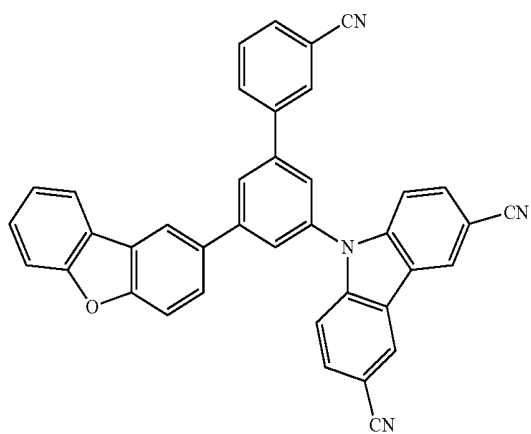
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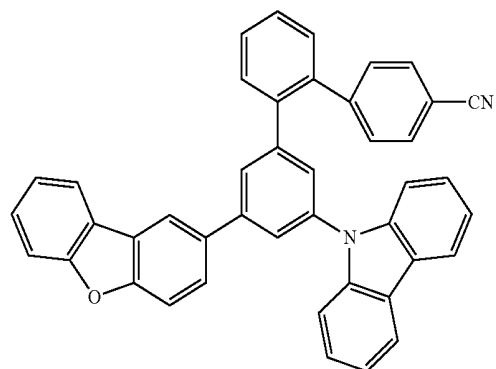
10



11

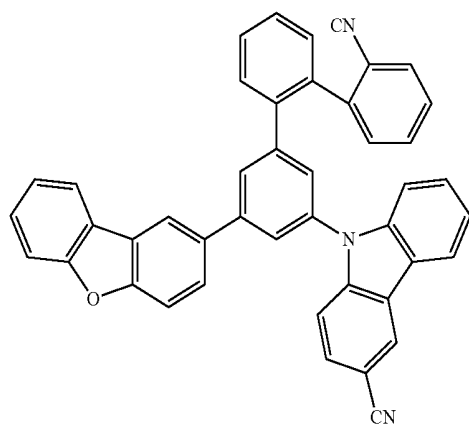


8



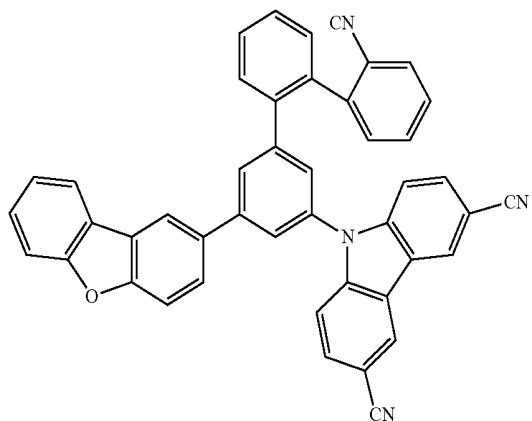
12

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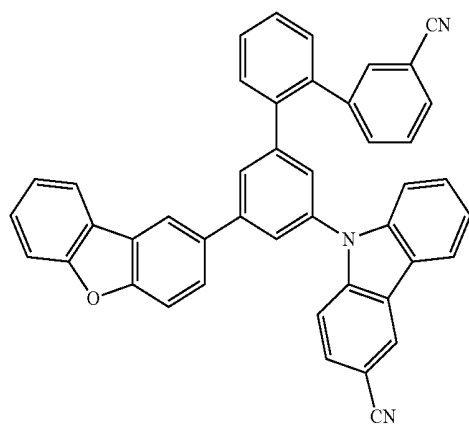


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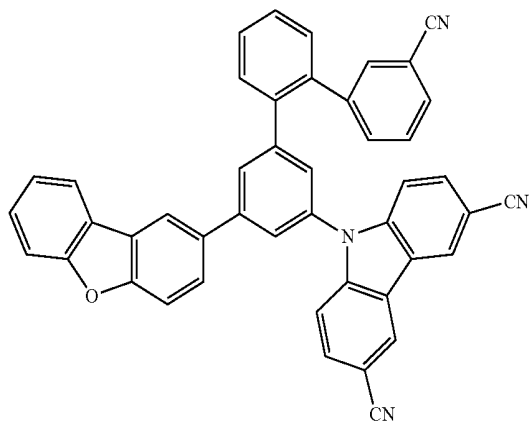
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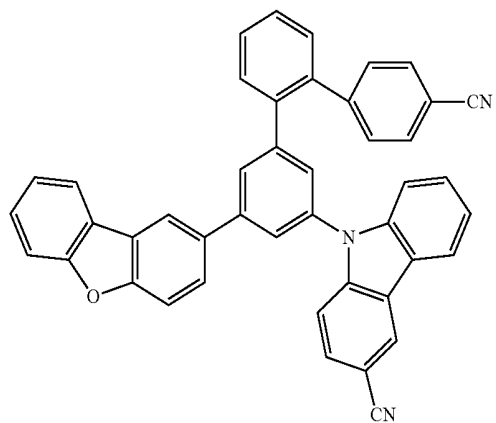
16



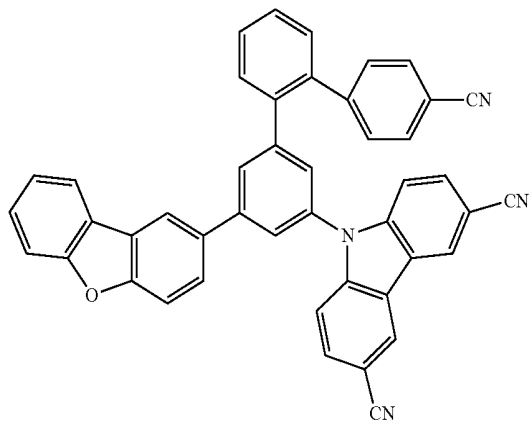
14



17

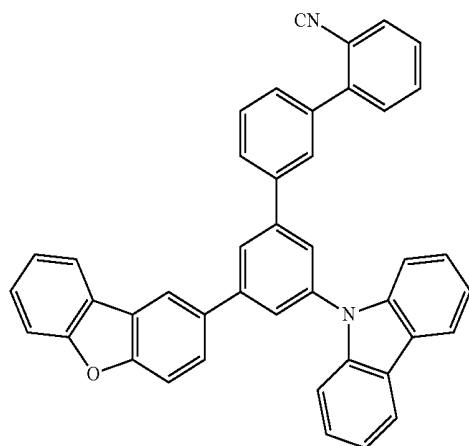


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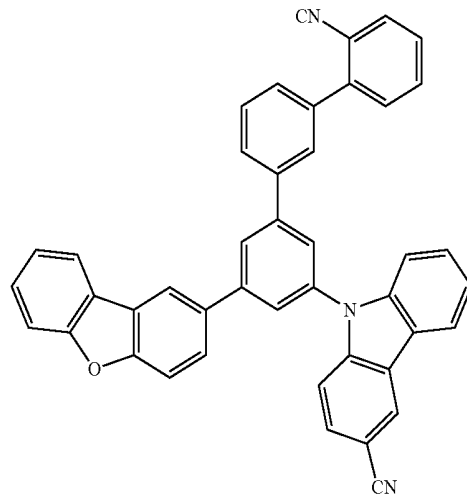


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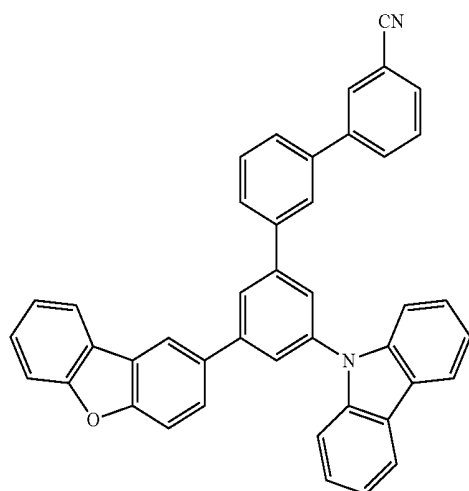
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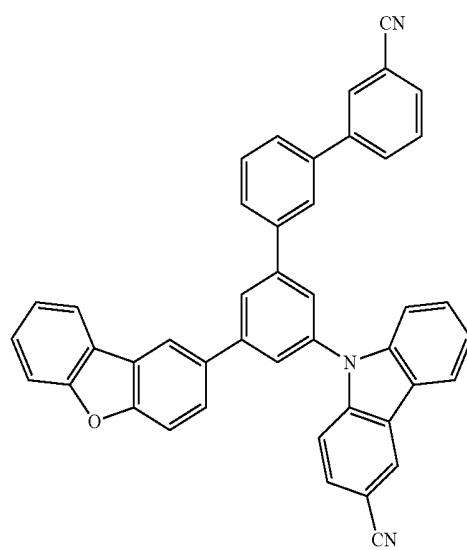
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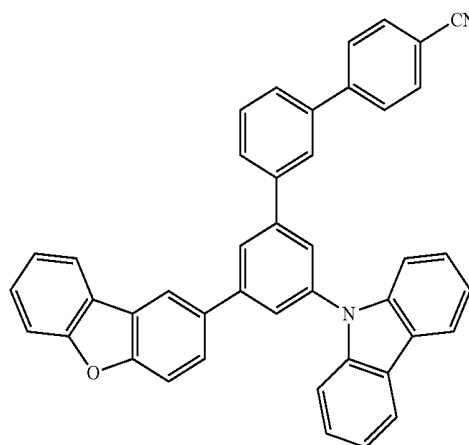
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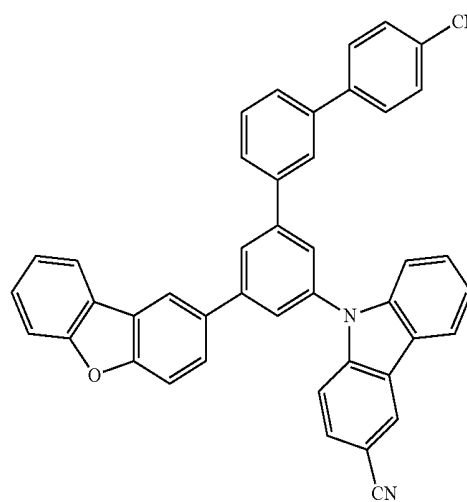
23



21

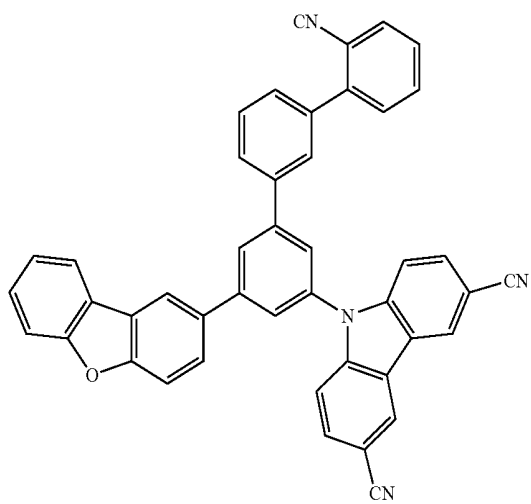


24

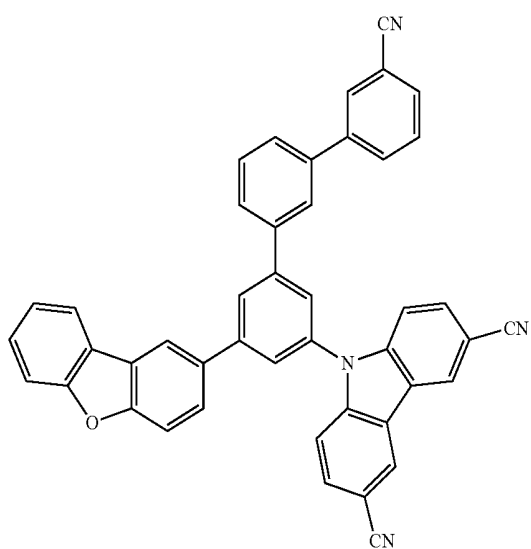


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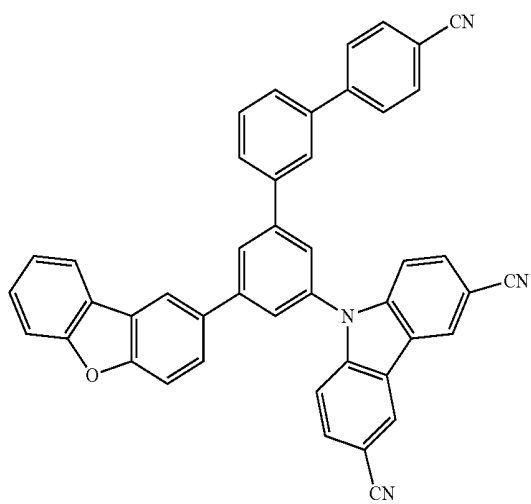
25



26

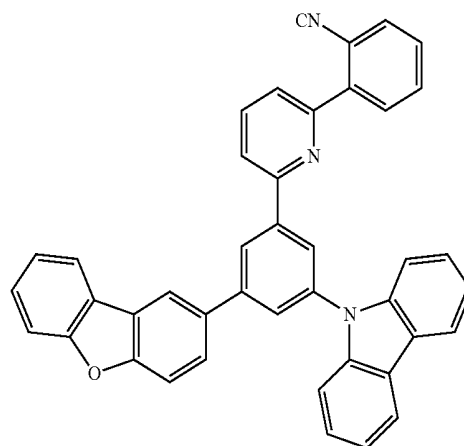


27

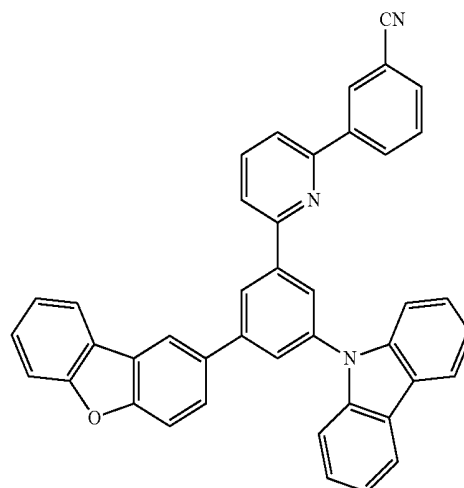


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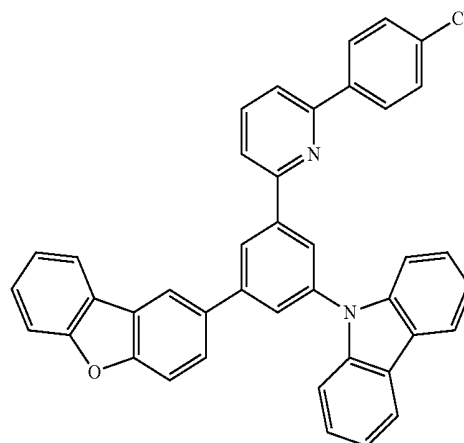
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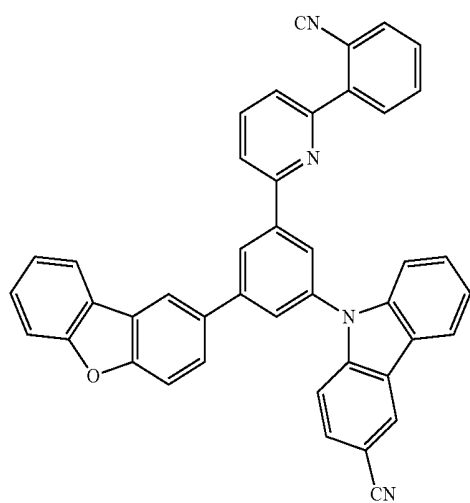
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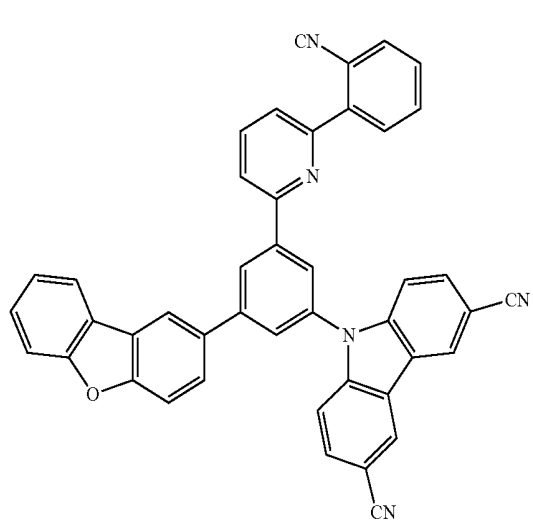
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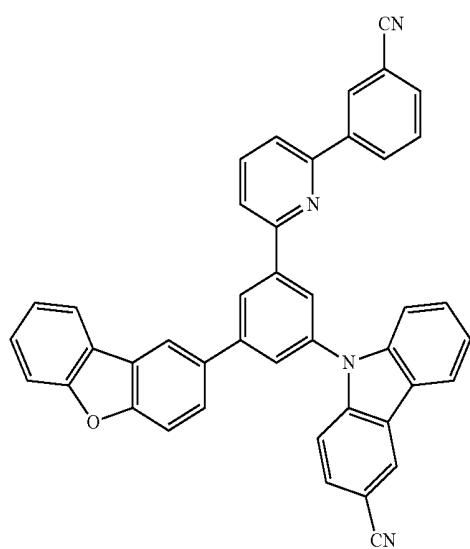
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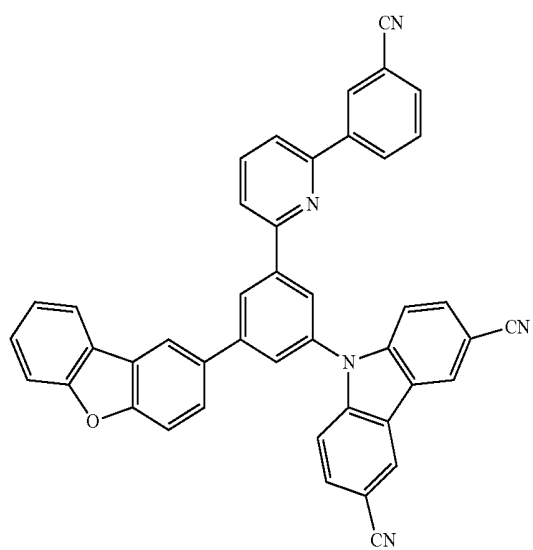
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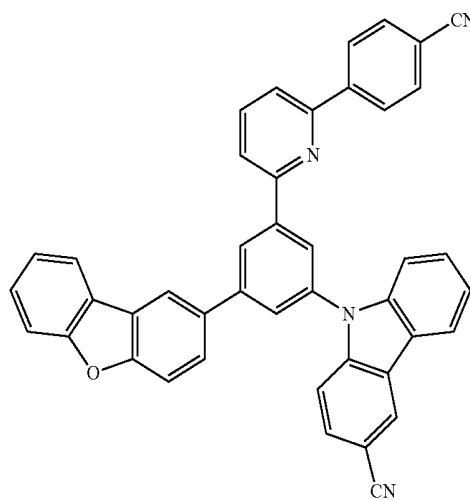
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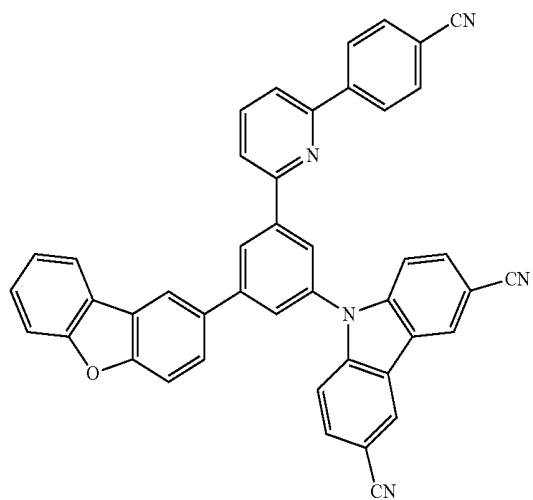
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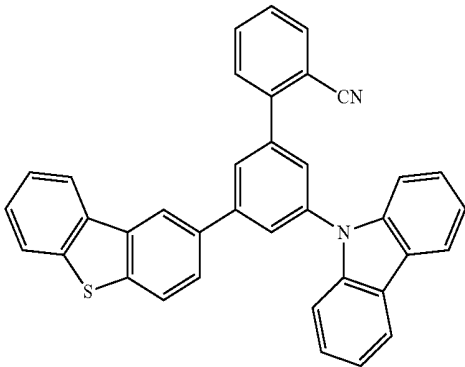
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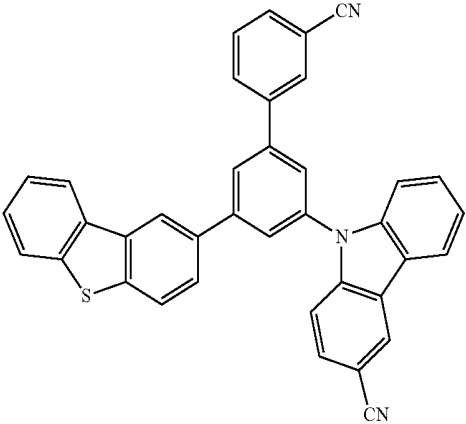


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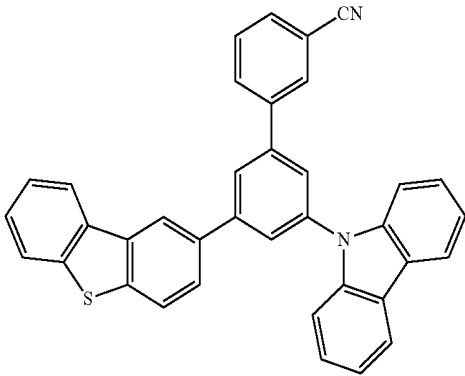


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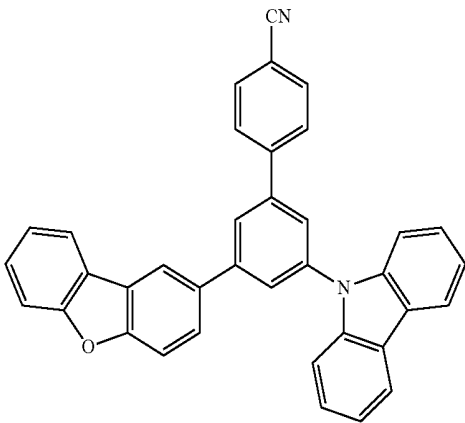
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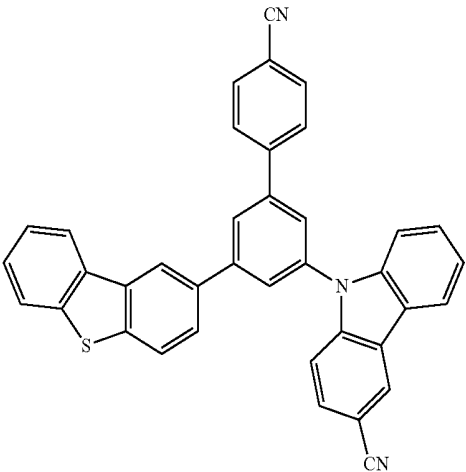
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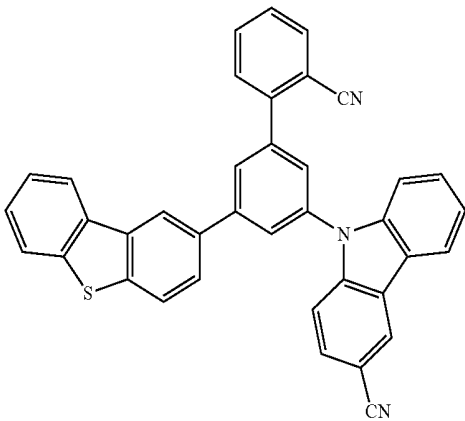
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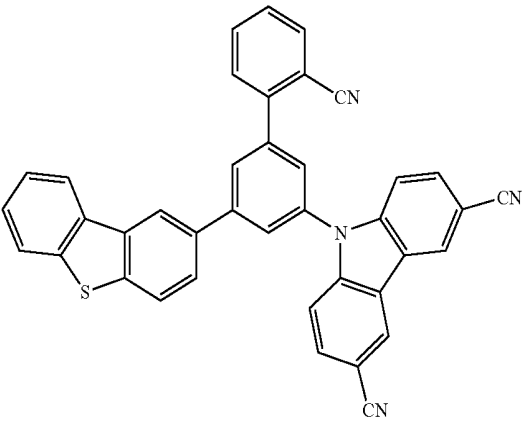
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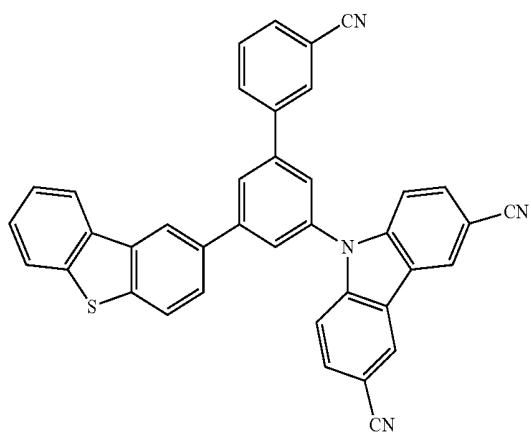
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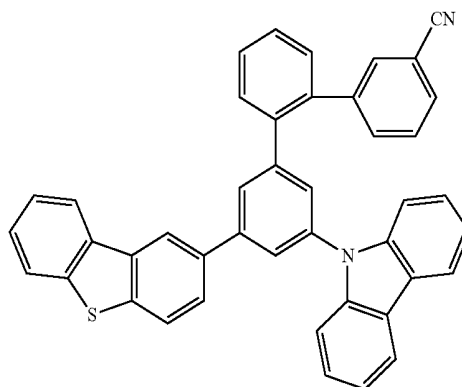
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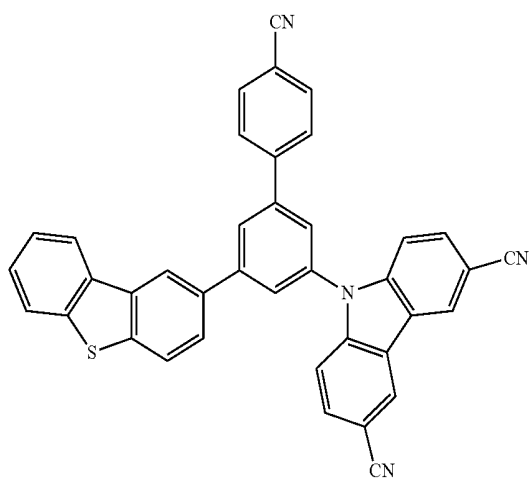


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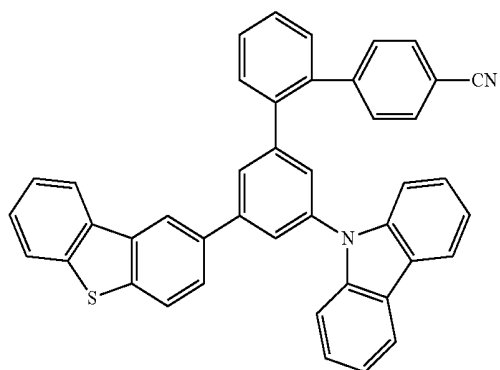
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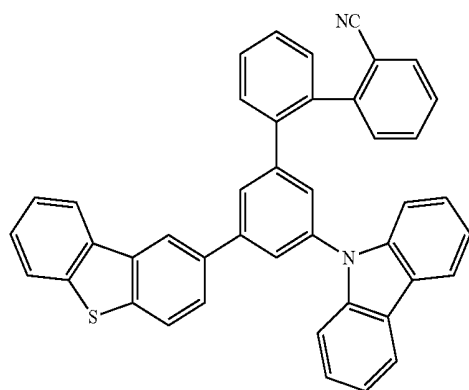
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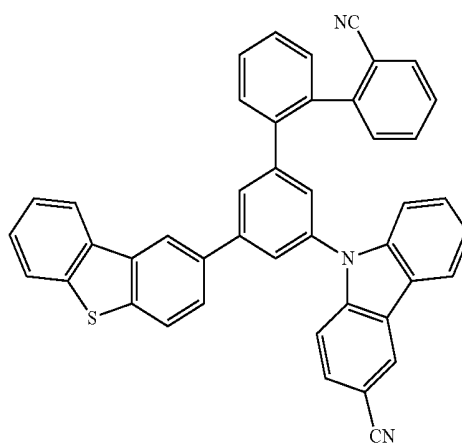
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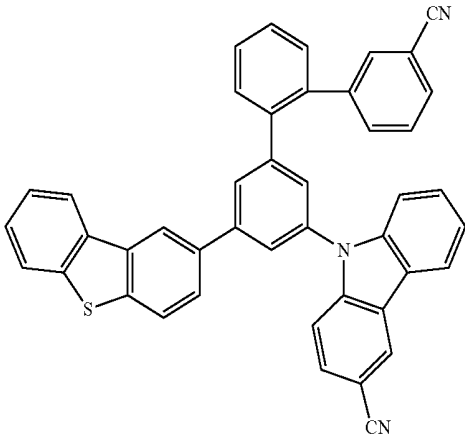
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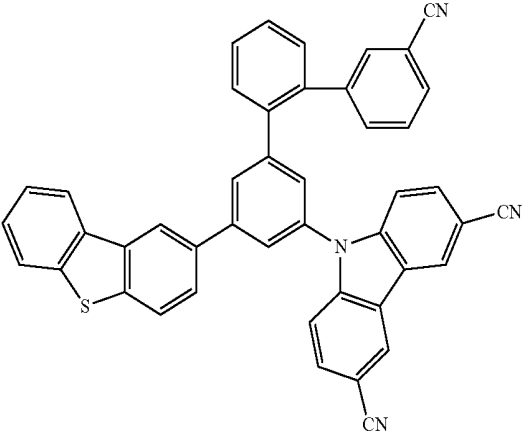


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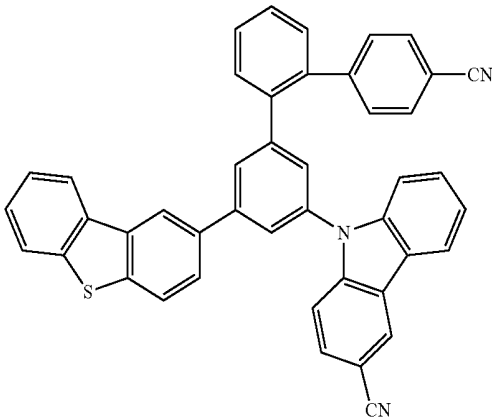


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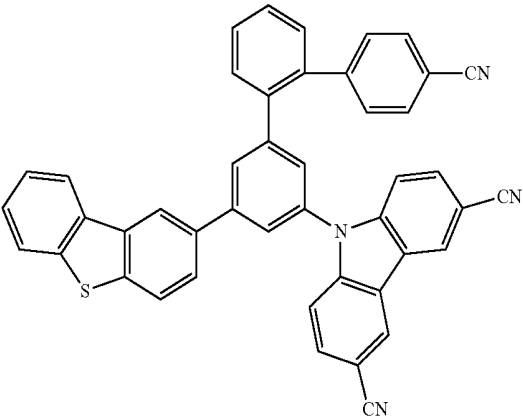
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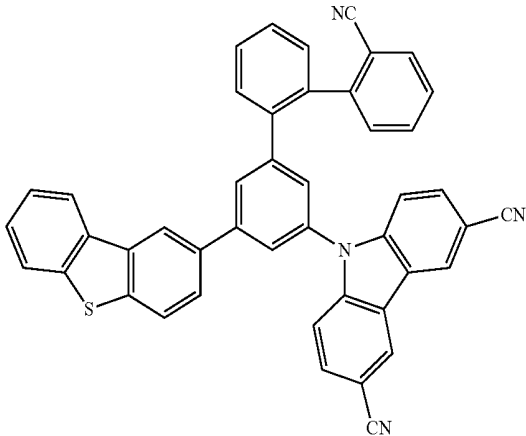
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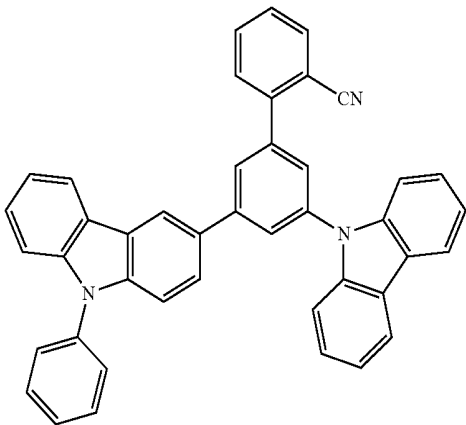
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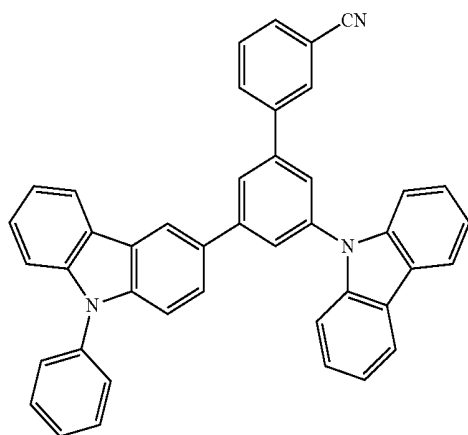


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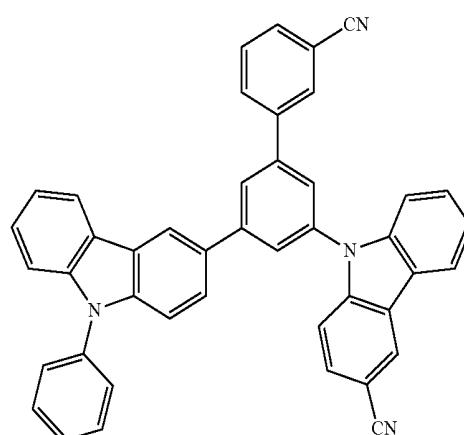
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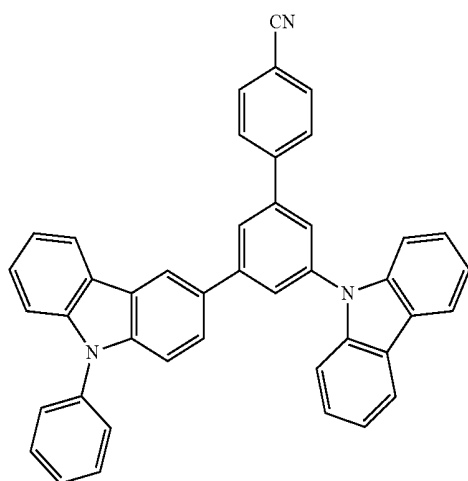
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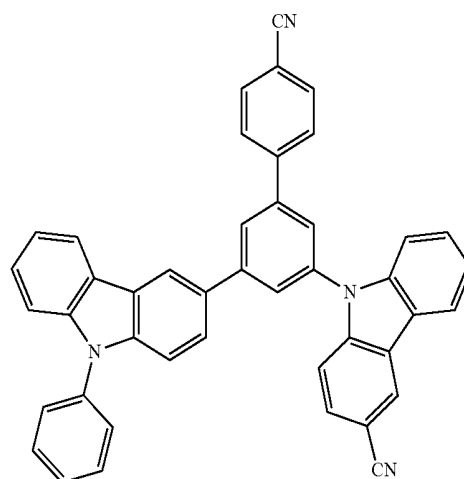


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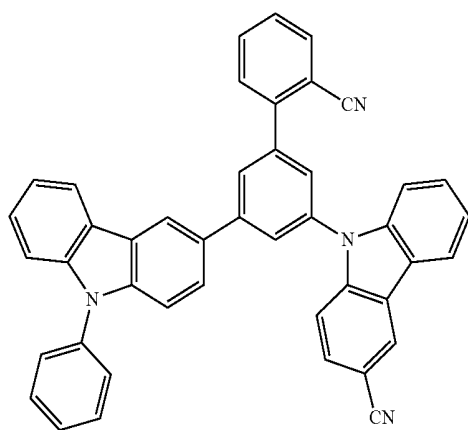
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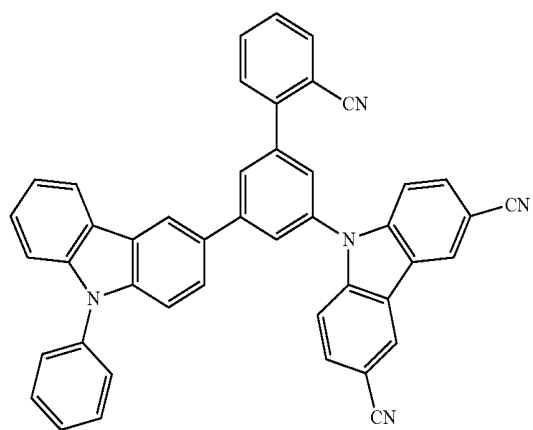
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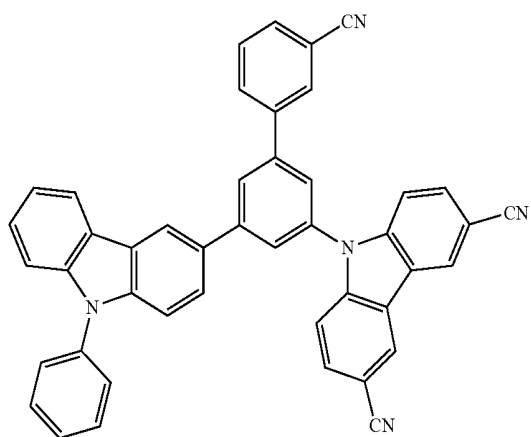


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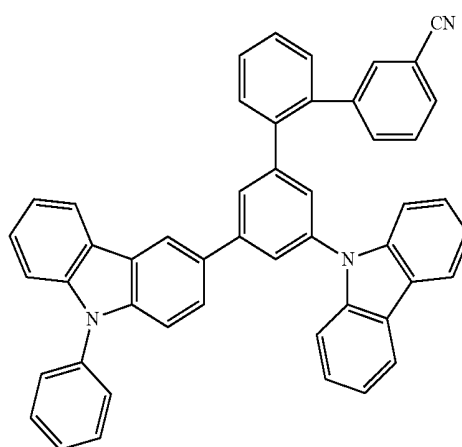
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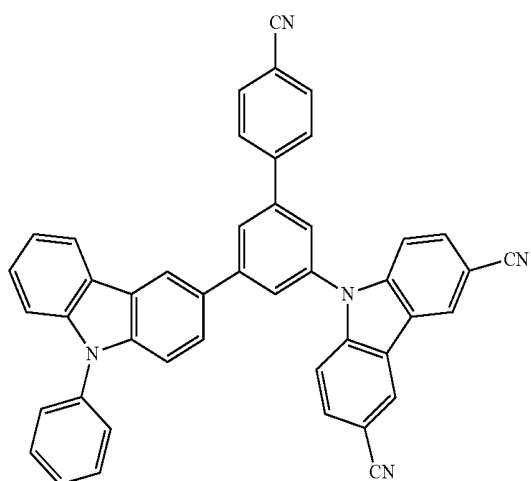


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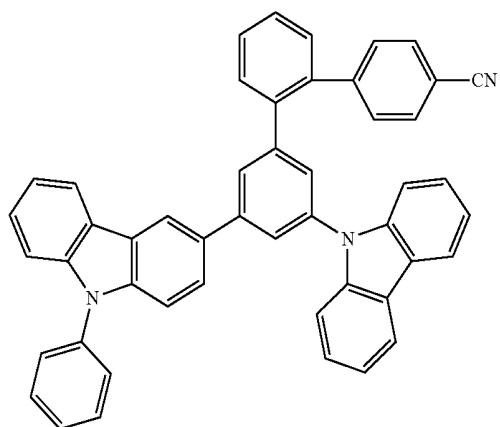
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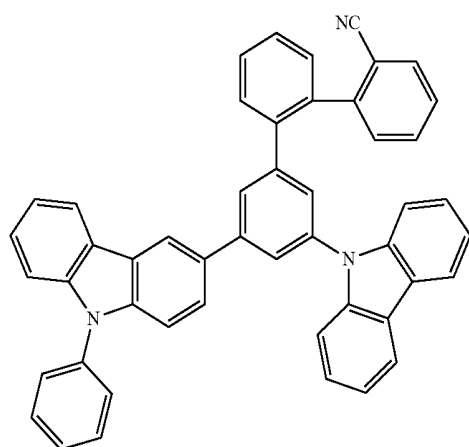
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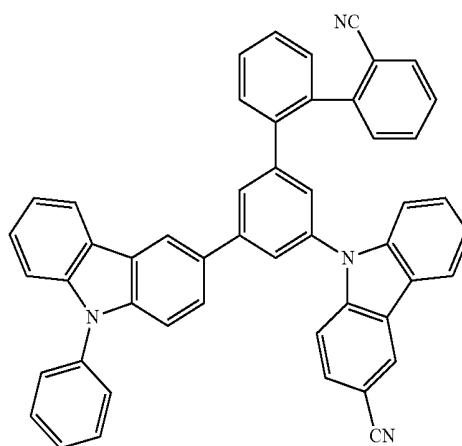
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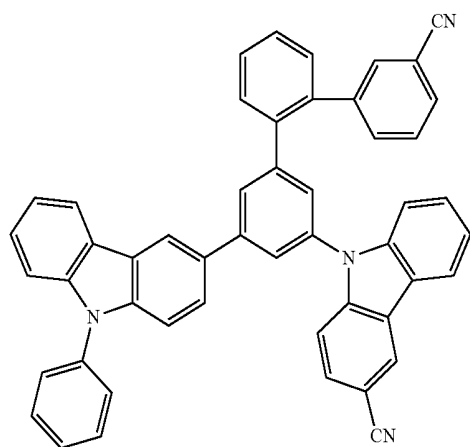
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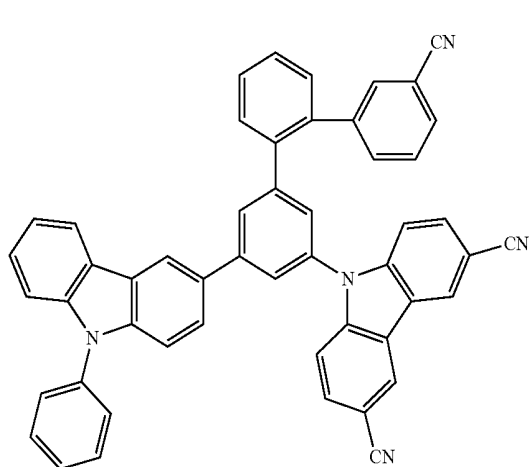


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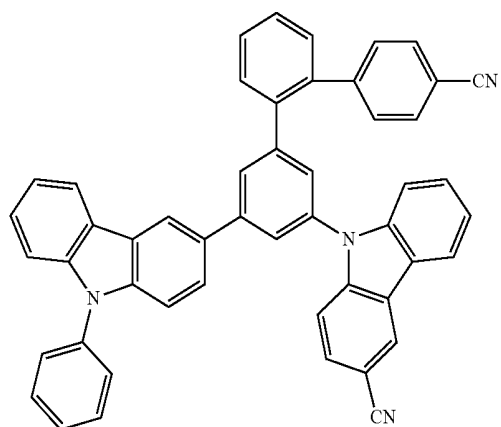
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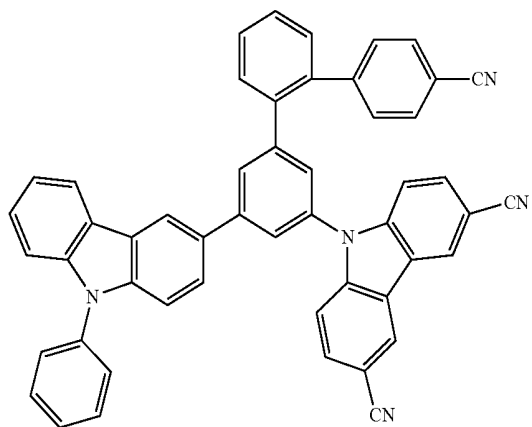


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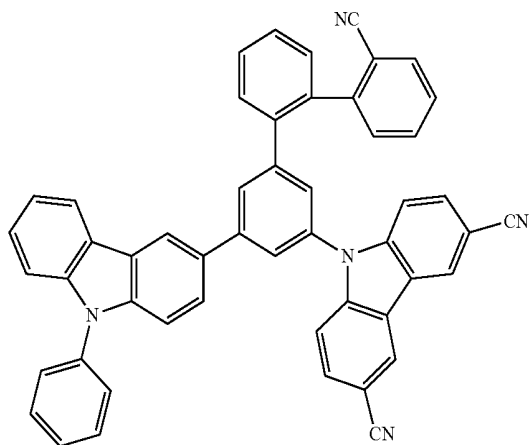
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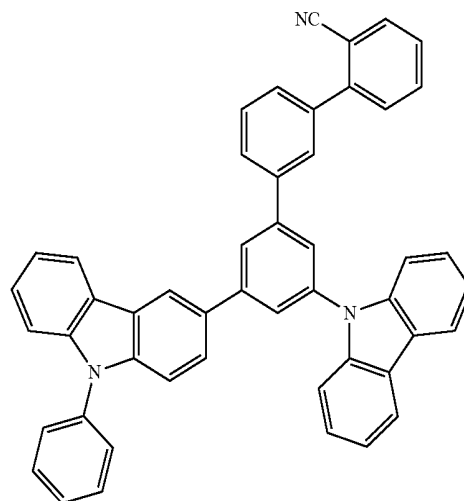
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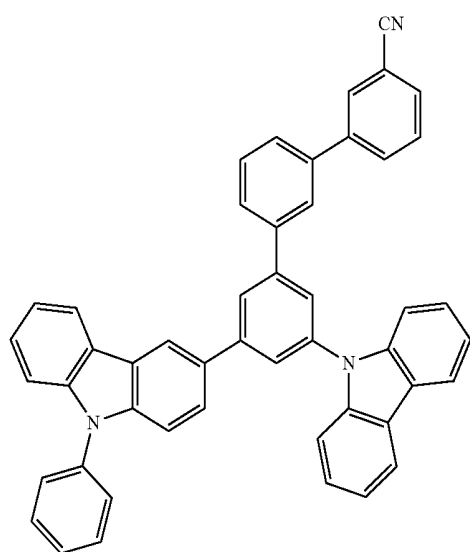
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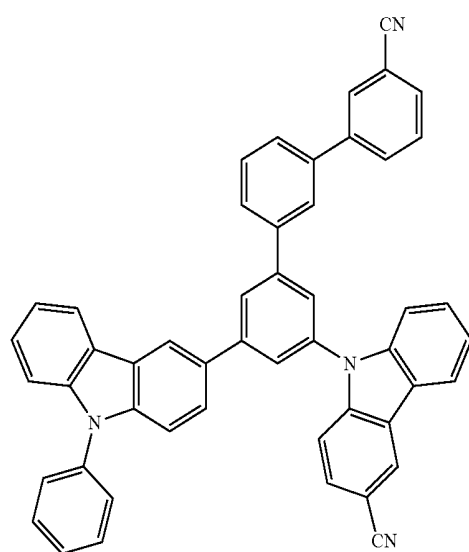


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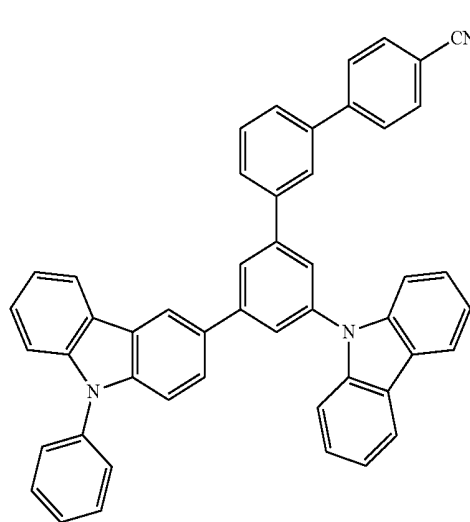


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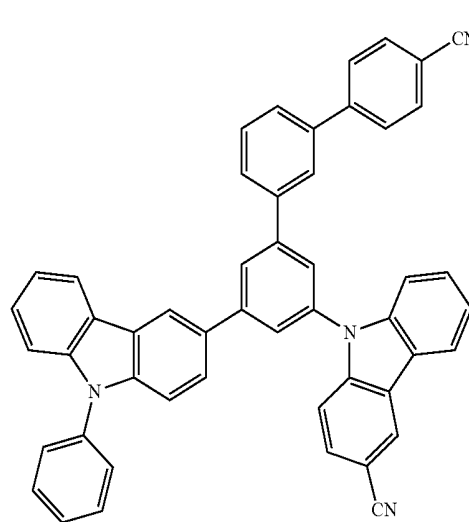
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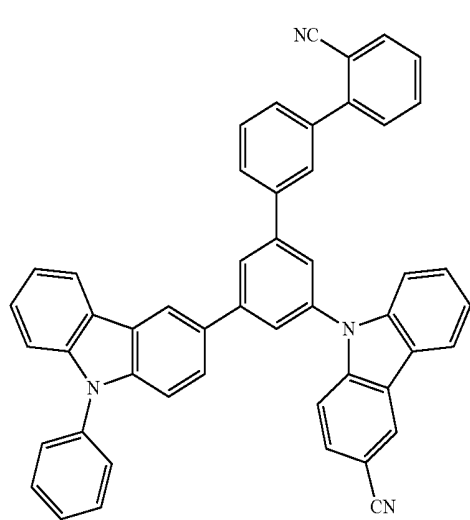
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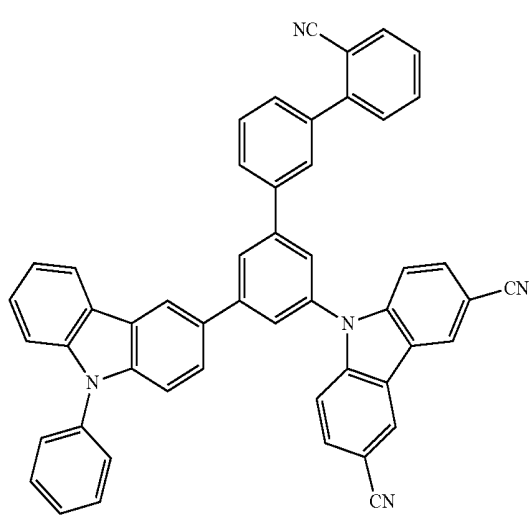
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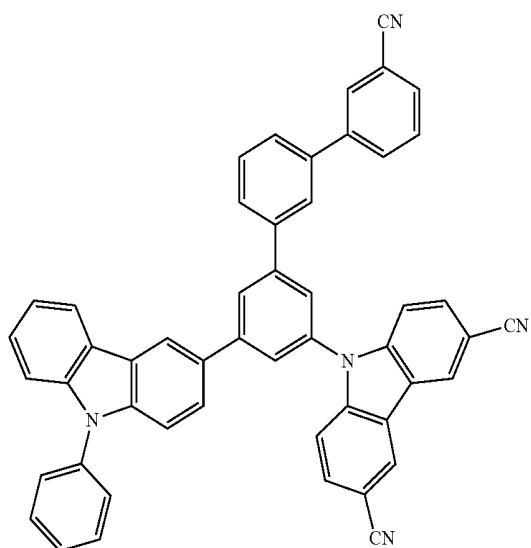
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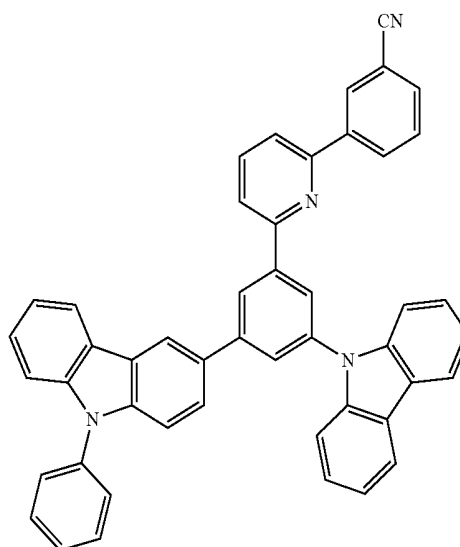
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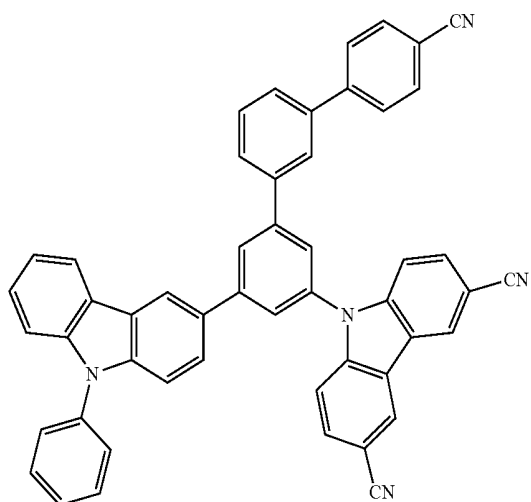


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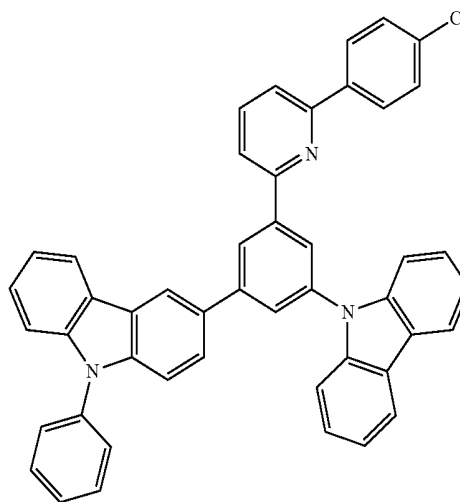
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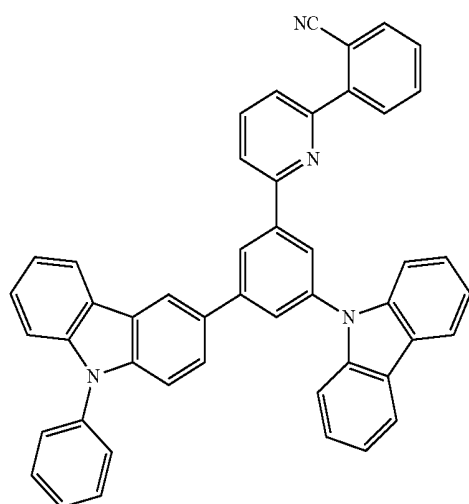
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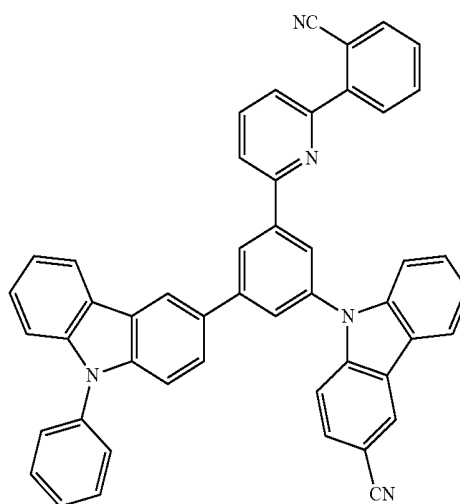
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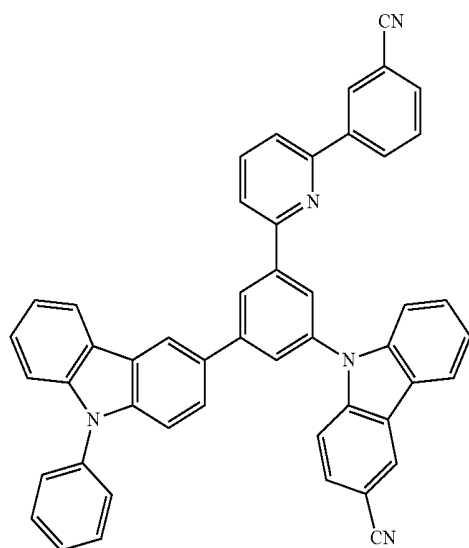


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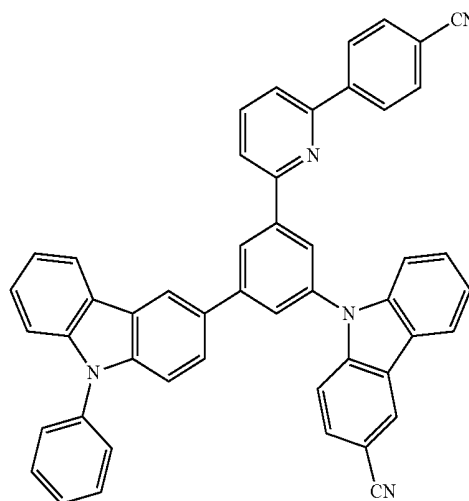


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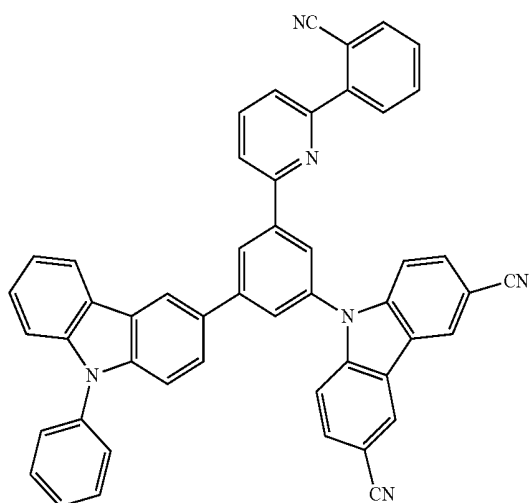
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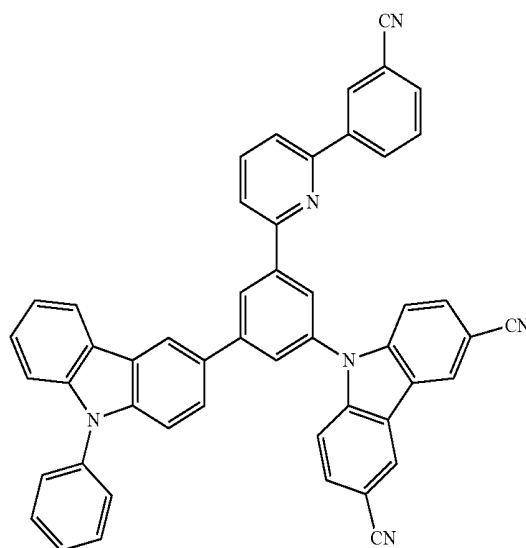


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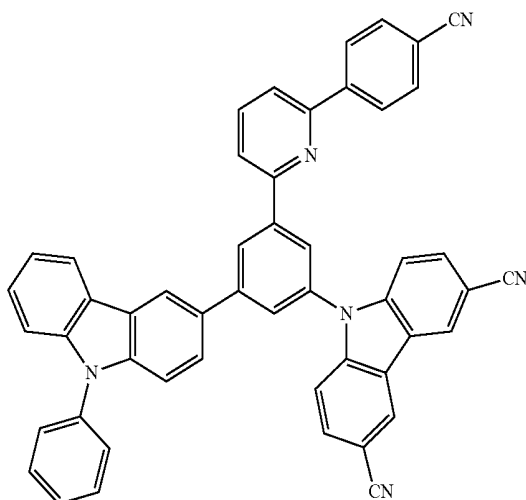


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18. An organic light-emitting device comprising:

a first electrode;

a second electrode; and

an organic layer disposed between the first electrode and the second electrode,

wherein the organic layer comprises an emission layer and at least one condensed-cyclic compound of Formula 1 of claim 1.

19. The organic light-emitting device of claim 18, wherein the emission layer comprises the at least one condensed-cyclic compound of Formula 1.

20. The organic light-emitting device of claim 19, wherein the emission layer further comprises a phosphorescent dopant.

* * * * *

专利名称(译)	缩合环状化合物和包括其的有机发光器件		
公开(公告)号	US20170054082A1	公开(公告)日	2017-02-23
申请号	US15/093412	申请日	2016-04-07
[标]申请(专利权)人(译)	三星电子株式会社		
申请(专利权)人(译)	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO. , LTD. 三星SDI CO. , LTD.		
当前申请(专利权)人(译)	SAMSUNG ELECTRONICS CO. , LTD. 三星SDI CO. , LTD.		
[标]发明人	KIM HYUNJUNG CHAE MIYOUNG KIM SANGMO JEON SOONOK CHUNG YEONSOOK HUH DALHO LEE NAMHEON		
发明人	KIM, HYUNJUNG CHAE, MIYOUNG KIM, SANGMO JEON, SOONOK CHUNG, YEONSOOK HUH, DALHO LEE, NAMHEON		
IPC分类号	H01L51/00 C09K11/02 C07D401/10 C07D405/10		
CPC分类号	H01L51/0072 C07D405/10 H01L51/5016 C09K11/025 C07D401/10 H01L51/0073		
优先权	1020150117335 2015-08-20 KR		
其他公开文献	US10193082		
外部链接	Espacenet USPTO		

摘要(译)

由式1表示的稠环化合物：其中，在公式1中，Ar 11，X 1到X 8，Z 11到Z 14与说明书中描述的相同。

